



## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification <sup>6</sup> :  C12N 15/31, C07K 14/315, 16/12, C12N 5/18, 1/21, A61K 39/09, C12Q 1/68, G01N 33/50		A2	(11) International Publication Number: <b>WO 98/18930</b>
			(43) International Publication Date: 7 May 1998 (07.05.98)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US97/19422		(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).	
(22) International Filing Date: 30 October 1997 (30.10.97)			
(30) Priority Data: 60/029,960 31 October 1996 (31.10.96) US			
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(54) Title: **STREPTOCOCCUS PNEUMONIAE ANTIGENS AND VACCINES**

## (57) Abstract

The present invention relates to novel vaccines for the prevention or attenuation of infection by *Streptococcus pneumoniae*. The invention further relates to isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding antigenic polypeptides of *Streptococcus pneumoniae*. Antigenic polypeptides are also provided, as are vectors, host cells and recombinant methods for producing the same. The invention additionally relates to diagnostic methods for detecting *Streptococcus* nucleic acids, polypeptides and antibodies in a biological sample.

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## *Streptococcus pneumoniae* Antigens and Vaccines

### *Field of the Invention*

The present invention relates to novel *Streptococcus pneumoniae* antigens for the detection of *Streptococcus* and for the prevention or attenuation of disease caused by *Streptococcus*. The invention further relates to isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding antigenic polypeptides of *S. pneumoniae*. Antigenic polypeptides are also provided, as are vectors, host cells and recombinant methods for producing the same. The invention additionally relates to diagnostic methods for detecting *Streptococcus* gene expression.

### *Background of the Invention*

*Streptococcus pneumoniae* has been one of the most extensively studied microorganisms since its first isolation in 1881. It was the object of many investigations that led to important scientific discoveries. In 1928, Griffith observed that when heat-killed encapsulated pneumococci and live strains constitutively lacking any capsule were concomitantly injected into mice, the nonencapsulated could be converted into encapsulated pneumococci with the same capsular type as the heat-killed strain. Years later, the nature of this "transforming principle," or carrier of genetic information, was shown to be DNA. (Avery, O.T., *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.*, 79:137-157 (1944)).

In spite of the vast number of publications on *S. pneumoniae* many questions about its virulence are still unanswered, and this pathogen remains a major causative agent of serious human disease, especially community-acquired pneumonia. (Johnston, R.B., *et al.*, *Rev. Infect. Dis.* 13(Suppl. 6):S509-517 (1991)). In addition, in developing countries, the pneumococcus is responsible for the death of a large number of children under the age of 5 years from pneumococcal pneumonia. The incidence of pneumococcal disease is highest in infants under 2 years of age and in people over 60 years of age. Pneumococci are the second most frequent cause (after *Haemophilus influenzae* type b) of bacterial meningitis and otitis media in children. With the recent introduction of conjugate vaccines for *H. influenzae* type b, pneumococcal meningitis is likely to become increasingly prominent. *S. pneumoniae* is the most important etiologic agent of community-acquired pneumonia in adults and is the second most common cause of bacterial meningitis behind *Neisseria meningitidis*.

The antibiotic generally prescribed to treat *S. pneumoniae* is benzylpenicillin, although resistance to this and to other antibiotics is found occasionally. Pneumococcal resistance to penicillin results from mutations in its

penicillin-binding proteins. In uncomplicated pneumococcal pneumonia caused by a sensitive strain, treatment with penicillin is usually successful unless started too late. Erythromycin or clindamycin can be used to treat pneumonia in patients hypersensitive to penicillin, but resistant strains to these drugs exist. Broad spectrum antibiotics (e.g., the tetracyclines) may also be effective, although tetracycline-resistant strains are not rare. In spite of the availability of antibiotics, the mortality of pneumococcal bacteremia in the last four decades has remained stable between 25 and 29%. (Gillespie, S.H., *et al.*, *J. Med. Microbiol.* 28:237-248 (1989)).

*S. pneumoniae* is carried in the upper respiratory tract by many healthy individuals. It has been suggested that attachment of pneumococci is mediated by a disaccharide receptor on fibronectin, present on human pharyngeal epithelial cells. (Anderson, B.J., *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* 142:2464-2468 (1989)). The mechanisms by which pneumococci translocate from the nasopharynx to the lung, thereby causing pneumonia, or migrate to the blood, giving rise to bacteremia or septicemia, are poorly understood. (Johnston, R.B., *et al.*, *Rev. Infect. Dis.* 13(Suppl. 6):S509-517 (1991)).

Various proteins have been suggested to be involved in the pathogenicity of *S. pneumoniae*, however, only a few of them have actually been confirmed as virulence factors. Pneumococci produce an IgA1 protease that might interfere with host defense at mucosal surfaces. (Kornfield, S.J., *et al.*, *Rev. Inf. Dis.* 3:521-534 (1981)). *S. pneumoniae* also produces neuraminidase, an enzyme that may facilitate attachment to epithelial cells by cleaving sialic acid from the host glycolipids and gangliosides. Partially purified neuraminidase was observed to induce meningitis-like symptoms in mice; however, the reliability of this finding has been questioned because the neuraminidase preparations used were probably contaminated with cell wall products. Other pneumococcal proteins besides neuraminidase are involved in the adhesion of pneumococci to epithelial and endothelial cells. These pneumococcal proteins have as yet not been identified. Recently, Cundell *et al.*, reported that peptide permeases can modulate pneumococcal adherence to epithelial and endothelial cells. It was, however, unclear whether these permeases function directly as adhesions or whether they enhance adherence by modulating the expression of pneumococcal adhesions. (DeVelasco, E.A., *et al.*, *Micro. Rev.* 59:591-603 (1995)). A better understanding of the virulence factors determining its pathogenicity will need to be developed to cope with the devastating effects of pneumococcal disease in humans.

Ironically, despite the prominent role of *S. pneumoniae* in the discovery of DNA, little is known about the molecular genetics of the organism. The *S. pneumoniae* genome consists of one circular, covalently closed, double-stranded DNA and a collection of so-called variable accessory elements, such as prophages, plasmids, transposons and the like. Most physical characteristics and almost all of the genes of *S. pneumoniae* are unknown. Among the few that have been identified, most have not been physically mapped or characterized in detail. Only a few genes of this organism have been sequenced. (See, for instance current versions of GENBANK and other nucleic acid databases, and references that relate to the genome of *S. pneumoniae* such as those set out elsewhere herein.) Identification of *in vivo*-expressed, and broadly protective, antigens of *S. pneumoniae* has remained elusive.

### *Summary of the Invention*

The present invention provides isolated nucleic acid molecules comprising polynucleotides encoding the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides described in Table 1 and having the amino acid sequences shown as SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, and so on through SEQ ID NO:226. Thus, one aspect of the invention provides isolated nucleic acid molecules comprising polynucleotides having a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) a nucleotide sequence encoding any of the amino acid sequences of the polypeptides shown in Table 1; and (b) a nucleotide sequence complementary to any of the nucleotide sequences in (a).

Further embodiments of the invention include isolated nucleic acid molecules that comprise a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence at least 90% identical, and more preferably at least 95%, 96%, 97%, 98% or 99% identical, to any of the nucleotide sequences in (a) or (b) above, or a polynucleotide which hybridizes under stringent hybridization conditions to a polynucleotide in (a) or (b) above. This polynucleotide which hybridizes does not hybridize under stringent hybridization conditions to a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence consisting of only A residues or of only T residues. Additional nucleic acid embodiments of the invention relate to isolated nucleic acid molecules comprising polynucleotides which encode the amino acid sequences of epitope-bearing portions of an *S. pneumoniae* polypeptide having an amino acid sequence in (a) above.

The present invention also relates to recombinant vectors, which include the isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention, and to host cells containing the recombinant vectors, as well as to methods of making such

vectors and host cells and for using these vectors for the production of *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides or peptides by recombinant techniques.

The invention further provides isolated *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides having an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of an amino acid sequence of any of the polypeptides described in Table 1.

The polypeptides of the present invention also include polypeptides having an amino acid sequence with at least 70% similarity, and more preferably at least 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% similarity to those described in Table 1, as well as polypeptides having an amino acid sequence at least 70% identical, more preferably at least 75% identical, and still more preferably 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical to those above; as well as isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding such polypeptides.

The present invention further provides a vaccine, preferably a multi-component vaccine comprising one or more of the *S. pneumoniae* polynucleotides or polypeptides described in Table 1, or fragments thereof, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent, carrier, or excipient, wherein the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptide(s) are present in an amount effective to elicit an immune response to members of the *Streptococcus* genus in an animal. The *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the present invention may further be combined with one or more immunogens of one or more other streptococcal or non-streptococcal organisms to produce a multi-component vaccine intended to elicit an immunological response against members of the *Streptococcus* genus and, optionally, one or more non-streptococcal organisms.

The vaccines of the present invention can be administered in a DNA form, e.g., "naked" DNA, wherein the DNA encodes one or more streptococcal polypeptides and, optionally, one or more polypeptides of a non-streptococcal organism. The DNA encoding one or more polypeptides may be constructed such that these polypeptides are expressed fusion proteins.

The vaccines of the present invention may also be administered as a component of a genetically engineered organism. Thus, a genetically engineered organism which expresses one or more *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides may be administered to an animal. For example, such a genetically engineered organism may contain one or more *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the present invention intracellularly, on its cell surface, or in its periplasmic space. Further, such a genetically engineered organism may secrete one or more *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides.

The vaccines of the present invention may be co-administered to an animal with an immune system modulator (e.g., CD86 and GM-CSF).

The invention also provides a method of inducing an immunological response in an animal to one or more members of the *Streptococcus* genus, preferably one or more isolates of the *S. pneumoniae* genus, comprising administering to the animal a vaccine as described above.

The invention further provides a method of inducing a protective immune response in an animal, sufficient to prevent or attenuate an infection by members of the *Streptococcus* genus, preferably at least *S. pneumoniae*, comprising administering to the animal a composition comprising one or more of the polynucleotides or polypeptides described in Table 1, or fragments thereof. Further, these polypeptides, or fragments thereof, may be conjugated to another immunogen and/or administered in admixture with an adjuvant.

The invention further relates to antibodies elicited in an animal by the administration of one or more *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the present invention and to methods for producing such antibodies.

The invention also provides diagnostic methods for detecting the expression of genes of members of the *Streptococcus* genus in an animal. One such method involves assaying for the expression of a gene encoding *S. pneumoniae* peptides in a sample from an animal. This expression may be assayed either directly (e.g., by assaying polypeptide levels using antibodies elicited in response to amino acid sequences described in Table 1) or indirectly (e.g., by assaying for antibodies having specificity for amino acid sequences described in Table 1). An example of such a method involves the use of the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) to amplify and detect *Streptococcus* nucleic acid sequences.

The present invention also relates to nucleic acid probes having all or part of a nucleotide sequence described in Table 1 (shown as SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:5, and so on through SEQ ID NO:225) which are capable of hybridizing under stringent conditions to *Streptococcus* nucleic acids. The invention further relates to a method of detecting one or more *Streptococcus* nucleic acids in a biological sample obtained from an animal, said one or more nucleic acids encoding *Streptococcus* polypeptides, comprising: (a) contacting the sample with one or more of the above-described nucleic acid probes, under conditions such that hybridization occurs, and (b) detecting hybridization of said one or more probes to the *Streptococcus* nucleic acid present in the biological sample.

The invention also includes immunoassays, including an immunoassay for detecting *Streptococcus*, preferably at least isolates of the *S. pneumoniae* genus, comprising incubation of a sample (which is suspected of being infected with *Streptococcus*) with a probe antibody directed against an antigen/epitope of *S. pneumoniae*, to be detected under conditions allowing the formation of an antigen-antibody complex; and detecting the antigen-antibody complex which contains the probe antibody. An immunoassay for the detection of antibodies which are directed against a *Streptococcus* antigen comprising the incubation of a sample (containing antibodies from a mammal suspected of being infected with *Streptococcus*) with a probe polypeptide including an epitope of *S. pneumoniae*, under conditions that allow the formation of antigen-antibody complexes which contain the probe epitope containing antigen.

Some aspects of the invention pertaining to kits are those for: investigating samples for the presence of polynucleotides derived from *Streptococcus* which comprise a polynucleotide probe including a nucleotide sequence selected from Table 1 or a fragment thereof of approximately 15 or more nucleotides, in an appropriate container; analyzing the samples for the presence of antibodies directed against a *Streptococcus* antigen made up of a polypeptide which contains a *S. pneumoniae* epitope present in the polypeptide, in a suitable container; and analyzing samples for the presence of *Streptococcus* antigens made up of an anti-*S. pneumoniae* antibody, in a suitable container.

#### *Detailed Description*

The present invention relates to recombinant antigenic *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides and fragments thereof. The invention also relates to methods for using these polypeptides to produce immunological responses and to confer immunological protection to disease caused by members of the genus *Streptococcus*, at least isolates of the *S. pneumoniae* genus. The invention further relates to nucleic acid sequences which encode antigenic *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides and to methods for detecting *S. pneumoniae* nucleic acids and polypeptides in biological samples. The invention also relates to *S. pneumoniae*-specific antibodies and methods for detecting such antibodies produced in a host animal.

#### *Definitions*

The following definitions are provided to clarify the subject matter which the inventors consider to be the present invention.

As used herein, the phrase "pathogenic agent" means an agent which causes a disease state or affliction in an animal. Included within this definition, for examples, are bacteria, protozoans, fungi, viruses and metazoan parasites which either produce a disease state or render an animal infected with such an organism susceptible to a disease state (e.g., a secondary infection). Further included are species and strains of the genus *Streptococcus* which produce disease states in animals.

As used herein, the term "organism" means any living biological system, including viruses, regardless of whether it is a pathogenic agent.

As used herein, the term "*Streptococcus*" means any species or strain of bacteria which is members of the genus *Streptococcus*. Such species and strains are known to those of skill in the art, and include those that are pathogenic and those that are not.

As used herein, the phrase "one or more *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the present invention" means polypeptides comprising the amino acid sequence of one or more of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides described in Table 1 and disclosed as SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, and so on through SEQ ID NO:226. These polypeptides may be expressed as fusion proteins wherein the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the present invention are linked to additional amino acid sequences which may be of streptococcal or non-streptococcal origin. This phrase further includes polypeptide comprising fragments of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the present invention.

Additional definitions are provided throughout the specification.

#### Explanation of Table 1

Table 1, below, provides information describing 113 open reading frames (ORFs) which encode potentially antigenic polypeptides of *S. pneumoniae* of the present invention. The table lists the ORF identifier which consists of the letters SP, which denote *S. pneumoniae*, followed immediately by a three digit numeric code, which arbitrarily number the potentially antigenic polypeptides of *S. pneumoniae* of the present invention and the nucleotide or amino acid sequence of each ORF and encoded polypeptide. The table further correlates the ORF identifier with a sequence identification number (SEQ ID NO:). The actual nucleotide or amino acid sequence of each ORF identifier is also shown in the Sequence Listing under the corresponding SEQ ID NO.

Thus, for example, the designation "SP126" refers to both the nucleotide and amino acid sequences of *S. pneumoniae* polypeptide number 126 of the present invention. Further, "SP126" correlates with the nucleotide

sequence shown as SEQ ID NO:223 and with the amino acid sequence shown as SEQ ID NO:224 as is described in Table 1.

5 The open reading frame within each "ORF" begins with the second nucleotide shown. Thus, the first codon for each nucleotide sequence shown is bases 2-4, the second 5-7, the third 8-10, and so on.

#### *Explanation of Table 2*

10 Table 2 lists the antigenic epitopes present in each of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides described in Table 1 as predicted by the inventors. Each *S. pneumoniae* polypeptide shown in Table 1 has one or more antigenic epitopes described in Table 2. It will be appreciated that depending on the analytical criteria used to predict antigenic determinants, the exact address of the determinant may vary slightly. The exact location of the antigenic determinant may shift by about 1 to 5 residues, more likely 1 to 2 residues, depending on the criteria used. Thus, the first antigenic determinant described in Table 2, 15 "Lys-1 to Ile-10" of SP001, represents a peptide comprising the lysine at position 1 in SEQ ID NO:2 through and including the isoleucine at position 10 in SEQ ID NO:2, but may include more or fewer residues than those 10. It will also be appreciated that, generally speaking, amino acids can be added to either 20 terminus of a peptide or polypeptide containing an antigenic epitope without affecting its activity, whereas removing residues from a peptide or polypeptide containing only the antigenic determinant is much more likely to destroy activity. It will be appreciated that the residues and locations shown described 25 in Table 2 correspond to the amino acid sequences for each ORF shown in Table 1 and in the Sequence Listing.

#### *Explanation of Table 3*

30 Table 3 shows PCR primers designed by the inventors for the amplification of polynucleotides encoding polypeptides of the present invention according to the method of Example 1. PCR primer design is routine in the art and those shown in Table 3 are provided merely for the convenience of the skilled artisan. It will be appreciated that others can be used with equal success.

35 For each primer, the table lists the corresponding ORF designation from Table 1 followed by either an "A" or a "B". The "A" primers are the 5' primers and the "B" primers 3'. A restriction enzyme site was built into each primer to allow ease of cloning. The restriction enzyme which will recognize and cleave a sequence within each primer is shown in Table 3, as well, under the heading

"RE" for restriction enzyme. Finally the sequence identifier is shown in Table 3 for each primer for easy correlation with the Sequence Listing.

5        *Selection of Nucleic Acid Sequences Encoding Antigenic S. pneumoniae Polypeptides*

The present invention provides a select number of ORFs from those presented in the fragments of the *S. pneumoniae* genome which may prove useful for the generation of a protective immune response. The sequenced *S. pneumoniae* genomic DNA was obtained from a sub-cultured isolate of *S. pneumoniae* Strain 7/87 14.8.91, which has been deposited at the American Type Culture Collection, as a convenience to those of skill in the art. The *S. pneumoniae* isolate was deposited on October 10, 1996 at the ATCC, 12301 Park Lawn Drive, Rockville, Maryland 20852, and given accession number 55840. A genomic library constructed from DNA isolated from the *S. pneumoniae* isolate was also deposited at the ATCC on October 11, 1996 and given ATCC Deposit No. 97755. A more complete listing of the sequence obtained from the *S. pneumoniae* genome may be found in co-pending U.S. Provisional Application Serial No. 60/029,960, filed 10/31/96, incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. Some ORFs contained in the subset of fragments of the *S. pneumoniae* genome disclosed herein were derived through the use of a number of screening criteria detailed below.

20        The selected ORFs do not consist of complete ORFs. Although a polypeptide representing a complete ORF may be the closest approximation of a protein native to an organism, it is not always preferred to express a complete ORF in a heterologous system. It may be challenging to express and purify a highly hydrophobic protein by common laboratory methods. Thus, the polypeptide vaccine candidates described herein may have been modified slightly to simplify the production of recombinant protein. For example, nucleotide sequences which encode highly hydrophobic domains, such as those found at the amino terminal signal sequence, have been excluded from some constructs used for *in vitro* expression of the polypeptides. Furthermore, any highly hydrophobic amino acid sequences occurring at the carboxy terminus have also been excluded from the recombinant expression constructs. Thus, in one embodiment, a polypeptide which represents a truncated or modified ORF may be used as an antigen.

25        30        35        While numerous methods are known in the art for selecting potentially immunogenic polypeptides, many of the ORFs disclosed herein were selected

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on the basis of screening all theoretical *S. pneumoniae* ORFs for several aspects of potential immunogenicity. One set of selection criteria are as follows:

5        1. *Type I signal sequence*: An amino terminal type I signal sequence generally directs a nascent protein across the plasma and outer membranes to the exterior of the bacterial cell. Experimental evidence obtained from studies with *Escherichia coli* suggests that the typical type I signal sequence consists of the following biochemical and physical attributes (Izard, J. W. and Kendall, D. A. *Mol. Microbiol.* 13:765-773 (1994)). The length of the type I signal sequence is approximately 15 to 25 primarily hydrophobic amino acid residues with a net positive charge in the extreme amino terminus. In addition, the central region of the signal sequence adopts an alpha-helical conformation in a hydrophobic environment. Finally, the region surrounding the actual site of cleavage is ideally six residues long, with small side-chain amino acids in the -1 and -3 positions.

10        2. *Type IV signal sequence*: The type IV signal sequence is an example of the several types of functional signal sequences which exist in addition to the type I signal sequence detailed above. Although functionally related, the type IV signal sequence possesses a unique set of biochemical and physical attributes (Strom, M. S. and Lory, S., *J. Bacteriol.* 174:7345-7351 (1992)). These are typically six to eight amino acids with a net basic charge followed by an additional sixteen to thirty primarily hydrophobic residues. The cleavage site of a type IV signal sequence is typically after the initial six to eight amino acids at the extreme amino terminus. In addition, type IV signal sequences generally contain a phenylalanine residue at the +1 site relative to the cleavage site.

15        3. *Lipoprotein*: Studies of the cleavage sites of twenty-six bacterial lipoprotein precursors has allowed the definition of a consensus amino acid sequence for lipoprotein cleavage. Nearly three-fourths of the bacterial lipoprotein precursors examined contained the sequence L-(A,S)-(G,A)-C at positions -3 to +1, relative to the point of cleavage (Hayashi, S. and Wu, H. C., *J. Bioenerg. Biomembr.* 22:451-471 (1990)).

20        4. *LPXTG motif*: It has been experimentally determined that most anchored proteins found on the surface of gram-positive bacteria possess a highly conserved carboxy terminal sequence. More than fifty such proteins from organisms such as *S. pyogenes*, *S. mutans*, *E. faecalis*, *S. pneumoniae*, and others, have been identified based on their extracellular location and carboxy terminal amino acid sequence (Fischetti, V. A., *ASM News* 62:405-410 (1996)). The conserved region consists of six charged amino acids at the extreme carboxy terminus coupled to 15-20 hydrophobic amino acids

presumed to function as a transmembrane domain. Immediately adjacent to the transmembrane domain is a six amino acid sequence conserved in nearly all proteins examined. The amino acid sequence of this region is L-P-X-T-G-X, where X is any amino acid.

5 An algorithm for selecting antigenic and immunogenic *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides including the foregoing criteria was developed. Use of the algorithm by the inventors to select immunologically useful *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides resulted in the selection of a number of the disclosed ORFs. Polypeptides comprising the polypeptides identified in this group may be produced by techniques standard in the art and as further described herein.

### *Nucleic Acid Molecules*

15 The present invention provides isolated nucleic acid molecules comprising polynucleotides encoding the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides having the amino acid sequences described in Table 1 and shown as SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, and so on through SEQ ID NO:226, which were determined by sequencing the genome of *S. pneumoniae* and selected as putative immunogens.

20 Unless otherwise indicated, all nucleotide sequences determined by sequencing a DNA molecule herein were determined using an automated DNA sequencer (such as the Model 373 from Applied Biosystems, Inc.), and all amino acid sequences of polypeptides encoded by DNA molecules determined herein were predicted by translation of DNA sequences determined as above. Therefore, as is known in the art for any DNA sequence determined by this automated approach, any nucleotide sequence determined herein may contain some errors. Nucleotide sequences determined by automation are typically at least about 90% identical, more typically at least about 95% to at least about 99.9% identical to the actual nucleotide sequence of the sequenced DNA molecule. The actual sequence can be more precisely determined by other approaches including manual DNA sequencing methods well known in the art. 25 As is also known in the art, a single insertion or deletion in a determined nucleotide sequence compared to the actual sequence will cause a frame shift in translation of the nucleotide sequence such that the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by a determined nucleotide sequence will be completely different from the amino acid sequence actually encoded by the sequenced DNA molecule, beginning at the point of such an insertion or deletion.

30 Unless otherwise indicated, each "nucleotide sequence" set forth herein is presented as a sequence of deoxyribonucleotides (abbreviated A, G, C and

T). However, by "nucleotide sequence" of a nucleic acid molecule or polynucleotide is intended, for a DNA molecule or polynucleotide, a sequence of deoxyribonucleotides, and for an RNA molecule or polynucleotide, the corresponding sequence of ribonucleotides (A, G, C and U), where each thymidine deoxyribonucleotide (T) in the specified deoxyribonucleotide sequence is replaced by the ribonucleotide uridine (U). For instance, reference to an RNA molecule having a sequence described in Table 1 set forth using deoxyribonucleotide abbreviations is intended to indicate an RNA molecule having a sequence in which each deoxyribonucleotide A, G or C described in Table 1 has been replaced by the corresponding ribonucleotide A, G or C, and each deoxyribonucleotide T has been replaced by a ribonucleotide U.

Nucleic acid molecules of the present invention may be in the form of RNA, such as mRNA, or in the form of DNA, including, for instance, cDNA and genomic DNA obtained by cloning or produced synthetically. The DNA may be double-stranded or single-stranded. Single-stranded DNA or RNA may be the coding strand, also known as the sense strand, or it may be the non-coding strand, also referred to as the anti-sense strand.

20 By "isolated" nucleic acid molecule(s) is intended a nucleic acid molecule, DNA or RNA, which has been removed from its native environment. For example, recombinant DNA molecules contained in a vector are considered isolated for the purposes of the present invention. Further examples of isolated DNA molecules include recombinant DNA molecules maintained in heterologous host cells or purified (partially or substantially) DNA molecules in solution. Isolated RNA molecules include *in vivo* or *in vitro* RNA transcripts of the DNA molecules of the present invention. Isolated nucleic acid molecules according to the present invention further include such molecules produced synthetically.

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Isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention include DNA molecules comprising a nucleotide sequence described in Table 1 and shown as SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:5, and so on through SEQ ID NO:225; DNA molecules comprising the coding sequences for the polypeptides described in Table 1 and shown as SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, and so on through SEQ ID NO:226; and DNA molecules which comprise sequences substantially different from those described above but which, due to the degeneracy of the genetic code, still encode the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides described in Table 1. Of course, the genetic code is well known in the art. Thus, it would be routine for one skilled in the art to generate such degenerate variants.

The invention also provides nucleic acid molecules having sequences complementary to any one of those described in Table 1. Such isolated molecules, particularly DNA molecules, are useful as probes for detecting expression of *Streptococcal* genes, for instance, by Northern blot analysis or the polymerase chain reaction (PCR).

The present invention is further directed to fragments of the isolated nucleic acid molecules described herein. By a fragment of an isolated nucleic acid molecule having a nucleotide sequence described in Table 1, is intended fragments at least about 15 nt, and more preferably at least about 17 nt, still more preferably at least about 20 nt, and even more preferably, at least about 25 nt in length which are useful as diagnostic probes and primers as discussed herein. Of course, larger fragments 50-100 nt in length are also useful according to the present invention as are fragments corresponding to most, if not all, of a nucleotide sequence described in Table 1. By a fragment at least 20 nt in length, for example, is intended fragments which include 20 or more contiguous bases of a nucleotide sequence as described in Table 1. Since the nucleotide sequences identified in Table 1 are provided as SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:5, and so on through SEQ ID NO:225, generating such DNA fragments would be routine to the skilled artisan. For example, such fragments could be generated synthetically.

Preferred nucleic acid fragments of the present invention also include nucleic acid molecules comprising nucleotide sequences encoding epitope-bearing portions of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides identified in Table 1. Such nucleic acid fragments of the present invention include, for example, nucleotide sequences encoding polypeptide fragments comprising from about the amino terminal residue to about the carboxy terminal residue of each fragment shown in Table 2. The above referred to polypeptide fragments are antigenic regions of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides identified in Table 1.

In another aspect, the invention provides isolated nucleic acid molecules comprising polynucleotides which hybridize under stringent hybridization conditions to a portion of a polynucleotide in a nucleic acid molecule of the invention described above, for instance, a nucleic acid sequence identified in Table 1. By "stringent hybridization conditions" is intended overnight incubation at 42°C in a solution comprising: 50% formamide, 5x SSC (150 mM NaCl, 15 mM trisodium citrate), 50 mM sodium phosphate (pH 7.6), 5x Denhardt's solution, 10% dextran sulfate, and 20 g/ml denatured, sheared salmon sperm DNA, followed by washing the filters in 0.1x SSC at about 65°C.

5 By polynucleotides which hybridize to a "portion" of a polynucleotide is intended polynucleotides (either DNA or RNA) which hybridize to at least about 15 nucleotides (nt), and more preferably at least about 17 nt, still more preferably at least about 20 nt, and even more preferably about 25-70 nt of the reference polynucleotide. These are useful as diagnostic probes and primers as discussed above and in more detail below.

10 Of course, polynucleotides hybridizing to a larger portion of the reference polynucleotide, for instance, a portion 50-100 nt in length, or even to the entire length of the reference polynucleotide, are also useful as probes according to the present invention, as are polynucleotides corresponding to most, if not all, of a nucleotide sequence as identified in Table 1. By a portion of a polynucleotide of "at least 20 nt in length," for example, is intended 20 or 15 more contiguous nucleotides from the nucleotide sequence of the reference polynucleotide (e.g., a nucleotide sequences as described in Table 1). As noted above, such portions are useful diagnostically either as probes according to conventional DNA hybridization techniques or as primers for amplification of a target sequence by PCR, as described in the literature (for instance, in *Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual*, 2nd. edition, Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E. F. and Maniatis, T., eds., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y. (1989), the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated herein by reference).

20 Since nucleic acid sequences encoding the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the present invention are identified in Table 1 and provided as SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:5, and so on through SEQ ID NO:225, generating 25 polynucleotides which hybridize to portions of these sequences would be routine to the skilled artisan. For example, the hybridizing polynucleotides of the present invention could be generated synthetically according to known techniques.

30 As indicated, nucleic acid molecules of the present invention which encode *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the present invention may include, but are not limited to those encoding the amino acid sequences of the polypeptides by themselves; and additional coding sequences which code for additional amino acids, such as those which provide additional functionalities. Thus, the sequences encoding these polypeptides may be fused to a marker sequence, 35 such as a sequence encoding a peptide which facilitates purification of the fused polypeptide. In certain preferred embodiments of this aspect of the invention, the marker amino acid sequence is a hexa-histidine peptide, such as the tag provided in a pQE vector (Qiagen, Inc.), among others, many of which are

commercially available. As described by Gentz and colleagues (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:821-824 (1989)), for instance, hexa-histidine provides for convenient purification of the resulting fusion protein.

5 Thus, the present invention also includes genetic fusions wherein the *S. pneumoniae* nucleic acid sequences coding sequences identified in Table 1 are linked to additional nucleic acid sequences to produce fusion proteins. These fusion proteins may include epitopes of streptococcal or non-streptococcal origin designed to produce proteins having enhanced immunogenicity. Further, the fusion proteins of the present invention may contain antigenic determinants known to provide helper T-cell stimulation, peptides encoding sites for post-translational modifications which enhance immunogenicity (e.g., acylation), peptides which facilitate purification (e.g., histidine "tag"), or amino acid sequences which target the fusion protein to a desired location (e.g., a heterologous leader sequence).

10 In all cases of bacterial expression, an N-terminal methionine residues is added. In many cases, however, the N-terminal methionine residues is cleaved off post-translationally. Thus, the invention includes polypeptides shown in Table 1 with, and without an N-terminal methionine.

15 The present invention thus includes nucleic acid molecules and sequences which encode fusion proteins comprising one or more *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the present invention fused to an amino acid sequence which allows for post-translational modification to enhance immunogenicity. This post-translational modification may occur either *in vitro* or when the fusion protein is expressed *in vivo* in a host cell. An example of 20 such a modification is the introduction of an amino acid sequence which results in the attachment of a lipid moiety.

25 Thus, as indicated above, the present invention includes genetic fusions wherein a *S. pneumoniae* nucleic acid sequence identified in Table 1 is linked to a nucleotide sequence encoding another amino acid sequence. These other 30 amino acid sequences may be of streptococcal origin (e.g., another sequence selected from Table 1) or non-streptococcal origin.

35 The present invention further relates to variants of the nucleic acid molecules of the present invention, which encode portions, analogs or derivatives of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides described in Table 1. Variants may occur naturally, such as a natural allelic variant. By an "allelic variant" is intended one of several alternate forms of a gene occupying a given locus on a chromosome of an organism (*Genes II*, Lewin, B., ed., John Wiley & Sons,

New York (1985)). Non-naturally occurring variants may be produced using art-known mutagenesis techniques.

Such variants include those produced by nucleotide substitutions, deletions or additions. The substitutions, deletions or additions may involve one or more nucleotides. These variants may be altered in coding regions, non-coding regions, or both. Alterations in the coding regions may produce conservative or non-conservative amino acid substitutions, deletions or additions. Especially preferred among these are silent substitutions, additions and deletions, which do not alter the properties and activities of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides disclosed herein or portions thereof. Silent substitution are most likely to be made in non-epitopic regions. Guidance regarding those regions containing epitopes is provided herein, for example, in Table 2. Also especially preferred in this regard are conservative substitutions.

Further embodiments of the invention include isolated nucleic acid molecules comprising a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence at least 90% identical, and more preferably at least 95%, 96%, 97%, 98% or 99% identical to: (a) a nucleotide sequence encoding any of the amino acid sequences of the polypeptides identified in Table 1; and (b) a nucleotide sequence complementary to any of the nucleotide sequences in (a) above.

By a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence at least, for example, 95% "identical" to a reference nucleotide sequence encoding a *S. pneumoniae* polypeptide described in Table 1, is intended that the nucleotide sequence of the polynucleotide is identical to the reference sequence except that the polynucleotide sequence may include up to five point mutations per each 100 nucleotides of the reference nucleotide sequence encoding the subject *S. pneumoniae* polypeptide. In other words, to obtain a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence at least 95% identical to a reference nucleotide sequence, up to 5% of the nucleotides in the reference sequence may be deleted or substituted with another nucleotide, or a number of nucleotides up to 5% of the total nucleotides in the reference sequence may be inserted into the reference sequence. These mutations of the reference sequence may occur at the 5' or 3' terminal positions of the reference nucleotide sequence or anywhere between those terminal positions, interspersed either individually among nucleotides in the reference sequence or in one or more contiguous groups within the reference sequence.

Certain nucleotides within some of the nucleic acid sequences shown in Table 1 were ambiguous upon sequencing. Completely unknown sequences are shown as an "N". Other unresolved nucleotides are known to be either a

5 purine, shown as "R", or a pyrimidine, shown as "Y". Accordingly, when determining identity between two nucleotide sequences, identity is met where any nucleotide, including an "R", "Y" or "N", is found in a test sequence and at the corresponding position in the reference sequence (from Table 1). Likewise, an A, G or "R" in a test sequence is identical to an "R" in the reference sequence; and a T, C or "Y" in a test sequence is identical to a "Y" in the reference sequence.

10 As a practical matter, whether any particular nucleic acid molecule is at least 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98% or 99% identical to, for instance, a nucleotide sequence described in Table 1 can be determined conventionally using known computer programs such as the Bestfit program (Wisconsin Sequence Analysis Package, Version 8 for Unix, Genetics Computer Group, University Research Park, 575 Science Drive, Madison, WI 53711). Bestfit uses the local homology algorithm of Smith and Waterman (*Advances in Applied Mathematics* 2:482-489 (1981)), to find the best segment of homology between two sequences. When using Bestfit or any other sequence alignment program to determine whether a particular sequence is, for instance, 95% identical to a reference sequence according to the present invention, the parameters are set, of course, such that the percentage of identity is calculated over the full length of the reference nucleotide sequence and that gaps in homology of up to 5% of the total number of nucleotides in the reference sequence are allowed.

15 The present application is directed to nucleic acid molecules at least 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98% or 99% identical to a nucleic acid sequences described in Table 1. One of skill in the art would still know how to use the nucleic acid molecule, for instance, as a hybridization probe or a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) primer. Uses of the nucleic acid molecules of the present invention include, *inter alia*, (1) isolating *Streptococcal* genes or allelic variants thereof from either a genomic or cDNA library and (2) Northern Blot or PCR analysis for detecting *Streptococcal* mRNA expression.

20 30 Of course, due to the degeneracy of the genetic code, one of ordinary skill in the art will immediately recognize that a large number of nucleic acid molecules having a sequence at least 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical to a nucleic acid sequence identified in Table 1 will encode the same polypeptide. In fact, since degenerate variants of these nucleotide sequences all encode the same polypeptide, this will be clear to the skilled artisan even without performing the above described comparison assay.

35 It will be further recognized in the art that, for such nucleic acid molecules that are not degenerate variants, a reasonable number will also encode

5 proteins having antigenic epitopes of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the present invention. This is because the skilled artisan is fully aware of amino acid substitutions that are either less likely or not likely to significantly effect the antigenicity of a polypeptide (e.g., replacement of an amino acid in a region which is not believed to form an antigenic epitope). For example, since antigenic epitopes have been identified which contain as few as six amino acids (see Harlow, et al., *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, 2nd Ed.; Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York (1988), page 76), in instances where a polypeptide has multiple antigenic epitopes the alteration of 10 several amino acid residues would often not be expected to eliminate all of the antigenic epitopes of that polypeptide. This is especially so when the alterations are in regions believed to not constitute antigenic epitopes.

#### 15 *Vectors and Host Cells*

10 The present invention also relates to vectors which include the isolated DNA molecules of the present invention, host cells which are genetically engineered with the recombinant vectors, and the production of *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides or fragments thereof by recombinant techniques.

20 Recombinant constructs may be introduced into host cells using well known techniques such as infection, transduction, transfection, transvection, electroporation and transformation. The vector may be, for example, a phage, plasmid, viral or retroviral vector. Retroviral vectors may be replication competent or replication defective. In the latter case, viral propagation generally will occur only in complementing host cells.

25 The polynucleotides may be joined to a vector containing a selectable marker for propagation in a host. Generally, a plasmid vector is introduced in a precipitate, such as a calcium phosphate precipitate, or in a complex with a charged lipid. If the vector is a virus, it may be packaged *in vitro* using an appropriate packaging cell line and then transduced into host cells.

30 Preferred are vectors comprising *cis*-acting control regions to the polynucleotide of interest. Appropriate *trans*-acting factors may be supplied by the host, supplied by a complementing vector or supplied by the vector itself upon introduction into the host.

35 In certain preferred embodiments in this regard, the vectors provide for specific expression, which may be inducible and/or cell type-specific. Particularly preferred among such vectors are those inducible by environmental factors that are easy to manipulate, such as temperature and nutrient additives.

5 Expression vectors useful in the present invention include chromosomal-, episomal- and virus-derived vectors, e.g., vectors derived from bacterial plasmids, bacteriophage, yeast episomes, yeast chromosomal elements, viruses such as baculoviruses, papova viruses, vaccinia viruses, adenoviruses, fowl pox viruses, pseudorabies viruses and retroviruses, and vectors derived from combinations thereof, such as cosmids and phagemids.

10 The DNA insert should be operatively linked to an appropriate promoter, such as the phage lambda PL promoter, the *E. coli lac*, *trp* and *tac* promoters, the SV40 early and late promoters and promoters of retroviral LTRs, to name a few. Other suitable promoters will be known to the skilled artisan. The expression constructs will further contain sites for transcription initiation, termination and, in the transcribed region, a ribosome binding site for 15 translation. The coding portion of the mature transcripts expressed by the constructs will preferably include a translation initiating site at the beginning and a termination codon (UAA, UGA or UAG) appropriately positioned at the end of the polypeptide to be translated.

20 As indicated, the expression vectors will preferably include at least one selectable marker. Such markers include dihydrofolate reductase or neomycin genes for culturing in *E. coli* and other bacteria. Representative examples of appropriate hosts include, but are not limited to, bacterial cells, such as *E. coli*, *Streptomyces* and *Salmonella typhimurium* cells; fungal cells, such as yeast 25 cells; insect cells such as *Drosophila* S2 and *Spodoptera* Sf9 cells; animal cells such as CHO, COS and Bowes melanoma cells; and plant cells. Appropriate culture media and conditions for the above-described host cells are known in the art.

30 Among vectors preferred for use in bacteria include pQE70, pQE60 and pQE-9, available from Qiagen; pBS vectors, Phagescript vectors, Bluescript vectors, pNH8A, pNH16A, pNH18A, pNH46A available from Stratagene; pET series of vectors available from Novagen; and ptrc99a, pKK223-3, pKK233-3, pDR540, pRIT5 available from Pharmacia. Among preferred eukaryotic 35 vectors are pWLNEO, pSV2CAT, pOG44, pXT1 and pSG available from Stratagene; and pSVK3, pBPV, pMSG and pSVL available from Pharmacia. Other suitable vectors will be readily apparent to the skilled artisan.

35 Among known bacterial promoters suitable for use in the present invention include the *E. coli lacI* and *lacZ* promoters, the T3 and T7 promoters, the *gpt* promoter, the lambda PR and PL promoters and the *trp* promoter. Suitable eukaryotic promoters include the CMV immediate early promoter, the

HSV thymidine kinase promoter, the early and late SV40 promoters, the promoters of retroviral LTRs, such as those of the Rous sarcoma virus (RSV), and metallothionein promoters, such as the mouse metallothionein-I promoter.

5 Introduction of the construct into the host cell can be effected by calcium phosphate transfection, DEAE-dextran mediated transfection, cationic lipid-mediated transfection, electroporation, transduction, infection or other methods. Such methods are described in many standard laboratory manuals (for example, Davis, *et al.*, *Basic Methods In Molecular Biology* (1986)).

10 Transcription of DNA encoding the polypeptides of the present invention by higher eukaryotes may be increased by inserting an enhancer sequence into the vector. Enhancers are *cis*-acting elements of DNA, usually about from 10 to 300 bp that act to increase transcriptional activity of a promoter in a given host cell-type. Examples of enhancers include the SV40 enhancer, which is located on the late side of the replication origin at bp 100 to 270, the 15 cytomegalovirus early promoter enhancer, the polyoma enhancer on the late side of the replication origin, and adenovirus enhancers.

20 For secretion of the translated polypeptide into the lumen of the endoplasmic reticulum, into the periplasmic space or into the extracellular environment, appropriate secretion signals may be incorporated into the expressed polypeptide. The signals may be endogenous to the polypeptide or they may be heterologous signals.

25 The polypeptide may be expressed in a modified form, such as a fusion protein, and may include not only secretion signals, but also additional heterologous functional regions. For instance, a region of additional amino acids, particularly charged amino acids, may be added to the N-terminus of the polypeptide to improve stability and persistence in the host cell, during purification, or during subsequent handling and storage. Also, peptide moieties may be added to the polypeptide to facilitate purification. Such regions may be removed prior to final preparation of the polypeptide. The addition of peptide moieties to polypeptides to engender secretion or excretion, to improve stability and to facilitate purification, among others, are familiar and routine techniques in the art. A preferred fusion protein comprises a heterologous region from immunoglobulin that is useful to solubilize proteins. For example, EP-A-O 464 30 533 (Canadian counterpart 2045869) discloses fusion proteins comprising various portions of constant region of immunoglobulin molecules together with another human protein or part thereof. In many cases, the Fc part in a fusion protein is thoroughly advantageous for use in therapy and diagnosis and thus 35 results, for example, in improved pharmacokinetic properties (EP-A 0232 262).

On the other hand, for some uses it would be desirable to be able to delete the Fc part after the fusion protein has been expressed, detected and purified in the advantageous manner described. This is the case when Fc portion proves to be a hindrance to use in therapy and diagnosis, for example when the fusion protein is to be used as antigen for immunizations. In drug discovery, for example, human proteins, such as, hIL5-receptor has been fused with Fc portions for the purpose of high-throughput screening assays to identify antagonists of hIL-5. See Bennett, D. et al., *J. Molec. Recogn.* 8:52-58 (1995) and Johanson, K. et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 270 (16):9459-9471 (1995).

The *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides can be recovered and purified from recombinant cell cultures by well-known methods including ammonium sulfate or ethanol precipitation, acid extraction, anion or cation exchange chromatography, phosphocellulose chromatography, hydrophobic interaction chromatography, affinity chromatography, hydroxylapatite chromatography, lectin chromatography and high performance liquid chromatography ("HPLC") is employed for purification. Polypeptides of the present invention include naturally purified products, products of chemical synthetic procedures, and products produced by recombinant techniques from a prokaryotic or eukaryotic host, including, for example, bacterial, yeast, higher plant, insect and mammalian cells.

#### *Polypeptides and Fragments*

The invention further provides isolated polypeptides having the amino acid sequences described in Table 1, and shown as SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, and so on through SEQ ID NO:226, and peptides or polypeptides comprising portions of the above polypeptides. The terms "peptide" and "oligopeptide" are considered synonymous (as is commonly recognized) and each term can be used interchangeably as the context requires to indicate a chain of at least two amino acids coupled by peptidyl linkages. The word "polypeptide" is used herein for chains containing more than ten amino acid residues. All oligopeptide and polypeptide formulas or sequences herein are written from left to right and in the direction from amino terminus to carboxy terminus.

Some amino acid sequences of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides described in Table 1 can be varied without significantly effecting the antigenicity of the polypeptides. If such differences in sequence are contemplated, it should be remembered that there will be critical areas on the polypeptide which determine antigenicity. In general, it is possible to replace residues which do

not form part of an antigenic epitope without significantly effecting the antigenicity of a polypeptide. Guidance for such alterations is given in Table 2 wherein epitopes for each polypeptide is delineated.

5 The polypeptides of the present invention are preferably provided in an isolated form. By "isolated polypeptide" is intended a polypeptide removed from its native environment. Thus, a polypeptide produced and/or contained within a recombinant host cell is considered isolated for purposes of the present invention. Also intended as an "isolated polypeptide" is a polypeptide that has been purified, partially or substantially, from a recombinant host cell. For example, recombinantly produced versions of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides described in Table 1 can be substantially purified by the one-step method described by Smith and Johnson (*Gene* 67:31-40 (1988)).

10 The polypeptides of the present invention include: (a) an amino acid sequence of any of the polypeptides described in Table 1; and (b) an amino acid sequence of an epitope-bearing portion of any one of the polypeptides of (a); as well as polypeptides with at least 70% similarity, and more preferably at least 15 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% similarity to those described in (a) or (b) above, as well as polypeptides having an amino acid sequence at least 70% identical, more preferably at least 75% identical, and still more preferably 20 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical to those above.

25 By "% similarity" for two polypeptides is intended a similarity score produced by comparing the amino acid sequences of the two polypeptides using the Bestfit program (Wisconsin Sequence Analysis Package, Version 8 for Unix, Genetics Computer Group, University Research Park, 575 Science Drive, Madison, WI 53711) and the default settings for determining similarity. Bestfit uses the local homology algorithm of Smith and Waterman (*Advances in Applied Mathematics* 2:482-489 (1981)) to find the best segment of similarity between two sequences.

30 By a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence at least, for example, 95% "identical" to a reference amino acid sequence of a *S. pneumoniae* polypeptide is intended that the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide is identical to the reference sequence except that the polypeptide sequence may include up to five amino acid alterations per each 100 amino acids of the reference amino acid sequence. In other words, to obtain a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence at least 95% identical to a reference amino acid sequence, up to 5% of the amino acid residues in the reference sequence may be deleted or substituted with another amino acid, or a number of amino acids up to 35

5 5% of the total amino acid residues in the reference sequence may be inserted into the reference sequence. These alterations of the reference sequence may occur at the amino or carboxy terminal positions of the reference amino acid sequence or anywhere between those terminal positions, interspersed either individually among residues in the reference sequence or in one or more contiguous groups within the reference sequence.

10 The amino acid sequences shown in Table 1 may have one or more "X" residues. "X" represents unknown. Thus, for purposes of defining identity, if any amino acid is present at the same position in a reference amino acid sequence (shown in Table 1) where an X is shown, the two sequences are identical at that position.

15 As a practical matter, whether any particular polypeptide is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical to, for instance, an amino acid sequence shown in Table 1, can be determined conventionally using known computer programs such as the Bestfit program (Wisconsin Sequence Analysis Package, Version 8 for Unix, Genetics Computer Group, University Research Park, 575 Science Drive, Madison, WI 53711). When using Bestfit or any other sequence alignment program to determine whether a particular sequence is, for instance, 95% identical to a reference sequence according to the present invention, the parameters are set, of course, such that the percentage of identity is calculated over the full length of the reference amino acid sequence and that gaps in homology of up to 5% of the total number of amino acid residues in the reference sequence are allowed.

20

25 As described below, the polypeptides of the present invention can also be used to raise polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies, which are useful in assays for detecting *Streptococcal* protein expression.

30 In another aspect, the invention provides peptides and polypeptides comprising epitope-bearing portions of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the invention. These epitopes are immunogenic or antigenic epitopes of the polypeptides of the invention. An "immunogenic epitope" is defined as a part of a protein that elicits an antibody response when the whole protein or polypeptide is the immunogen. These immunogenic epitopes are believed to be confined to a few loci on the molecule. On the other hand, a region of a protein molecule to which an antibody can bind is defined as an "antigenic determinant" or "antigenic epitope." The number of immunogenic epitopes of a protein generally is less than the number of antigenic epitopes (Geysen, *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 81:3998-4002 (1983)). Predicted antigenic epitopes are shown in Table 2, below.

35

As to the selection of peptides or polypeptides bearing an antigenic epitope (*i.e.*, that contain a region of a protein molecule to which an antibody can bind), it is well known in that art that relatively short synthetic peptides that mimic part of a protein sequence are routinely capable of eliciting an antiserum that reacts with the partially mimicked protein (for instance, Sutcliffe, J., *et al.*, *Science* 219:660-666 (1983)). Peptides capable of eliciting protein-reactive sera are frequently represented in the primary sequence of a protein, can be characterized by a set of simple chemical rules, and are confined neither to immunodominant regions of intact proteins (*i.e.*, immunogenic epitopes) nor to the amino or carboxyl terminals. Peptides that are extremely hydrophobic and those of six or fewer residues generally are ineffective at inducing antibodies that bind to the mimicked protein; longer, peptides, especially those containing proline residues, usually are effective (Sutcliffe, *et al.*, *supra*, p. 661). For instance, 18 of 20 peptides designed according to these guidelines, containing 8-39 residues covering 75% of the sequence of the influenza virus hemagglutinin HA1 polypeptide chain, induced antibodies that reacted with the HA1 protein or intact virus; and 12/12 peptides from the MuLV polymerase and 18/18 from the rabies glycoprotein induced antibodies that precipitated the respective proteins.

Antigenic epitope-bearing peptides and polypeptides of the invention are therefore useful to raise antibodies, including monoclonal antibodies, that bind specifically to a polypeptide of the invention. Thus, a high proportion of hybridomas obtained by fusion of spleen cells from donors immunized with an antigen epitope-bearing peptide generally secrete antibody reactive with the native protein (Sutcliffe, *et al.*, *supra*, p. 663). The antibodies raised by antigenic epitope-bearing peptides or polypeptides are useful to detect the mimicked protein, and antibodies to different peptides may be used for tracking the fate of various regions of a protein precursor which undergoes post-translational processing. The peptides and anti-peptide antibodies may be used in a variety of qualitative or quantitative assays for the mimicked protein, for instance in competition assays since it has been shown that even short peptides (*e.g.*, about 9 amino acids) can bind and displace the larger peptides in immunoprecipitation assays (for instance, Wilson, *et al.*, *Cell* 37:767-778 (1984) p. 777). The anti-peptide antibodies of the invention also are useful for purification of the mimicked protein, for instance, by adsorption chromatography using methods well known in the art.

Antigenic epitope-bearing peptides and polypeptides of the invention designed according to the above guidelines preferably contain a sequence of at

least seven, more preferably at least nine and most preferably between about 15 to about 30 amino acids contained within the amino acid sequence of a polypeptide of the invention. However, peptides or polypeptides comprising a larger portion of an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide of the invention, containing about 30 to about 50 amino acids, or any length up to and including the entire amino acid sequence of a polypeptide of the invention, also are considered epitope-bearing peptides or polypeptides of the invention and also are useful for inducing antibodies that react with the mimicked protein. Preferably, the amino acid sequence of the epitope-bearing peptide is selected to provide substantial solubility in aqueous solvents (i.e., the sequence includes relatively hydrophilic residues and highly hydrophobic sequences are preferably avoided); and sequences containing proline residues are particularly preferred.

Non-limiting examples of antigenic polypeptides or peptides that can be used to generate *Streptococcal*-specific antibodies include portions of the amino acid sequences identified in Table 1. More specifically, Table 2 discloses antigenic fragments of polypeptides of the present invention, which antigenic fragments comprise amino acid sequences from about the first amino acid residues indicated to about the last amino acid residue indicated for each fragment. The polypeptide fragments disclosed in Table 2 are believed to be antigenic regions of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides described in Table 1. Thus the invention further includes isolated peptides and polypeptides comprising an amino acid sequence of an epitope shown in Table 2 and polynucleotides encoding said polypeptides.

The epitope-bearing peptides and polypeptides of the invention may be produced by any conventional means for making peptides or polypeptides including recombinant means using nucleic acid molecules of the invention. For instance, an epitope-bearing amino acid sequence of the present invention may be fused to a larger polypeptide which acts as a carrier during recombinant production and purification, as well as during immunization to produce anti-peptide antibodies. Epitope-bearing peptides also may be synthesized using known methods of chemical synthesis. For instance, Houghten has described a simple method for synthesis of large numbers of peptides, such as 10-20 mg of 248 different 13 residue peptides representing single amino acid variants of a segment of the HA1 polypeptide which were prepared and characterized (by ELISA-type binding studies) in less than four weeks (Houghten, R. A. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 82:5131-5135 (1985)). This "Simultaneous Multiple Peptide Synthesis (SMPS)" process is further described in U.S. Patent No. 4,631,211 to Houghten and coworkers (1986). In this procedure the individual

resins for the solid-phase synthesis of various peptides are contained in separate solvent-permeable packets, enabling the optimal use of the many identical repetitive steps involved in solid-phase methods. A completely manual procedure allows 500-1000 or more syntheses to be conducted simultaneously (Houghten, *et al.*, *supra*, p. 5134).

Epitope-bearing peptides and polypeptides of the invention are used to induce antibodies according to methods well known in the art (for instance, Sutcliffe, *et al.*, *supra*; Wilson, *et al.*, *supra*; Chow, M., *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **82**:910-914; and Bittle, F. J., *et al.*, *J. Gen. Virol.* **66**:2347-2354 (1985)). Generally, animals may be immunized with free peptide; however, anti-peptide antibody titer may be boosted by coupling of the peptide to a macromolecular carrier, such as keyhole limpet hemacyanin (KLH) or tetanus toxoid. For instance, peptides containing cysteine may be coupled to carrier using a linker such as m-maleimidobenzoyl-N-hydroxysuccinimide ester (MBS), while other peptides may be coupled to carrier using a more general linking agent such as glutaraldehyde. Animals such as rabbits, rats and mice are immunized with either free or carrier-coupled peptides, for instance, by intraperitoneal and/or intradermal injection of emulsions containing about 100 µg peptide or carrier protein and Freund's adjuvant. Several booster injections may be needed, for instance, at intervals of about two weeks, to provide a useful titer of anti-peptide antibody which can be detected, for example, by ELISA assay using free peptide adsorbed to a solid surface. The titer of anti-peptide antibodies in serum from an immunized animal may be increased by selection of anti-peptide antibodies, for instance, by adsorption to the peptide on a solid support and elution of the selected antibodies according to methods well known in the art.

Immunogenic epitope-bearing peptides of the invention, *i.e.*, those parts of a protein that elicit an antibody response when the whole protein is the immunogen, are identified according to methods known in the art. For instance, Geysen, *et al.*, *supra*, discloses a procedure for rapid concurrent synthesis on solid supports of hundreds of peptides of sufficient purity to react in an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay. Interaction of synthesized peptides with antibodies is then easily detected without removing them from the support. In this manner a peptide bearing an immunogenic epitope of a desired protein may be identified routinely by one of ordinary skill in the art. For instance, the immunologically important epitope in the coat protein of foot-and-mouth disease virus was located by Geysen *et al.* *supra* with a resolution of seven amino acids by synthesis of an overlapping set of all 208 possible hexapeptides covering the

entire 213 amino acid sequence of the protein. Then, a complete replacement set of peptides in which all 20 amino acids were substituted in turn at every position within the epitope were synthesized, and the particular amino acids conferring specificity for the reaction with antibody were determined. Thus, peptide analogs of the epitope-bearing peptides of the invention can be made routinely by this method. U.S. Patent No. 4,708,781 to Geysen (1987) further describes this method of identifying a peptide bearing an immunogenic epitope of a desired protein.

Further still, U.S. Patent No. 5,194,392, to Geysen (1990), describes a general method of detecting or determining the sequence of monomers (amino acids or other compounds) which is a topological equivalent of the epitope (*i.e.*, a "mimotope") which is complementary to a particular paratope (antigen binding site) of an antibody of interest. More generally, U.S. Patent No. 4,433,092, also to Geysen (1989), describes a method of detecting or determining a sequence of monomers which is a topographical equivalent of a ligand which is complementary to the ligand binding site of a particular receptor of interest. Similarly, U.S. Patent No. 5,480,971 to Houghten, R. A. *et al.* (1996) discloses linear C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>-alkyl peralkylated oligopeptides and sets and libraries of such peptides, as well as methods for using such oligopeptide sets and libraries for determining the sequence of a peralkylated oligopeptide that preferentially binds to an acceptor molecule of interest. Thus, non-peptide analogs of the epitope-bearing peptides of the invention also can be made routinely by these methods.

The entire disclosure of each document cited in this section on "Polypeptides and Fragments" is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

As one of skill in the art will appreciate, the polypeptides of the present invention and the epitope-bearing fragments thereof described above can be combined with parts of the constant domain of immunoglobulins (IgG), resulting in chimeric polypeptides. These fusion proteins facilitate purification and show an increased half-life *in vivo*. This has been shown, *e.g.*, for chimeric proteins consisting of the first two domains of the human CD4-polypeptide and various domains of the constant regions of the heavy or light chains of mammalian immunoglobulins (EPA 0,394,827; Traunecker *et al.*, *Nature* 331:84-86 (1988)). Fusion proteins that have a disulfide-linked dimeric structure due to the IgG part can also be more efficient in binding and neutralizing other molecules than a monomeric *S. pneumoniae* polypeptide or

fragment thereof alone (Fountoulakis *et al.*, *J. Biochem.* 270:3958-3964 (1995)).

### Diagnostic Assays

The present invention further relates to a method for assaying for *Streptococcal* infection in an animal *via* detecting the expression of genes encoding *Streptococcal* polypeptides (e.g., the polypeptides described Table 1). This method comprises analyzing tissue or body fluid from the animal for *Streptococcus*-specific antibodies or *Streptococcal* nucleic acids or proteins. Analysis of nucleic acid specific to *Streptococcus* can be done by PCR or hybridization techniques using nucleic acid sequences of the present invention as either hybridization probes or primers (*cf. Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, second edition*, edited by Sambrook, Fritsch, & Maniatis, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1989; Eremeeva *et al.*, *J. Clin. Microbiol.* 32:803-810 (1994) which describes differentiation among spotted fever group *Rickettsiae* species by analysis of restriction fragment length polymorphism of PCR-amplified DNA). Methods for detecting *B. burgdorferi* nucleic acids *via* PCR are described, for example, in Chen *et al.*, *J. Clin. Microbiol.* 32:589-595 (1994).

Where diagnosis of a disease state related to infection with *Streptococcus* has already been made, the present invention is useful for monitoring progression or regression of the disease state whereby patients exhibiting enhanced *Streptococcus* gene expression will experience a worse clinical outcome relative to patients expressing these gene(s) at a lower level.

By "assaying for *Streptococcal* infection in an animal *via* detection of genes encoding *Streptococcal* polypeptides" is intended qualitatively or quantitatively measuring or estimating the level of one or more *Streptococcus* polypeptides or the level of nucleic acid encoding *Streptococcus* polypeptides in a first biological sample either directly (e.g., by determining or estimating absolute protein level or nucleic acid level) or relatively (e.g., by comparing to the *Streptococcus* polypeptide level or mRNA level in a second biological sample). The *Streptococcus* polypeptide level or nucleic acid level in the second sample used for a relative comparison may be undetectable if obtained from an animal which is not infected with *Streptococcus*. When monitoring the progression or regression of a disease state, the *Streptococcus* polypeptide level or nucleic acid level may be compared to a second sample obtained from either an animal infected with *Streptococcus* or the same animal from which the first sample was obtained but taken from that animal at a different time than the first. As will be

appreciated in the art, once a standard *Streptococcus* polypeptide level or nucleic acid level which corresponds to a particular stage of a *Streptococcus* infection is known, it can be used repeatedly as a standard for comparison.

By "biological sample" is intended any biological sample obtained from an animal, cell line, tissue culture, or other source which contains *Streptococcus* polypeptide, mRNA, or DNA. Biological samples include body fluids (such as plasma and synovial fluid) which contain *Streptococcus* polypeptides, and muscle, skin, and cartilage tissues. Methods for obtaining tissue biopsies and body fluids are well known in the art.

The present invention is useful for detecting diseases related to *Streptococcus* infections in animals. Preferred animals include monkeys, apes, cats, dogs, cows, pigs, mice, horses, rabbits and humans. Particularly preferred are humans.

Total RNA can be isolated from a biological sample using any suitable technique such as the single-step guanidinium-thiocyanate-phenol-chloroform method described in Chomczynski and Sacchi, *Anal. Biochem.* 162:156-159 (1987). mRNA encoding *Streptococcus* polypeptides having sufficient homology to the nucleic acid sequences identified in Table 1 to allow for hybridization between complementary sequences are then assayed using any appropriate method. These include Northern blot analysis, S1 nuclease mapping, the polymerase chain reaction (PCR), reverse transcription in combination with the polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR), and reverse transcription in combination with the ligase chain reaction (RT-LCR).

Northern blot analysis can be performed as described in Harada *et al.*, *Cell* 63:303-312 (1990). Briefly, total RNA is prepared from a biological sample as described above. For the Northern blot, the RNA is denatured in an appropriate buffer (such as glyoxal/dimethyl sulfoxide/sodium phosphate buffer), subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis, and transferred onto a nitrocellulose filter. After the RNAs have been linked to the filter by a UV linker, the filter is prehybridized in a solution containing formamide, SSC, Denhardt's solution, denatured salmon sperm, SDS, and sodium phosphate buffer. A *S. pneumoniae* polypeptide DNA sequence shown in Table 1 labeled according to any appropriate method (such as the <sup>32</sup>P-multiprime DNA labeling system (Amersham)) is used as probe. After hybridization overnight, the filter is washed and exposed to x-ray film. DNA for use as probe according to the present invention is described in the sections above and will preferably at least 15 bp in length.

5 S1 mapping can be performed as described in Fujita *et al.*, *Cell* 49:357-367 (1987). To prepare probe DNA for use in S1 mapping, the sense strand of an above-described *S. pneumoniae* DNA sequence of the present invention is used as a template to synthesize labeled antisense DNA. The antisense DNA can then be digested using an appropriate restriction endonuclease to generate further DNA probes of a desired length. Such antisense probes are useful for visualizing protected bands corresponding to the target mRNA (i.e., mRNA encoding *Streptococcus* polypeptides).

10 Preferably, levels of mRNA encoding *Streptococcus* polypeptides are assayed using the RT-PCR method described in Makino *et al.*, *Technique* 2:295-301 (1990). By this method, the radioactivities of the "amplicons" in the polyacrylamide gel bands are linearly related to the initial concentration of the target mRNA. Briefly, this method involves adding total RNA isolated from a biological sample in a reaction mixture containing a RT primer and appropriate buffer. After incubating for primer annealing, the mixture can be supplemented with a RT buffer, dNTPs, DTT, RNase inhibitor and reverse transcriptase. After incubation to achieve reverse transcription of the RNA, the RT products are then subject to PCR using labeled primers. 15 Alternatively, rather than labeling the primers, a labeled dNTP can be included in the PCR reaction mixture. PCR amplification can be performed in a DNA thermal cycler according to conventional techniques. After a suitable number of rounds to achieve amplification, the PCR reaction mixture is electrophoresed on a polyacrylamide gel. After drying the gel, the radioactivity of the appropriate bands (corresponding to the mRNA encoding the *Streptococcus* polypeptides) is quantified using an imaging analyzer. RT and PCR reaction ingredients and 20 conditions, reagent and gel concentrations, and labeling methods are well known in the art. Variations on the RT-PCR method will be apparent to the skilled artisan.

25 Assaying *Streptococcus* polypeptide levels in a biological sample can occur using any art-known method. Preferred for assaying *Streptococcus* polypeptide levels in a biological sample are antibody-based techniques. For example, *Streptococcus* polypeptide expression in tissues can be studied with classical immunohistological methods. In these, the specific recognition is provided by the primary antibody (polyclonal or monoclonal) but the secondary detection system can utilize fluorescent, enzyme, or other conjugated secondary antibodies. As a result, an immunohistological staining of tissue section for 30 pathological examination is obtained. Tissues can also be extracted, e.g., with urea and neutral detergent, for the liberation of *Streptococcus* polypeptides for

5           Western-blot or dot/slot assay (Jalkanen, M., *et al.*, *J. Cell. Biol.* 101:976-985 (1985); Jalkanen, M., *et al.*, *J. Cell. Biol.* 105:3087-3096 (1987)). In this technique, which is based on the use of cationic solid phases, quantitation of a *Streptococcus* polypeptide can be accomplished using an isolated *Streptococcus* polypeptide as a standard. This technique can also be applied to body fluids.

10           Other antibody-based methods useful for detecting *Streptococcus* polypeptide gene expression include immunoassays, such as the enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) and the radioimmunoassay (RIA). For example, a *Streptococcus* polypeptide-specific monoclonal antibodies can be used both as an immunoabsorbent and as an enzyme-labeled probe to detect and quantify a *Streptococcus* polypeptide. The amount of a *Streptococcus* polypeptide present in the sample can be calculated by reference to the amount present in a standard preparation using a linear regression computer algorithm. Such an ELISA for detecting a tumor antigen is described in Iacobelli *et al.*, *Breast Cancer Research and Treatment* 11:19-30 (1988). In another ELISA assay, two distinct specific monoclonal antibodies can be used to detect *Streptococcus* polypeptides in a body fluid. In this assay, one of the antibodies is used as the immunoabsorbent and the other as the enzyme-labeled probe.

15           The above techniques may be conducted essentially as a "one-step" or "two-step" assay. The "one-step" assay involves contacting the *Streptococcus* polypeptide with immobilized antibody and, without washing, contacting the mixture with the labeled antibody. The "two-step" assay involves washing before contacting the mixture with the labeled antibody. Other conventional methods may also be employed as suitable. It is usually desirable to immobilize 20 one component of the assay system on a support, thereby allowing other components of the system to be brought into contact with the component and readily removed from the sample.

25           *Streptococcus* polypeptide-specific antibodies for use in the present invention can be raised against an intact *S. pneumoniae* polypeptide of the present invention or fragment thereof. These polypeptides and fragments may be administered to an animal (e.g., rabbit or mouse) either with a carrier protein (e.g., albumin) or, if long enough (e.g., at least about 25 amino acids), without a carrier.

30           As used herein, the term "antibody" (Ab) or "monoclonal antibody" (Mab) is meant to include intact molecules as well as antibody fragments (such as, for example, Fab and F(ab')<sub>2</sub> fragments) which are capable of specifically binding to a *Streptococcus* polypeptide. Fab and F(ab')<sub>2</sub> fragments lack the Fc fragment of intact antibody; clear more rapidly from the circulation, and may

have less non-specific tissue binding of an intact antibody (Wahl *et al.*, *J. Nucl. Med.* 24:316-325 (1983)). Thus, these fragments are preferred.

The antibodies of the present invention may be prepared by any of a variety of methods. For example, the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides identified in Table 1, or fragments thereof, can be administered to an animal in order to induce the production of sera containing polyclonal antibodies. In a preferred method, a preparation of a *S. pneumoniae* polypeptide of the present invention is prepared and purified to render it substantially free of natural contaminants. Such a preparation is then introduced into an animal in order to produce polyclonal antisera of high specific activity.

In the most preferred method, the antibodies of the present invention are monoclonal antibodies. Such monoclonal antibodies can be prepared using hybridoma technology (Kohler *et al.*, *Nature* 256:495 (1975); Kohler *et al.*, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:511 (1976); Kohler *et al.*, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:292 (1976); Hammerling *et al.*, In: *Monoclonal Antibodies and T-Cell Hybridomas*, Elsevier, N.Y., (1981) pp. 563-681). In general, such procedures involve immunizing an animal (preferably a mouse) with a *S. pneumoniae* polypeptide antigen of the present invention. Suitable cells can be recognized by their capacity to bind anti-*Streptococcus* polypeptide antibody. Such cells may be cultured in any suitable tissue culture medium; however, it is preferable to culture cells in Earle's modified Eagle's medium supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum (inactivated at about 56°C), and supplemented with about 10 g/l of nonessential amino acids, about 1,000 U/ml of penicillin, and about 100 µg/ml of streptomycin. The splenocytes of such mice are extracted and fused with a suitable myeloma cell line. Any suitable myeloma cell line may be employed in accordance with the present invention; however, it is preferable to employ the parent myeloma cell line (SP<sub>2</sub>O), available from the American Type Culture Collection, Rockville, Maryland. After fusion, the resulting hybridoma cells are selectively maintained in HAT medium, and then cloned by limiting dilution as described by Wands *et al.* (*Gastroenterology* 80:225-232 (1981)). The hybridoma cells obtained through such a selection are then assayed to identify clones which secrete antibodies capable of binding the *Streptococcus* polypeptide antigen administered to immunized animal.

Alternatively, additional antibodies capable of binding to *Streptococcus* polypeptide antigens may be produced in a two-step procedure through the use of anti-idiotypic antibodies. Such a method makes use of the fact that antibodies are themselves antigens, and that, therefore, it is possible to obtain an antibody

which binds to a second antibody. In accordance with this method, *Streptococcus* polypeptide-specific antibodies are used to immunize an animal, preferably a mouse. The splenocytes of such an animal are then used to produce hybridoma cells, and the hybridoma cells are screened to identify clones which produce an antibody whose ability to bind to the *Streptococcus* polypeptide-specific antibody can be blocked by a *Streptococcus* polypeptide antigen. Such antibodies comprise anti-idiotypic antibodies to the *Streptococcus* polypeptide-specific antibody and can be used to immunize an animal to induce formation of further *Streptococcus* polypeptide-specific antibodies.

It will be appreciated that Fab and  $F(ab')_2$  and other fragments of the antibodies of the present invention may be used according to the methods disclosed herein. Such fragments are typically produced by proteolytic cleavage, using enzymes such as papain (to produce Fab fragments) or pepsin (to produce  $F(ab')_2$  fragments). Alternatively, *Streptococcus* polypeptide-binding fragments can be produced through the application of recombinant DNA technology or through synthetic chemistry.

Of special interest to the present invention are antibodies to *Streptococcus* polypeptide antigens which are produced in humans, or are "humanized" (i.e., non-immunogenic in a human) by recombinant or other technology. Humanized antibodies may be produced, for example by replacing an immunogenic portion of an antibody with a corresponding, but non-immunogenic portion (i.e., chimeric antibodies) (Robinson, R.R. *et al.*, International Patent Publication PCT/US86/02269; Akira, K. *et al.*, European Patent Application 184,187; Taniguchi, M., European Patent Application 171,496; Morrison, S.L. *et al.*, European Patent Application 173,494; Neuberger, M.S. *et al.*, PCT Application WO 86/01533; Cabilly, S. *et al.*, European Patent Application 125,023; Better, M. *et al.*, *Science* 240:1041-1043 (1988); Liu, A.Y. *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 84:3439-3443 (1987); Liu, A.Y. *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* 139:3521-3526 (1987); Sun, L.K. *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 84:214-218 (1987); Nishimura, Y. *et al.*, *Canc. Res.* 47:999-1005 (1987); Wood, C.R. *et al.*, *Nature* 314:446-449 (1985); Shaw *et al.*, *J. Natl. Cancer Inst.* 80:1553-1559 (1988). General reviews of "humanized" chimeric antibodies are provided by Morrison, S.L. (*Science*, 229:1202-1207 (1985)) and by Oi, V.T. *et al.*, *BioTechniques* 4:214 (1986)). Suitable "humanized" antibodies can be alternatively produced by CDR or CEA substitution (Jones, P.T. *et al.*, *Nature* 321:552-525 (1986);

Verhoeyan *et al.*, *Science* 239:1534 (1988); Beidler, C.B. *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* 141:4053-4060 (1988)).

Suitable enzyme labels include, for example, those from the oxidase group, which catalyze the production of hydrogen peroxide by reacting with substrate. Glucose oxidase is particularly preferred as it has good stability and its substrate (glucose) is readily available. Activity of an oxidase label may be assayed by measuring the concentration of hydrogen peroxide formed by the enzyme-labeled antibody/substrate reaction. Besides enzymes, other suitable labels include radioisotopes, such as iodine ( $^{125}\text{I}$ ,  $^{121}\text{I}$ ), carbon ( $^{14}\text{C}$ ), sulphur ( $^{35}\text{S}$ ), tritium ( $^3\text{H}$ ), indium ( $^{112}\text{In}$ ), and technetium ( $^{99\text{m}}\text{Tc}$ ), and fluorescent labels, such as fluorescein and rhodamine, and biotin.

Further suitable labels for the *Streptococcus* polypeptide-specific antibodies of the present invention are provided below. Examples of suitable enzyme labels include malate dehydrogenase, staphylococcal nuclease, delta-5-steroid isomerase, yeast-alcohol dehydrogenase, alpha-glycerol phosphate dehydrogenase, triose phosphate isomerase, peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase, asparaginase, glucose oxidase, beta-galactosidase, ribonuclease, urease, catalase, glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase, glucoamylase, and acetylcholine esterase.

Examples of suitable radioisotopic labels include  $^3\text{H}$ ,  $^{111}\text{In}$ ,  $^{125}\text{I}$ ,  $^{131}\text{I}$ ,  $^{32}\text{P}$ ,  $^{35}\text{S}$ ,  $^{14}\text{C}$ ,  $^{51}\text{Cr}$ ,  $^{57}\text{To}$ ,  $^{58}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{59}\text{Fe}$ ,  $^{75}\text{Se}$ ,  $^{152}\text{Eu}$ ,  $^{90}\text{Y}$ ,  $^{67}\text{Cu}$ ,  $^{217}\text{At}$ ,  $^{212}\text{Pb}$ ,  $^{47}\text{Sc}$ ,  $^{109}\text{Pd}$  etc.  $^{111}\text{In}$  is a preferred isotope where *in vivo* imaging is used since it avoids the problem of dehalogenation of the  $^{125}\text{I}$  or  $^{131}\text{I}$ -labeled monoclonal antibody by the liver. In addition, this radionucleotide has a more favorable gamma emission energy for imaging (Perkins *et al.*, *Eur. J. Nucl. Med.* 10:296-301 (1985); Carasquillo *et al.*, *J. Nucl. Med.* 28:281-287 (1987)). For example,  $^{111}\text{In}$  coupled to monoclonal antibodies with 1-(P-isothiocyanatobenzyl)-DPTA has shown little uptake in non-tumorous tissues, particularly the liver, and therefore enhances specificity of tumor localization (Esteban *et al.*, *J. Nucl. Med.* 28:861-870 (1987)).

Examples of suitable non-radioactive isotopic labels include  $^{157}\text{Gd}$ ,  $^{55}\text{Mn}$ ,  $^{162}\text{Dy}$ ,  $^{52}\text{Tr}$ , and  $^{56}\text{Fe}$ .

Examples of suitable fluorescent labels include an  $^{152}\text{Eu}$  label, a fluorescein label, an isothiocyanate label, a rhodamine label, a phycoerythrin label, a phycocyanin label, an allophycocyanin label, an o-phthaldehyde label, and a fluorescamine label.

Examples of suitable toxin labels include diphtheria toxin, ricin, and cholera toxin.

Examples of chemiluminescent labels include a luminal label, an isoluminal label, an aromatic acridinium ester label, an imidazole label, an acridinium salt label, an oxalate ester label, a luciferin label, a luciferase label, and an aequorin label.

5 Examples of nuclear magnetic resonance contrasting agents include heavy metal nuclei such as Gd, Mn, and iron.

10 Typical techniques for binding the above-described labels to antibodies are provided by Kennedy *et al.*, *Clin. Chim. Acta* 70:1-31 (1976), and Schurs *et al.*, *Clin. Chim. Acta* 81:1-40 (1977). Coupling techniques mentioned in the latter are the glutaraldehyde method, the periodate method, the dimaleimide method, the m-maleimidobenzyl-N-hydroxy-succinimide ester method, all of which methods are incorporated by reference herein.

15 In a related aspect, the invention includes a diagnostic kit for use in screening serum containing antibodies specific against *S. pneumoniae* infection. Such a kit may include an isolated *S. pneumoniae* antigen comprising an epitope which is specifically immunoreactive with at least one anti-*S. pneumoniae* antibody. Such a kit also includes means for detecting the binding 20 of said antibody to the antigen. In specific embodiments, the kit may include a recombinantly produced or chemically synthesized peptide or polypeptide antigen. The peptide or polypeptide antigen may be attached to a solid support.

25 In a more specific embodiment, the detecting means of the above-described kit includes a solid support to which said peptide or polypeptide antigen is attached. Such a kit may also include a non-attached reporter-labelled anti-human antibody. In this embodiment, binding of the antibody to the *S. pneumoniae* antigen can be detected by binding of the reporter labelled antibody to the anti-*S. pneumoniae* antibody.

30 In a related aspect, the invention includes a method of detecting *S. pneumoniae* infection in a subject. This detection method includes reacting a body fluid, preferably serum, from the subject with an isolated *S. pneumoniae* antigen, and examining the antigen for the presence of bound antibody. In a specific embodiment, the method includes a polypeptide antigen attached to a solid support, and serum is reacted with the support. Subsequently, the support is reacted with a reporter-labelled anti-human antibody. The support is then examined for the presence of reporter-labelled antibody.

35 The solid surface reagent employed in the above assays and kits is prepared by known techniques for attaching protein material to solid support material, such as polymeric beads, dip sticks, 96-well plates or filter material. These attachment methods generally include non-specific adsorption of the

protein to the support or covalent attachment of the protein, typically through a free amine group, to a chemically reactive group on the solid support, such as an activated carboxyl, hydroxyl, or aldehyde group. Alternatively, streptavidin coated plates can be used in conjunction with biotinylated antigen(s).

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#### *Therapeutics and Modes of Administration*

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The present invention also provides vaccines comprising one or more polypeptides of the present invention. Heterogeneity in the composition of a vaccine may be provided by combining *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the present invention. Multi-component vaccines of this type are desirable because they are likely to be more effective in eliciting protective immune responses against multiple species and strains of the *Streptococcus* genus than single polypeptide vaccines. Thus, as discussed in detail below, a multi-component vaccine of the present invention may contain one or more, preferably 2 to about 20, more preferably 2 to about 15, and most preferably 3 to about 8, of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides identified in Table 1, or fragments thereof.

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Multi-component vaccines are known in the art to elicit antibody production to numerous immunogenic components. Decker, M. and Edwards, K., *J. Infect. Dis.* 174:S270-275 (1996). In addition, a hepatitis B, diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis tetravalent vaccine has recently been demonstrated to elicit protective levels of antibodies in human infants against all four pathogenic agents. Aristegui, J. *et al.*, *Vaccine* 15:7-9 (1997).

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The present invention thus also includes multi-component vaccines. These vaccines comprise more than one polypeptide, immunogen or antigen. An example of such a multi-component vaccine would be a vaccine comprising more than one of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides described in Table 1. A second example is a vaccine comprising one or more, for example 2 to 10, of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides identified in Table 1 and one or more, for example 2 to 10, additional polypeptides of either streptococcal or non-streptococcal origin. Thus, a multi-component vaccine which confers protective immunity to both a Streptococcal infection and infection by another pathogenic agent is also within the scope of the invention.

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As indicated above, the vaccines of the present invention are expected to elicit a protective immune response against infections caused by species and strains of *Streptococcus* other than strain of *S. pneumoniae* deposited with that ATCC.

Further within the scope of the invention are whole cell and whole viral vaccines. Such vaccines may be produced recombinantly and involve the

5 expression of one or more of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides described in Table 1. For example, the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the present invention may be either secreted or localized intracellular, on the cell surface, or in the periplasmic space. Further, when a recombinant virus is used, the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the present invention may, for example, be localized in the viral envelope, on the surface of the capsid, or internally within the capsid. Whole cells vaccines which employ cells expressing heterologous proteins are known in the art. See, e.g., Robinson, K. et al., *Nature Biotech.* 15:653-657 (1997); Sirard, J. et al., *Infect. Immun.* 65:2029-2033 (1997); Chabalgoity, J. et al., *Infect. Immun.* 65:2402-2412 (1997). These cells may be administered live or may be killed prior to administration. Chabalgoity, J. et al., *supra*, for example, report the successful use in mice of a live attenuated *Salmonella* vaccine strain which expresses a portion of a platyhelminth fatty acid-binding protein as a fusion protein on its cells surface.

10 15 A multi-component vaccine can also be prepared using techniques known in the art by combining one or more *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the present invention, or fragments thereof, with additional non-streptococcal components (e.g., diphtheria toxin or tetanus toxin, and/or other compounds known to elicit an immune response). Such vaccines are useful for eliciting protective immune responses to both members of the *Streptococcus* genus and non-streptococcal pathogenic agents.

20 25 The vaccines of the present invention also include DNA vaccines. DNA vaccines are currently being developed for a number of infectious diseases. Boyer, J et al., *Nat. Med.* 3:526-532 (1997); reviewed in Spier, R., *Vaccine* 14:1285-1288 (1996). Such DNA vaccines contain a nucleotide sequence encoding one or more *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the present invention oriented in a manner that allows for expression of the subject polypeptide. The direct administration of plasmid DNA encoding *B. burgdorferi* OspA has been shown to elicit protective immunity in mice against borrelial challenge. Luke, C. et al., *J. Infect. Dis.* 175:91-97 (1997).

30 35 The present invention also relates to the administration of a vaccine which is co-administered with a molecule capable of modulating immune responses. Kim, J. et al., *Nature Biotech.* 15:641-646 (1997), for example, report the enhancement of immune responses produced by DNA immunizations when DNA sequences encoding molecules which stimulate the immune response are co-administered. In a similar fashion, the vaccines of the present invention may be co-administered with either nucleic acids encoding immune modulators or the immune modulators themselves. These immune modulators

include granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF) and CD86.

The vaccines of the present invention may be used to confer resistance to streptococcal infection by either passive or active immunization. When the vaccines of the present invention are used to confer resistance to streptococcal infection through active immunization, a vaccine of the present invention is administered to an animal to elicit a protective immune response which either prevents or attenuates a streptococcal infection. When the vaccines of the present invention are used to confer resistance to streptococcal infection through passive immunization, the vaccine is provided to a host animal (e.g., human, dog, or mouse), and the antisera elicited by this antisera is recovered and directly provided to a recipient suspected of having an infection caused by a member of the *Streptococcus* genus.

The ability to label antibodies, or fragments of antibodies, with toxin molecules provides an additional method for treating streptococcal infections when passive immunization is conducted. In this embodiment, antibodies, or fragments of antibodies, capable of recognizing the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides disclosed herein, or fragments thereof, as well as other *Streptococcus* proteins, are labeled with toxin molecules prior to their administration to the patient. When such toxin derivatized antibodies bind to *Streptococcus* cells, toxin moieties will be localized to these cells and will cause their death.

The present invention thus concerns and provides a means for preventing or attenuating a streptococcal infection resulting from organisms which have antigens that are recognized and bound by antisera produced in response to the polypeptides of the present invention. As used herein, a vaccine is said to prevent or attenuate a disease if its administration to an animal results either in the total or partial attenuation (i.e., suppression) of a symptom or condition of the disease, or in the total or partial immunity of the animal to the disease.

The administration of the vaccine (or the antisera which it elicits) may be for either a "prophylactic" or "therapeutic" purpose. When provided prophylactically, the compound(s) are provided in advance of any symptoms of streptococcal infection. The prophylactic administration of the compound(s) serves to prevent or attenuate any subsequent infection. When provided therapeutically, the compound(s) is provided upon or after the detection of symptoms which indicate that an animal may be infected with a member of the *Streptococcus* genus. The therapeutic administration of the compound(s) serves to attenuate any actual infection. Thus, the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides, and

fragments thereof, of the present invention may be provided either prior to the onset of infection (so as to prevent or attenuate an anticipated infection) or after the initiation of an actual infection.

5 The polypeptides of the invention, whether encoding a portion of a native protein or a functional derivative thereof, may be administered in pure form or may be coupled to a macromolecular carrier. Examples of such carriers are proteins and carbohydrates. Suitable proteins which may act as macromolecular carrier for enhancing the immunogenicity of the polypeptides of the present invention include keyhole limpet hemacyanin (KLH) tetanus toxoid, pertussis toxin, bovine serum albumin, and ovalbumin. Methods for coupling the polypeptides of the present invention to such macromolecular carriers are disclosed in Harlow *et al.*, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, 2nd Ed.; Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York (1988), the entire disclosure of which is incorporated by reference herein.

10 15 A composition is said to be "pharmacologically acceptable" if its administration can be tolerated by a recipient animal and is otherwise suitable for administration to that animal. Such an agent is said to be administered in a "therapeutically effective amount" if the amount administered is physiologically significant. An agent is physiologically significant if its presence results in a detectable change in the physiology of a recipient patient.

20 25 While in all instances the vaccine of the present invention is administered as a pharmacologically acceptable compound, one skilled in the art would recognize that the composition of a pharmacologically acceptable compound varies with the animal to which it is administered. For example, a vaccine intended for human use will generally not be co-administered with Freund's adjuvant. Further, the level of purity of the *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides of the present invention will normally be higher when administered to a human than when administered to a non-human animal.

30 35 As would be understood by one of ordinary skill in the art, when the vaccine of the present invention is provided to an animal, it may be in a composition which may contain salts, buffers, adjuvants, or other substances which are desirable for improving the efficacy of the composition. Adjuvants are substances that can be used to specifically augment a specific immune response. These substances generally perform two functions: (1) they protect the antigen(s) from being rapidly catabolized after administration and (2) they nonspecifically stimulate immune responses.

Normally, the adjuvant and the composition are mixed prior to presentation to the immune system, or presented separately, but into the same

40 site of the animal being immunized. Adjuvants can be loosely divided into several groups based upon their composition. These groups include oil adjuvants (for example, Freund's complete and incomplete), mineral salts (for example,  $AlK(SO_4)_2$ ,  $AlNa(SO_4)_2$ ,  $AlNH_4(SO_4)_2$ , silica, kaolin, and carbon), 5 polynucleotides (for example, poly IC and poly AU acids), and certain natural substances (for example, wax D from *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, as well as substances found in *Corynebacterium parvum*, or *Bordetella pertussis*, and members of the genus *Brucella*). Other substances useful as adjuvants are the saponins such as, for example, Quil A. (Superfos A/S, Denmark). Preferred adjuvants for use in the present invention include aluminum salts, such as 10  $AlK(SO_4)_2$ ,  $AlNa(SO_4)_2$ , and  $AlNH_4(SO_4)_2$ . Examples of materials suitable for use in vaccine compositions are provided in *Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences* (Osol, A, Ed, Mack Publishing Co, Easton, PA, pp. 1324-1341 15 (1980), which reference is incorporated herein by reference).

15 The therapeutic compositions of the present invention can be administered parenterally by injection, rapid infusion, nasopharyngeal absorption (intranasopharangeally), dermoabsorption, or orally. The compositions may alternatively be administered intramuscularly, or 20 intravenously. Compositions for parenteral administration include sterile aqueous or non-aqueous solutions, suspensions, and emulsions. Examples of non-aqueous solvents are propylene glycol, polyethylene glycol, vegetable oils such as olive oil, and injectable organic esters such as ethyl oleate. Carriers or 25 occlusive dressings can be used to increase skin permeability and enhance antigen absorption. Liquid dosage forms for oral administration may generally comprise a liposome solution containing the liquid dosage form. Suitable forms for suspending liposomes include emulsions, suspensions, solutions, syrups, and elixirs containing inert diluents commonly used in the art, such as purified 30 water. Besides the inert diluents, such compositions can also include adjuvants, wetting agents, emulsifying and suspending agents, or sweetening, flavoring, or perfuming agents.

35 Therapeutic compositions of the present invention can also be administered in encapsulated form. For example, intranasal immunization of mice against *Bordetella pertussis* infection using vaccines encapsulated in biodegradable microsphere composed of poly(DL-lactide-co-glycolide) has been shown to stimulate protective immune responses. Shahin, R. et al., *Infect. Immun.* 63:1195-1200 (1995). Similarly, orally administered encapsulated *Salmonella typhimurium* antigens have also been shown to elicit protective

immunity in mice. Allaoui-Attarki, K. *et al.*, *Infect. Immun.* 65:853-857 (1997). Encapsulated vaccines of the present invention can be administered by a variety of routes including those involving contacting the vaccine with mucous membranes (e.g., intranasally, intracolonically, intraduodenally).

Many different techniques exist for the timing of the immunizations when a multiple administration regimen is utilized. It is possible to use the compositions of the invention more than once to increase the levels and diversities of expression of the immunoglobulin repertoire expressed by the immunized animal. Typically, if multiple immunizations are given, they will be given one to two months apart.

According to the present invention, an "effective amount" of a therapeutic composition is one which is sufficient to achieve a desired biological effect. Generally, the dosage needed to provide an effective amount of the composition will vary depending upon such factors as the animal's or human's age, condition, sex, and extent of disease, if any, and other variables which can be adjusted by one of ordinary skill in the art.

The antigenic preparations of the invention can be administered by either single or multiple dosages of an effective amount. Effective amounts of the compositions of the invention can vary from 0.01-1,000  $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$  per dose, more preferably 0.1-500  $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$  per dose, and most preferably 10-300  $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$  per dose.

Having now generally described the invention, the same will be more readily understood through reference to the following example which is provided by way of illustration, and is not intended to be limiting of the present invention, unless specified.

### *Examples*

#### *Example 1: Expression and Purification of *S. pneumoniae* Polypeptides in *E. coli**

The bacterial expression vector pQE10 (QIAGEN, Inc., 9259 Eton Avenue, Chatsworth, CA, 91311) is used in this example for cloning of the nucleotide sequences shown in Table 1 and for expressing the polypeptides identified in Table 1. The components of the pQE10 plasmid are arranged such that the inserted DNA sequence encoding a polypeptide of the present invention expresses the polypeptide with the six His residues (*i.e.*, a "6 X His tag") covalently linked to the amino terminus.

The DNA sequences encoding the desired portions of the polypeptides of Table 1 are amplified using PCR oligonucleotide primers from either a DNA

library constructed from *S. pneumoniae*, such as the one deposited by the inventors at the ATCC for convenience, ATCC Deposit No. 97755, or from DNA isolated from the same organism such as the *S. pneumoniae* strain deposited with the ATCC as Deposit No. 55840. A list of PCR primers which can be used for this purpose is provided in Table 3, below. The PCR primers anneal to the nucleotide sequences encoding both the amino terminal and carboxy terminal amino acid sequences of the desired portion of the polypeptides of Table 1. Additional nucleotides containing restriction sites to facilitate cloning in the pQE10 vector were added to the 5' and 3' primer sequences, respectively. Such restriction sites are listed in Table 3 for each primer. In each case, the primer comprises, from the 5' end, 4 random nucleotides to prevent "breathing" during the annealing process, a restriction site (shown in Table 3), and approximately 15 nucleotides of *S. pneumoniae* ORF sequence (the complete sequence of each cloning primer is shown as SEQ ID NO:227 through SEQ ID NO:452).

For cloning the polypeptides of Table 1, the 5' and 3' primers were selected to amplify their respective nucleotide coding sequences. One of ordinary skill in the art would appreciate that the point in the protein coding sequence where the 5' primer begins may be varied to amplify a DNA segment encoding any desired portion of the complete amino acid sequences described in Table 1. Similarly, one of ordinary skill in the art would further appreciate that the point in the protein coding sequence where the 3' primer begins may also be varied to amplify a DNA segment encoding any desired portion of the complete amino acid sequences described in Table 1.

The amplified DNA fragment and the pQE10 vector are digested with the appropriate restriction enzyme(s) and the digested DNAs are then ligated together. The ligation mixture is transformed into competent *E. coli* cells using standard procedures such as those described in Sambrook *et al.*, *Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual*, 2nd Ed.; Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y. (1989). Transformants are identified by their ability to grow under selective pressure on LB plates. Plasmid DNA is isolated from resistant colonies and the identity of the cloned DNA confirmed by restriction analysis, PCR and DNA sequencing.

Clones containing the desired constructs are grown overnight ("O/N") in liquid culture under selection. The O/N culture is used to inoculate a large culture, at a dilution of approximately 1:25 to 1:250. The cells are grown to an optical density at 600 nm ("OD600") of between 0.4 and 0.6. Isopropyl-β-D-thiogalactopyranoside ("IPTG") is then added to a final concentration of 1 mM

to induce transcription from the *lac* repressor sensitive promoter, by inactivating the *lacI* repressor. Cells subsequently are incubated further for 3 to 4 hours. Cells are then harvested by centrifugation.

5 The cells are stirred for 3-4 hours at 4 C in 6M guanidine-HCl, pH 8. The cell debris is removed by centrifugation, and the supernatant containing the protein of interest is loaded onto a nickel-nitrolo-tri-acetic acid ("NiNTA") affinity resin column (available from QIAGEN, Inc., *supra*). Proteins with a 10 6x His tag bind to the NI-NTA resin with high affinity and can be purified in a simple one-step procedure (for details see: The QIAexpressionist, 1995, QIAGEN, Inc., *supra*). Briefly, the supernatant is loaded onto the column in 6 M guanidine-HCl, pH8, the column is first washed with 10 volumes of 6 M guanidine-HCl, pH8, then washed with 10 volumes of 6 M guanidine-HCl pH6, and finally the polypeptide is eluted with 6 M guanidine-HCl, pH 5.0.

15 The purified protein is then renatured by dialyzing it against phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) or 50 mM Na-acetate, pH 6 buffer plus 200 mM NaCl. Alternatively, the protein can be successfully refolded while immobilized on the 20 Ni-NTA column. The recommended conditions are as follows: renature using a linear 6M-1M urea gradient in 500 mM NaCl, 20% glycerol, 20 mM Tris/HCl pH7.4, containing protease inhibitors. The renaturation should be performed over a period of 1.5 hours or more. After renaturation the proteins can be eluted by the addition of 250 mM imidazole. Imidazole is removed by a final dialyzing step against PBS or 50 mM sodium acetate pH6 buffer plus 200 mM NaCl. The purified protein is stored at 4°C or frozen at -80°C.

25 The DNA sequences encoding the amino acid sequences of Table 1 may also be cloned and expressed as fusion proteins by a protocol similar to that described directly above, wherein the pET-32b(+) vector (Novagen, 601 Science Drive, Madison, WI 53711) is preferentially used in place of pQE10.

30 Each of the polynucleotides shown in Table 1, was successfully amplified and subcloned into pQE10 as described above using the PCR primers shown in Table 3. These pQE10 plasmids containing the DNAs of Table 1, except SP023, SP042, SP054, SP063, SP081, SP092, SP114, SP122, SP123, SP126, and SP127, were deposited with the ATCC as a pooled deposit as a convenience to those of skill in the art. This pooled deposit was deposited on October 16, 1997 and given ATCC Deposit No. 209369. Those of ordinary skill in the art appreciate that isolating an individual plasmid from the pooled deposit is trivial provided the information and reagents described herein. Each 35 of the deposited clones is capable of expressing its encoded *S. pneumoniae* polypeptide.

*Example 2: Immunization and Detection of Immune Responses**Methods**Growth of bacterial inoculum, immunization of Mice and Challenge with *S. pneumoniae*.*

Propagation and storage of, and challenge by *S. pneumoniae* are performed essentially as described in Aaberge, I.S. et al., Virulence of *Streptococcus pneumoniae* in mice: a standardized method for preparation and frozen storage of the experimental bacterial inoculum, *Microbial Pathogenesis*, 18:141 (1995), incorporated herein by reference.

Briefly, Todd Hewitt (TH) broth (Difco laboratories, Detroit, MI) with 17% FCS, and horse blood agar plates are used for culturing the bacteria. Both broth and blood plates are incubated at 37°C in a 5% CO<sub>2</sub> atmosphere. Blood plates are incubated for 18 hr. The culture broth is regularly 10-fold serially diluted in TH broth kept at room temperature and bacterial suspensions are kept at room temperature until challenge of mice.

For active immunizations C3H/HeJ mice (The Jackson Laboratory, Bar Harbor, ME) are injected intraperitoneally (i.p.) at week 0 with 20 g of recombinant streptococcal protein, or phosphate-buffered saline (PBS), emulsified with complete Freund's adjuvant (CFA), given a similar booster immunization in incomplete Freund's adjuvant (IFA) at week 4, and challenged at week 6. For challenge *S. pneumoniae* are diluted in TH broth from exponentially-growing cultures and mice are injected subcutaneously (s.c.) at the base of the tail with 0.1 ml of these dilutions (serial dilutions are used to find medium infectious dose). Streptococci used for challenge are passaged fewer than six times *in vitro*. To assess infection, blood samples are obtained from the distal part of the lateral femoral vein into heparinized capillary tubes. A 25 ul blood sample is serially 10-fold diluted in TH broth, and 25 ul of diluted and undiluted blood is plated onto blood agar plates. The plates are incubated for 18 hr. and colonies are counted.

Other methods are known in the art, for example, see Langermann, S. et al., *J. Exp. Med.*, 180:2277 (1994), incorporated herein by reference.

### *Immunoassays*

Several immunoassay formats are used to quantify levels of streptococcal-specific antibodies (ELISA and immunoblot), and to evaluate the functional properties of these antibodies (growth inhibition assay). The ELISA and immunoblot assays are also used to detect and quantify antibodies elicited in response to streptococcal infection that react with specific streptococcal antigens. Where antibodies to certain streptococcal antigens are elicited by infection this is taken as evidence that the streptococcal proteins in question are expressed *in vivo*. Absence of infection-derived antibodies (seroconversion) following streptococcal challenge is evidence that infection is prevented or suppressed. The immunoblot assay is also used to ascertain whether antibodies raised against recombinant streptococcal antigens recognize a protein of similar size in extracts of whole streptococci. Where the natural protein is of similar, or identical, size in the immunoblot assay to the recombinant version of the same protein, this is taken as evidence that the recombinant protein is the product of a full-length clone of the respective gene.

#### *Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbant Assay (ELISA).*

The ELISA is used to quantify levels of antibodies reactive with streptococcus antigens elicited in response to immunization with these streptococcal antigens. Wells of 96 well microtiter plates (Immunon 4, Dynatech, Chantilly, Virginia, or equivalent) are coated with antigen by incubating 50  $\mu$ l of 1 g/ml protein antigen solution in a suitable buffer, typically 0.1 M sodium carbonate buffer at pH 9.6. After decanting unbound antigen, additional binding sites are blocked by incubating 100  $\mu$ l of 3% nonfat milk in wash buffer (PBS, 0.2% Tween 20, pH 7.4). After washing, duplicate serial two-fold dilutions of sera in PBS, Tween 20, 1% fetal bovine serum, are incubated for 1 hr, removed, wells are washed three times, and incubated with horseradish peroxidase-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG. After three washes, bound antibodies are detected with H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> and 2,2'-azino-di-(3-ethylbenzthiazoline sulfonate) (Schwan, T.G., *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:2909-2913 (1985)) (ABTS®, Kirkegaard & Perry Labs., Gaithersburg, MD) and A405 is quantified with a Molecular Devices, Corp. (Menlo Park, California) Vmax™ plate reader. IgG levels twice the background level in serum from naive mice are assigned the minimum titer of 1:100.

*Sodiumdodecylsulfate-Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) and Immunoblotting*

Using a single well format, total streptococcal protein extracts or recombinant streptococcal antigen are boiled in SDS/2-ME sample buffer before electrophoresis through 3% acrylamide stacking gels, and resolving gels of higher acrylamide concentration, typically 10-15% acrylamide monomer. Gels are electro-blotted to nitrocellulose membranes and lanes are probed with dilutions of antibody to be tested for reactivity with specific streptococcal antigens, followed by the appropriate secondary antibody-enzyme (horseradish peroxidase) conjugate. When it is desirable to confirm that the protein had transferred following electro-blotting, membranes are stained with Ponceau S. Immunoblot signals from bound antibodies are detected on x-ray film as chemiluminescence using ECL™ reagents (Amersham Corp., Arlington Heights, Illinois).

*Example 3: Detection of *Streptococcus* mRNA expression*

Northern blot analysis is carried out using methods described by, among others, Sambrook *et al.*, *supra*, to detect the expression of the *S. pneumoniae* nucleotide sequences of the present invention in animal tissues. A cDNA probe containing an entire nucleotide sequence shown in Table 1 is labeled with  $^{32}\text{P}$  using the *rediprime*™ DNA labeling system (Amersham Life Science), according to manufacturer's instructions. After labeling, the probe is purified using a CHROMA SPIN-100™ column (Clontech Laboratories, Inc.), according to manufacturer's protocol number PT1200-1. The purified labeled probe is then used to detect the expression of *Streptococcus* mRNA in an animal tissue sample.

Animal tissues, such as blood or spinal fluid, are examined with the labeled probe using ExpressHyb™ hybridization solution (Clontech) according to manufacturer's protocol number PT1190-1. Following hybridization and washing, the blots are mounted and exposed to film at -70 C overnight, and films developed according to standard procedures.

It will be clear that the invention may be practiced otherwise than as particularly described in the foregoing description and examples.

Numerous modifications and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above teachings and, therefore, are within the scope of the appended claims.

The entire disclosure of all publications (including patents, patent applications, journal articles, laboratory manuals, books, or other documents) cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference.

Table 1

## SP001 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:1)

TAAAATCTACGACAATAAACTAACCTATTGCTGACTTGGGTTCTGAACGCCGCGTCAATGCCAAGC  
 TAATGATATTCCCACAGATTGGTTAAGGCAATCGTTCTATCGAAGACCATCGCTCTTCGACCACAG  
 GGGGATTGATACCATCGTATCCTGGGAGCTTCTTGCACGAACTCGCAAGCAATTCCCTCCAAGGTGG  
 ATCAACTCTACCCAAACAGTTGATTAAGTGTACTTACTTTCACTTCGACTTCCGACCAGACTATTC  
 TCGTAAGGCTCAGGAAGCTCGTTAGCCATTAGTTAGAACAAAAGCAACCAAGCAAGAAATCTGAC  
 CTACTATATAAATAAGGTCTACATGTCTAATGGAACTATGGAATGCAAGACAGCAGCTAAAACACTA  
 TGGTAAAGACCTCAATAATTAAAGTTACCTCAGTTAGCCTTCTGGCTGGAAATGCCTCAGGCACCAAA  
 CCAATATGACCCCTATTACACATCCAGAAGCAGCCCAAGACCCCGAAACTTGGTCTTATCTGAAATGAA  
 AAATCAAGGCTACATCTGTGTAACAGTATGAGAAAGCAGTCATAACACCAATTACTGATGGACTACA  
 AAGTCTAAATCAGCAAGTAATTACCCCTGTTACATGGATAATTACCTCAAGGAAGTCATCAATCAAGT  
 TGAAGAAGAAAACAGGCTATAACCTACTCACAACCTGGGATGGATGTCTACACAAATGATGACCAAGC  
 TCAAAAACATCTGTTGGATATTACAATACAGACCAATACGTTGCCTATCCAGACGATGAATTGCAAGT  
 CGCTTCTACCATTTGATGTTCTAACGGTAAAGTCATTGCCAGCTAGGAGCACGCCATCAGTCAG  
 TAATGTTCTTCGGAATTAAACCAAGCAGTAGAAAACAAACCCGACTGGGGATCAACTATGAAACCGAT  
 CACAGACTATGCTCTGCCTTGGAGTACGGTGTACGATTCAACTGCTACTATCGTTACGATGAGCC  
 CTATAACTACCCCTGGGACAATACTCCTGTTATACTGGGATAGGGCTACTTGGCAACATCACCTT  
 GCAATAACGCCCTGCAACAATCGCGAACACGTCCCAGCCGTGGAAACTCTAAACAAGGTCGGACTCAACCG  
 CGCCAAGACTTCTAAATGGTCTAGGAATCGACTACCCAACTATTCACTACTCAAATGCCATTCAAG  
 TAACACAACCGAATCAGACAAAAAATATGGAGCAAGTAGTGAAGAAGATGGCTGCTGCTTACGCTGCC  
 TGAAATGGTGGAACTTACTATAAACCAATGTATATCCATAAAGTCGTCTTAGTGAATGGGAGTGAAA  
 AGAGTTCTCTAAATGTCGGAACCTCGTGCCTAGGAAACGACAGCCTATATGATGACCATGATGAA  
 AACAGTCTGACTTATGGAACCTGGACGAAATGCCATTCTGCTTGGCTCCCTCAGGCTGGTAAAACAGG  
 AACCTCTAACTATACAGACGAGGAATTGAAAACACATCAAGACCTCTCAATTGCTAGCACCTGATGA  
 ACTATTGCTGGCTATACCGTAAATATTCAATGGCTGTATGGACAGGCTATTCTAACCGTCTGACACC  
 ACTTGAGGAATGGCTTACGGTCTGCAAAGTTACCGCTCTATGATGACCTACCTGCTGAAGG  
 AAGCAATCCAGAAGATTGGAATATACCAGAGGGCTCTACAGAAATGGAGAATTGTTAAAAATGG  
 TGCTCGTCTACGTGGAACCTACCTGCTCCACAACAACCCCATCAACTGAAAGTCAGCTCATCATC  
 AGATAGTTCAACTCACAGTCTAGCTCAACCACCTCAAGCACAATAATAGTACGACTACCAATCCTAA  
 CAATAATACGCAACAATCAAAATACAACCCCTGATCAACAAAATCAGAATCCTCAACCAGCACAAACCA

## SP001 AMINO ACID (SEQ ID NO:2)

KIYDNKNQLIADLGSERVNAQANDIPTDLVKAIIVSIEDHFFDHRGIDTIRILGAFLRNLQSNSLQGG  
 STLTQQLIKLTYFSTSTSQTISRKQAQEWLAIQLEQKATKQEILTYINKVYMSNGNYGMQTAQNY  
 GKDLNNLSPQLALLAGMPQAPNQYDPYSHPEAAQDRRNLVLSSEMKNQGYISAEQYEKAVNTPITDGLQ  
 SLKSASNYPAYMDNLKEVINQVEETGYNLLTTGMDVYTNVDQEAKHLWDIYNTDEYVAYPDDELQV  
 ASTIVDVSNGKVIQLGARHQSSNVSGINQAVETNRDWGSTMKPITDYPALEYGVYDSTATIVHDEP  
 YNYPGTNTPVYNWDRGYFGNITLQYALQQRNVPAVETLNKVLNRKFTLNGLGIDYPSIHYNSNAISS  
 NTTESDKKYGASSEKMAAAYAAFANGTYYKPMYIHKVVFSDGSEKEFNVGTRAMKETTAYMMTDMMK  
 TVLTYGTGRNAYLAWLPQAGKTGTSNYTDEEIEHNIKTSQFVAPDELFAGYTRKYSMAWTGYSNRLTP  
 LVGNGLTVAAKVYRSMMTYLSEGSNPEDWNIPEGLYRNGEFVFKNGARSTWNSPAPQQPPSTESSSSSS  
 DSSTSQSSSTTPSTNNSTTNPNNNNTQSQNTTPDQQNQNPPQPAQP

## SP004 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:3)

AAATTACAATACGGACTATGAATTGACCTCTGGAGAAAAATTACCTCTCCTAAAGAGATTCAGGTTA  
 CACTTATATTGGATATATCAAAGAGGGAAAAACGACTTCTGACTCTGAAGTAAGTAATCAAAGAGTT  
 AGTTGCCACTCCTACAAAACAACAAAAGGTGGATTATAATGTTACACCGAATTGTTAGACCATCCATC  
 AACAGTACAAGCTATTCAAGAACACACCTGTTCTCAACTAACGCCACAGAAAGTTCAAGTAGTTGA  
 AAAACCTTCTACTGAATTAAATCAATCCAAGAAAAGAAGAGAAACAATCTTCAGATTCTCAAGAAC  
 ATTAGCCGACATAAGAATCTAGAACAGAAGAAAGAGGAGAAGATTCTCCAAAAGAAAAGACTGGGGT  
 AAATACATTAAATCCACAGGATGAAGTAAATTCAGGTCAATTGAACAAACCTGAACCTTATATCGTGA  
 GGAAACTATGGAGACAAAATAGATTTCAGAACAGAAATTCAGGTTAGCTGAAGGAAC  
 TCTAAGAGTAAACAAAGAAGTAAATTAGGTAAAGAAAGTTGAATCGTCAGAATATTCTCTGTAAACAA  
 GGAAGAAGTTCCGGAGAAATTGTTCAACTCAACGACTGCCCTAGTCCAAGAATAGTCGAAAAGG  
 TACTAAAAAAACTCAAGTTATAAAGGAACACCTGAGACTGGTGTAGAACATAAGGACGTACAGTCTGG  
 AGCTATTGTTGAACCCGCAATTCTGAGCTGAGCTGTAGTAAGTGAACAAAGGCGAAC  
 AGTTCAACCTACATTACCCGAAGCAGTGTGACCGACAAAGGTGAGACTGAGGTTCAACCAGAGTCGCC  
 AGATACTGTGGTAAGTATAAAGGTGAACCAGAGCAGGTAGCACCCTCCAGAAATATAAGGTAATAT

Table 1

TGAGCAAGTAAACCTGAAACTCCGGTTGAGAAGACCAAGAACAGTCCAGAAAAAAACTGAAGAAGT  
 TCCAGTAAACCAACAGAAGAAACACCAGTAAATCAAATGAAGGTACTACAGAAGGAACCTCAATTCA  
 AGAACGAGAAAATCCAGTTCAACCTGCAGAAGAACATCAACAAACGAATTCAAGAGAAAGTATCACCAGATAC  
 ATCTAGCAAAAATACTGGGAAGTGTCCAGTAATCCTAGTGTATTGACAAACCTCAGTTGGAGAATCAA  
 TAAACCAGAACATAATGACTCTAAAATGAAAATTCAGAAAAAAACTGTAGAAGAAGTTCCAGTAAATCC  
 AAATGAAGGCACAGTAGAAGGTACCTCAAATCAAGAACAGAAAACAGTTCAACCTGCAGAAGAAC  
 ACAAAACAAACTCTGGAAAATAGCTAACGAAAATACTGGAGAAGTATCCAATAAACCTAGTGTATTCAA  
 ACCACCAAGTTGAAGAACATCAACACAGAAAAACGGAACTGCAACAAACAGAAAATTCAGGAA  
 TACAACATCAGAGAACATGGACAAACAGAACCCATCAAACAGGAAATTCAACTTGAGGATGTTCAAC  
 CGAACATCAAACACATCCAATTCAAATGGAAACGAAGAACATTAAACAAGAACATGAACAGCCTGATAA  
 AAAGGTAGAAGAACAGAGAAAACACTGAATTAAGAAATGTTCCGACCTAGAGTTA

**SP004 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:4)**

NYNTDYELTSGEKLPLPKEISGYTYIGYIKEGKTTSESEVSNQKSSVATPTKQQKVDYNVTPNFVDHPS  
 TVQAIQEQTIVSSTKPTEVQVVEKPFSTELINPRKEEKQSSDSQEQLAEHKNLETKKEEKISPKEKTGV  
 NTLPNQDEVLSQLNKPELLYREETMETKIDFQEEIQENPDLAEGTVRKQEGKLGKVEIVRIFSVNK  
 EEVSRIVSTSTTAPSPRIVATEKGTKTQVKEQPETGVEHKDVQSGAIVEPAIQPELPEAVVSDKGEP  
 VQPTLPEAVVTDKGETEVQPESDTIVSVDKGEPEQVAPLPEYKGNIEQVVKPEPVEKTKEQGPEKTEEV  
 PVKPTETPVNPNEGTTGTSIQAENPVQPAEESTTNSEKVPDTSSKNTGEVSSNPSDSTSVDG  
 KPEHNDSKNENSEKTVEEVPVNPNEGTVEGTSNQETEKPVQPAEETQTNSGKIANENTGEVSNKPSDSK  
 PPVEESNQPEKNGTATKPENSGNTTSENGQTEPEPSNGNSTEDVSTESNTSNSNGNEEIKQENELDPDK  
 KVEEPEKTLERNVSDLEL

**SP006 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:5)**

TGAGAACATCAAGCTACACCCAAAGAGACTAGCGCTCAAAAGACAATCGCTTGCTACAGCTGGCGACGT  
 GCCACCATTGACTACGAAGACAAGGGCAATCTGACAGGCTTGATATCGAAGTTTAAAGGCAGTAGA  
 TGAAAAAACTCAGCGACTACCGAGATTCAATTCAAAGAACGCCCTGGAGAGCATTTCCCAGGACTTGA  
 TTCTGGTCACTATCAGGCTGGCCAATAACTTGAGTTACACAAAAGAGCTGCTGAAAAATACCTTAA  
 CTCGCTTCCAATTCAAACATCCCCTGCTCTGTCAGAACAAAGAAAATCCTTGACTTCTCTTGA  
 CCAGATCGCTGGAAAACAACACAAGAGGATACCGAACCTCTAACGCTCAATTCAATAACTGGAA  
 TCAGAACACACTGATAATCCCGCTACAATTAAATTTCCTGGTGAGGATATTGGTAAACGAATCCTAGA  
 CCTTGCCTAACGGAGAGTTGATTTCCTAGTTTGACAAGGTATCGTTAAAAGATTATCAAGGACCG  
 TGGTTAGACCTCTCAGTGGTGTATTACCTCTGAGATAGCCCCAGCAATTATATCATTTCCTCAAG  
 CGACCAAAAAGAGTTAAAGAGCAATTGATAAAGCGCTCAAAGAACCTATCAAGACGGAACCCCTGA  
 AAAACTCAGCAATACCTATCTAGGTGGTCTTACCTCCAGATCAATCTCAGTTACAA

**SP006 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:6)**

ENQATPKETSQAQKTIIVLATAGDVPPFDYEDKGNTGFDIEVLKAVDEKLSDYEIQFQRTAWESIFPGLD  
 SGHYQAAANNLSTYTKERAEKYLYSLPISNNPLVLVSNNKPLTSLDQIAKTTQEDTGTTSNAQFIINWN  
 QKHTDNPATINFSGEDIGKRIILDLANGEFDLVDKVSQKIIKDRGLDLSVVDLPSADSPSNYIIFSS  
 DQKEFKEQFDKALKELYQDGTLEKLSNTYLGGSYLPDQSQLQ

**SP007 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:7)**

TGGTAACCGCTCTCTCGAACGCGCTTCATCTTGATGTGAAGACAAAGCAGCAATCGTCACTGA  
 TACTGGTGGTTGATGACAAATCAACCAATCAGCTGGAGGTTGCAGGCTTGGGTTAAAGAAC  
 ACACAATCTTCAAAGATAACGGTTCACTTACTTCAAATCAACAAAGTGAAGCTGACTACGCTAACAA  
 CTTGCAACAAGCGGCTGGAGTTACAACCTAATCTCGGTGTTGGTTGCCTTAATAATCGAGTTAA  
 AGATGCAGAAAAGAACACACTGACTTGAACATGTCTTGATTGATGTGATTAAAGACCAAAAGAA  
 TGGTGGCAGCGTAACCTTCGCTGATAATGAGTCAGGTTACCTTGAGGTTGGCTGCAGCAAAAC  
 TAAGACAAAACAAGTTGGTTTGAGGTGGTATCGAATCTCAAGTTATCTCTGTTGAAGCAGGATT  
 CAAGGCTGGTGTGCGTCAGTAGACCCATCTATCAAAGTCCAAGTTGACTACGCTGGTTCATTTGGTGA  
 TCGGGCTAAAGGTAAAACAATTGCGAGCCGACAATACGCGAGCCGGTGCAGATATTGTTACCAAGTAGC  
 TGGTGGTACAGGTGCGAGGTGTCTTGAGAGGCAAAATCTCTAACGAAAGCCGCTGAAATGAAAA  
 AGTTGGGTTATCGGTGTTGATCGTGACCAAGAACAGCAGAACAGTAAATACACTTCTAAAGATGGCAAGA  
 ATCAAACCTTGTCTGTATCTACTTGAACAAAGTTGGTACAACGTAAAGATATTCTAAACAAGGC  
 AGAAAGAGGAGAATTCCCTGGCGGTCAAGTGTGTTACTCATTGAAGGATAAAGGGTTGACTTGGC  
 AGTAACAAACCTTCAGAAGAACAGTAAAGCTGTCGAAGATGCAAAGCTAAATCCTGATGGAAG  
 CGTAAAAGTTCTGAAAAAA

Table 1

SP007 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 8)

GNRSSRNAASSSDVTKAAIVDTGGVDDKSFNQSAWEGLQAWGKEHNLKDNGFTYFQSTSEADYANN  
LQQAGSYNLIFGVGFALNNAVKDAAKEHTDLNYVLIDDVIKDQKNAVSVTFADNESGYLAGVAAAKTT  
KTKQVGFVGGIESEVISRFEAGFKAGVASVDPISKVQVDYAGSGFGDAAKGKTIAAAQYAAAGADIVYQVA  
GGTGAGVFAEAKSLNESRPENEKVWVIGVDRDQEAEKGYTSKDGKESNFVLVSTLKVGTTVKD1SNKA  
ERGEFPCCGQVIVYSLDKGVDLAVTNLSEEGKKAVEDAKAKILDGSVKVPEK

SP008 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:9)

TGTGGAAATTGACAGGTAAACAGCAAAAAGCTGCTGATTCAAGGTGACAAACCTGTTATCAAATGTAC  
CAAATCGGTGACAAACCAGACAACCTGGATGAATTGTTAGCAAATGCCAACAAAATCATTGAAGAAAAA  
GTTGGTGCCAATTGGATATCCAATACCTTGGCTGGGTGACTATGGTAAGAAAATGTCAGTTATCACA  
TCATCTGGTAAAAACTATGATATTGCCTTGCAGATAACTATATTGTAATGCTCAAAAGGTGCTTAC  
GCTGACTTGCAGAAATTGTACAAAAAGAAGTAAAGACCTTACAAAGCACTTGACCCAGCTTACATC  
AAGGGTAATACTGTAATGGTAAGATTACGCTGTTCCAGTTGCAGCCAACGTTGCATCATCTCAAAAC  
TTTGCCTTCAACGGAACCTCCTTGCTAAATATGGTATCGATATTTCAGGTGTTACTTCTACGAAACT  
CTTGAGGCCAGTCTGAAACAAATCAAAGAAAAAGCTCCAGACGTAGTACCACTTGTATTGGTAAGTT  
TTCATCCCATCTGATAATTGACTACCCAGTAGCAAACGGCTTCCATTGTTATCGACCTTGAAGGC  
GATACTACTAAAGTGTAAACCGTTACGAAGTGCTCGTTCAAAGAACACTTGAAGACTCTTCACAAA  
TTCTATGAAGCTGGTACATTCCAAAAGACGTGCCAACAGCGATACTTCTTGAACCTTCAACAAGAT  
ACTTGGTCGTTCTGTAAGAAACAGTAGGACCAGCTGACTACGGTAACAGCTTCACTGTTCACTGTTGCC  
AACAAAGATATCCAAATCAAACCAATTACTAACTCATCAAGNAAAACCAACACAAGTGTGCTAAC  
TTTGTCTATCTCAAACAACTCTAAGAACAAAGAAAATCAATGGAAATCTTGAACCTCTTGAATACGAAC  
CCAGAACTCTTGAACGGTCTTGTACCGGTCCAGAAGGCAAGAACTGGAAAAATTGAAGGTAAAGAA  
AACCGTCTCGCTTGTACAAAGGAAACACTCACATGGGTGGATGGAACACTGGTAACAAC  
TGGATCTTTACATCAACGAAAACGTTACAGACCAACAAATGAAAATTCTAAGAACAAATTGGCAGAA  
GCTAAAGAATCTCAGCGCTTGGATTATCTTCAATACTGACAATGTGAAATCTGAAATCTCAGCTATT  
GCTAACACAATGCAACAATTGATACAGCTATCAACACTGGTACTGTAGACCCAGATAAAGCGATTCCA  
GAATTGATGGAAAAATTGAAATCTGAAGGTGCTACGAAAAAGTATTGAACGAAATGCAAAACAAATAC  
GATGAATTCTGAAAAACAAAAAA

SP008 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:10)

CGNLTGNSKKAADSGDKPVIKMYQIGDKPDNLDELLANANKIIEEKVGAKLDIQYLGWDYGKMSVITSSGENYDIAFADNYIVNAQKGAYADLTELKYKEGKDLYKALDPAYIKGNTVNGKIYAVPVAANVASSQNFAFNGTLLAKYGIDI SGVTSYETLEPVLKQIKEKAPDVVPFAIGKVFIPSDNFDYPVANGLPFVIDLEGDTTKVUNRYEVPRFKEHLKTLHKFYEAGYIPKDVATSDTSFDLQQDTWFVREETVGPADYGNSLLSRAVANKDIQIKPITNFIKXNQTTQVANFVISNNSKNKEKSMEILNLLNTNPELLNGLVYGPEGKNWEKIEGKENRVRVLDGYKGNTHMGGWNTGNNWILYINENVTDQQIENSKKELAEAKESPALGFIFNTDNVKSEISAIANTMOOFDTAINTGTVDPDKAIPELMEKLKSEGAYEKVLNEMQKOYDEFLKNNK

SP009 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 11)

TGGTCAGGAAC TGCTCTAAAGACAAACAAAGAGGCAGAACCTAAGAAGGTTGACTTTATCCTAGACTG  
GACACCAAAATACCAACCACACAGGGCTTATGTCGAAGGAAAAGGTTATTCAAAGAACGCTGGAGT  
GGATGTTGATTGAAATTGCCACCAGAAGAAAGTCTTGACTTGGTTATCAACGGAAAGGACCATT  
TGCAGTGATTCCAAGACTACATGGCTAAGAAATTGAAAAAGGAGCAGGAATCACTGCCGTTGCAGC  
TATTGTTGAACACAATACATCAGGAATCATCTCGTAAATCTGATAATGTAAGCAGTCCAAAAGACTT  
GGTTCGTAAGAAATATGGGACATGGAATGACCAACTGAACTTGTATGTTGAAAACCTGGTAGAATC  
TCAAGGTGGAGACTTGAGAAGGTTGAAAAAGTACCAAATAACGACTCAAACACTCAATCACACCGATTGC  
CAATGGCGTCTTGATACTGCTTGGATTACTACGGTTGGATGGTATCCTTGCTAAATCTCAAGGTGT  
AGATGCTAACTTCATGACTTGAAAGACTATGTCAGGAGTTGACTACTATTCCACCGAGTTATCATGCC  
AAACAAACGACTATCTGAAAGATAACAAAGAAGAAGCTCGCAAAGTCATCCAAGGCCATCAAAAAGGCTA  
CCAATATGCCATGGAACATCCAGAAGAAGCTGCAGATATTCTCATCAAGAATGCACCTGAACCTCAAGGA  
AAAACGTGACTTTGTCATCGAATCTAAAAAATCTTGTCAAAAGAATACGCAAGCGACAAGGAAAATG  
GGTCAATTGACGCCAGCTCGCTGGAAATGCTTCTACAAATGGATAAGAAAATGGTATCCTTAAAGA  
AGACTTGACAGACAAAGGTTCACCAACGAATTGTGAAA

SP009 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:12)

Table 1

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GQGTASKDNKEAELKKVDFILDWTPNTNHTGLYVAKEKGYFKEAGVDVDLKLPPPEESSSDLVINGKAPF  
 AVYFQDYMAMKKLEKGAGITAVAAIVEHNTSGIISRKSDNVSPKDLVKKYGTWNNDPTELAMLKTLVES  
 QGGDFEKVEKVPNNDSNSITPIANGVFTDAWIYYGWDGILAKSQGVDANFMYLKDYVKEFDYYSVIIA  
 NNDYLNKDNKEEARKVIQAIKKGYQYAMEHPEEAADILIKNAPELKEKRDVFVIESQKYLKEYASDKEKW  
 GQFDAARWNAYKWDKENGILKEDLTDKGFNEFKV

**SP010 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:13)**

TAGCTCAGGTGAAACGCTGGTCATCCTCTGGAAAAACAACTGCCAAAGCTCGACTATCGATGAAAT  
 CAAAAAAAGCGGTGAACCTCGGAATCGCCGTGTTGGAGATAAAAACCGTTGGCTACGTTGACAATGA  
 TGGTTCTACCAAGGTACGCTACGATATTGAACTAGGAAACCAACTAGCTCAAGACCTGGTGTCAAGGT  
 TAAATACATTTCACTGATGCTGCCAACCGTGGCAAACTGTGATTTCAAACAAGGTAGATATTACTCT  
 TGCTAACTTTACAGTAACGTGACGAACGTAAGAAAACAAGTTGATTTGCCCTTCATATATGAAAGTTTC  
 TCTGGGTGTCGTATCACCTAACGACTGGCTCTTACAGACGTCAAACAACATTGAAAGTAAACCTTAAT  
 TGTCACAAAAGGAACGACTGCTGAGACTTATTTGAAAAGAATCATCCAGAAATCAAACCTCAAAAATA  
 CGACCAATACAGTGAACCTTACCAAGCTCTTCTGACGGACGTGGAGATGCCCTTCAACTGACAATAC  
 GGAAGTTCTAGCTTGGCGCTTGAAAATAAGGATTGAAAGTAGGAATTACTCCCTCGGTGATCCCGA  
 TACCAATTGCGGACAGTCAGTCAAAAAGGCAACCAAGAATTGCTAGACTTCATCAATAAAAGATATTGAAA  
 ATTAGGCAAGGAAAACCTCTTCCACAAGGCCTATGAAAAGACACTTCACCCAACCTACGGTGACGCTGC  
 TAAAGCAGATGACCTGGTTGTTGAAGGTGGAAAAGTTGAT

**SP010 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:14)**

SSGGNAGSSSGKTTAKARTIDEIKKSELRIAVFGDKPFGYVNDGSKVRYDIELGNQLAQDLGVKV  
 KYISVDAANRAEYLISNKVDITLANFTVTDERKQVDFALPYMKVSLGVVSPKTGLITDVKQLEGKTLI  
 VTKGTTAETYFEKNHPEIKLQKYDQYSDSYQALLDGRGDAFSTDNTEVLAWELENKGFEVGITSLGDPD  
 TIAAAVQKGNQELLDIFINKDIEKLGKENFFKAYEKTLLHPTYGDAAKADDLVVEGGKVD

**SP011 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:15)**

CTCCAACATGGTAAATCTCGGGATGGCACAGTGACCATCGAGTATTCAACCAGAAAAAGAAATGAC  
 CAAAACCTTGGAAAGAAATCACTCGTGAAGTATTGAAAGACACCGCTTCTCGCAGGAGATGTGCCATGTGGTCAATAT  
 TTACCCACAGTCATCGAACGAAATGGCAAAAGCAGGTGTTTGAAAGATTGAGCAACAAAGA  
 CTACCTGAAACCGCTGAAAATGGCTACGCTGAAAATATGCTGAAACGAAAAGTTACAACGTTCC  
 TTTTACAGCTAATGCTTATGAAATTACTACAACAAAGATAAATTGAAAGAATCTGGCTTGAAGGTTC  
 TGAAACCTGGGATGAAATTGAAACAGTTAGTCAAAGATATCGTTGCTAAAGGACAACACCATTGGAAT  
 TGCAGGTGACAGTGCTGGACACTCAATGGTACAATTAGCCTTGCACAGCAACAGGTGGAGG  
 AAAAGAAGCAAATCAATACCTTCGTTATTCTCAACCAAATGCCATTAAATTGTCGGATCGATTATGAA  
 AGATGATATCAAGGTATGGACATCCTCGCATCAATGGATCTAAGCAAAGAATGGGAGGTGCTGG  
 CTATACCGATGTTATCGGAGCCTCGCACGTGGGATGTCCTCATGACACCAAATGGCTTGGCGAT  
 CACAGCGATTAATGAAACAAAACGAACTTAAAGATTGGACCTTCATGATTCCAGGAAAAGAAAAAG  
 ACAAAAGCTTAACCGTTGGCGGGAGACTTGGCATGGTCTATCTCAGCCACCAACATCAAAGA  
 AGCCAATGCCTTGTGAAATATGACCCGTCAGAAGTCATGCAAAATACTACGATGTGGACGGATC  
 TCCAACAGCGATCGAAGGGGTCAAACAAGCAGGAGAAGATTACCGCTGCTGGTATGACCAATATGC  
 CTTTACGGATGTCACCTGGCTGGTCAACAAACTGGACCAAGTGAAGCAGACTCCATACCTTGAC  
 CATGAACATATGCTTGAACGGGTGATAAAACAAGGCATGGTCAATGATTGAAATGCCCTTTAACCGAT  
 GAAAGCGGATGTGGAT

**SP011 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:16)**

SNYGKSADGTVTIEFNQKXEMTKTLEEITRDFEKENPKIKVKVVNVPNAGEVLKTRVLAGDVPDVVNI  
 YPQSIELQEWAKAGVFEDELSNKDYLKRVKNGYAEKYAVNEKVVNPFTANAYGIYVYKDKFEELGLKVP  
 ETWDEFEQLVKDIVAKGQTPFGIAGADAWTLNGYNQLAFATATGGGKEANQYLRYSQPNAIKLSDPIMK  
 DDIKVMDILRINGSKQKNWEGAGYTDVIGAFARCDVLMTPNGSWAITAINEQKPNFKIGTFMIPGKEKG  
 QSLTVGAGDLAWSISATTKHPKEANAFVEYMTREVMQKYYDVGSPTAIEGVKQAGEDSPLAGMTEYA  
 FTDRHLVWLQQYWTSEADFHLLTMNYVLTGDKQGMVNDLNNAFFNPMKADVD

**SP012 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:17)**

TGGGAAAAATTCTAGCGAAACTAGTGGAGATAATTGGTCAAAGTACCAAGTCTAACAAAGTCTATTACTAT  
 TGGATTGATAGTACTTTGTTCCAATGGGATTGCTCAGAAAGATGGTCTTATGCAAGGATTGATAT  
 TGATTAGCTACAGCTGTTTGAAAATACGGAATCACGGTAAATTGGCAACCGATTGATTGGGATTT

Table 1

GAAAGAAGCTGAATTGACAAAAGGAACGATTGATCTGATTGGAATGGCTATTCCGCTACAGACGAACG  
 CCGTAAAAGGTGGCTTCAGTAACATATATGAAGAATGAGCAGGTATTGGTTACGAAGAAATCATC  
 TGGTATCACGACTGCAAAGGATATGACTGGAAAGACATTAGGAGCTCAAGCTGGTCATCTGGTTATGC  
 GGACTTTGAAGCAAATCCAGAAATTGAGAATATTGTCGTAATAAGGAAGCGAATCAATACCAAAC  
 CTTTAATGAAGCCTTGATTGATTGAAAAACGATCGAATTGATGGTCTATTGATTGACCGTGCTATGC  
 AAACTATTATTAGAAGCAGAAGGTGTTAACGATTATAATGTCCTTACAGTTGACTAGAAACAGA  
 AGCTTTGCGGTTGGAGCCGTAAGGAAGATAACAAACTGGTTAGAAGATAATGAAGCTTTCTAG  
 TCTTACAAGGACGGCAAGTCCAAGAAATCAGCCAAAATGGTTGGAGAAGATGTAGCAACCAAAGA  
 AGTAAAAGAAGGACAG

**SP012 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:18)**

GKNSETSGDNWSKYQSNKSITIGFDSTFVPMGFAQKDGSYAGFDIDLATAVFEKYGITVNWQPIDWDL  
 KEAELTKGTIDLIWNGYSATDERREKVAFSNSYMKNEQVLTKKSSGITTAKDMTGKTLGAQAGSSGYA  
 DFEANPEILKNIVANKEANQYQTFNEALIDLKNRIDGLLIDRVYANYLEAEGVLNDYNVFTVGL  
 ETEAFAVGARKEDTNLVKKINEAFSSLVKDGFQEIISQKWFGEDVATKEVKEQ

**SP013 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:19)**

TGCTAGCGGAAAAAAAGATACAACTCTGGCTAAACCTAAAGTTGCTACAAACTCAATCATCGC  
 TGATACTACTAAAATATTGCTGGTGCACAAATTGACCTTCAGTATCGTCCGATTGGCAAGACCC  
 ACACGAATACGAACCACTTCTGAAGACGTTAAGAAAACCTTCTGAGGCTAATTGATTTCTATAACGG  
 TATCAACCTTGAAACAGGTGGCAATGCTGGTTACAAAATTGGTAGAAAATGCCAAGAAAACGTAAAA  
 CAAAGACTACTTCGCACTGAGCAGCGACGGCGTTGATGTTATCTACCTTGAAGGTCAAAATGAAAAGGAAA  
 AGAAGACCCACACGCTTGGCTTAACCTGAAAACGGTATTATTTGCTAAAAATATGCCAAACAAATT  
 GAGCGCCAAGACCTAACAAATAAGAATTCTATGAAAAAAATCTCAAAGAATATACTGATAAGTTAGA  
 CAAACTTGATAAAAGAAGTAAGGATAAAATTAAATAAGATCCCTGCTGAAAAGAAAACCTATTGTAACCAG  
 CGAAGGAGCATTCAAATACTCTCTAAAGCCTATGGTGTCCAAAGTGTACATCTGGAAATCAATAC  
 TGAAGAAGAAGGAACCTCTGAACAAATCAAGACCTTGGTAAAAACTTCGCCAACAAAAGTTCCATC  
 ACTCTTGAGAATCAAGTGTGGATGACCGTCCATGAAAACCTGTTCTCAAGACACAAACATCCCAAT  
 CTACGCTCAAATCTTACTGACTCTATCGAGAACAGGTAAAGAAGGCAGACAGCTACTACAGCATGAT  
 GAAATACAAACCTTGACAAGATTGCTGAAGGATTGGCAAAA

**SP013 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:20)**

ASGKKDTTSGQKLKVVATNSIIADITKNIAGDKIDLHSIVPIGQDPHEYEPPLPEDVKKTSEANLIFYNG  
 INLETGGNAWFTKLVENAKKTEENKDYFAVSDGVDVIYLEGQNEKGKEDPHAWLNLENGIIFAKNIAKQL  
 SAKDPNNKEFYEKNLKEYDKLDKLDKESDKFNKIPAEKKLIVTSEGAFKYFSKAYGVPSAYIWEINT  
 EEEGTPEQIKTLVEKLRQTKVPSLFVESSVDDPMKTVSQDTNIPYIQAQIFTDSIAEQGKEGDSYYSMM  
 KYNLDKIAEGLAK

**SP014 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:21)**

TGGCTAAAAAAATACAGCTTCAAGTCCAGATTATAAGTTGGAAGGTGTAACATTCCGCTTCAAGAAAA  
 GAAAACATTGAAGTTTATGACAGCCAGTTCACCGTTATCTCTAAAGACCCAAATGAAAAGTTAATT  
 GCAACGTTGGAGAAGGAAACTGGCGTTCATATTGACTGGACCAACTACCAATCCGACTTGCAGAAAA  
 ACGTAACCTGGATATTCTAGTGGTATTACGAGTGTATCCACACGACGGCTTCAGATGTGGA  
 CTTGATGAACTGGGCTAAAAAGGTGTTATTATCCAGTTGAGATTGATAAAATACATGCCAAA  
 TCTTAAGAAAATTGGATGAGAAACGAGTACAAGGCTTGATGACAGCACCTGATGGCACATTAA  
 CTCATTCCATGGATTGAAGAGCTTGGAGATGGTAAAGAGTCTATTACACAGTGTCAACGATAATGGCTTG  
 GATTAAACAAAGATTGGCTTAAGAAAATTGGTCTTGAATGCCAAAAACTACTGATGATTGATTAAAGT  
 CCTAGAAGCTTCAAAACCGGGATCCAATGGAAATGGAGAGGCTGATGAAATTCCATTTCATTAT  
 TAGTGGTAACGGAAACGAAGATTAAATTCCATTGCTGCAATTGGTATAGGGATAACGATGATCA  
 TTTAGTAGTAGGAAATGATGCCAAAGTTGACTTCAACAGCAGATAACGATAACTATAAGAAGGTGCAA  
 ATTATCCGTCAATTGCAAGAAAAAGGCCGTATTGATAAAAGAAGCTTCTGAAACATGATTGAAATAGTTA  
 CATTGCTAAAGGTCAATGATGAGAAATTGGTGTTCATTACATGGGATAAGAATAATGTTACTGGAAAG  
 TAACGAAAGTTATGATGTTTACCACTGACTTGTGGACCAAGTGGTCAAAACACGCTAGCTCGTACAAA  
 CGGTATGGGATTGACAGTACAAGATGGTTATTACAGTGTAAACAAAAACTAGAATTGACAGCTAA  
 ATGGATTGATGACAAATACGCTCCACTCCAATCTGTGAAATAACTGGGAACTTACGGAGATGACAA  
 ACAACAAAACATCTTGAATTGGATCAAGCGTCAAATGTCATAACACTTACCAACTAAACGGAACCTGC  
 ACCAGCAGAACTTCGTCAAAAGACTGAAGTAGGAGGACCACTAGCTATCCTAGATTCAACTATGGTAA  
 AGTAACAAACCATGCCATGATGCCAAATGGCTTGGATCTTATCAAAGAATATTGTTCTTACAT

Table 1

GAGCAATGTCAATAACTATCCAAGAGTCTTTATGACACAGGAAGATTGGACAAGATTGCCATATCGA  
AGCAGATATGAATGACTATATCTACCGTAAACGTGCTGAATGGATTGAAATGGCAATTGATACTGA  
GTGGGATGATTACAAGAAGAACTTGAAGAAACTACGGACTTCTGATTACCTCGCTATTAAACAAAAATA  
CTACGACCAATACCAAGCAAACAAAAAC

**SP014 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 22)**

GSKNTASSPDYKLEGVTPLQEKKTLKFMTASSPLSPKDPNEKLILQRLEKETGVHIDWTNYQSDFAEK  
RNLDIISGDLPDAIHNDGASDVLMNWAKGVIIIPVEDLIDKYMPNLKIKLDEKPEYKALMTAPDGHYI  
SFPWIEELGDGKESIHSVNDMAWINKDWLKKLGLEMPKTTDDLIKVLAFKNGDPNGNGEADEIIPFSFI  
SGNGNEDFKFLFAAFGIGDNDDHLVVGNDGKVDFTADNDNYKEGVKFIQLQEKGLIDKEAFAEHDWNSY  
IAKGHDQKFGVYFTWDKNNVTGSNESYDVLPVLAGPSGQKHARTNGMFARDKVMITSVKNLELTAK  
WIDAQYAPLQSVQNNWGTGYGDDKQQNIFELDQASNSLKHLPNGTAPAELRQKTEVGGPLAILDSYYGK  
VTTMPDDAKWRLDLIEKEYVPYMSNVNNYPRVFMQEDLDKIAHIEADMNDIYIRKRAEWIVNGNIDTE  
WDDYKKELEYKGLSDYLAIKQKYYDQYQANKN

**SP015 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 23)**

TAGTACAAACTCAAGCACTAGTCAGACAGAGACCAGTAGCTCTGCTCCAACAGAGGTAAACCATTAAAAG  
TTCACTGGACGAGGTCAAACCTTCAAAGTTCTGAAAAGATTGTGACCTTGACCTCGGCCTGG  
TACTATTGCGCTTTAGGATTGAAAAAAATATCGTCGGAATGCCAACAAAAACTGTTCCGACTTATCT  
AAAAGACCTAGTGGAACTGTCAAAATGTTGGTTCTATGAAAGAACCTGATTTAGAAGCTATGCCGC  
CCTTGAGCCTGATTGATTATCGCTTCGCCACGTACACAAAAATTGCTAGACAAATTCAAAGAAATCGC  
CCCAACCCTCTTCCAAGCAAGCAAGGACGACTACTGGACTTCTACCAAGGCTAATATCGAATCCTT  
AGCAAGTGCCTCCGGAAACTGGTACACAGAAAGCAAGGAATTGACCAAGCTAGACAAGAGCAT  
CCAAGAAAGTCGCTACTAAAAATGAAAGCTCTGACAAAAAGCCCTTGCATCCTCTTAATGAAGGAAA  
AATGGCAGCCTTGGTGCCTTCTCTTCTTGTACCAAAACCTTGAATTCAAACCAACTG  
TACAAAATTGAAAGACTCAGCCACGGACAAGAAGTCAGCTTGAAAGTGTCAAAGAAATCAACCC  
CATCCTCTTGTACCAACCGTACCCCTGCCATCGTGGGACAACCTCTAGCAACGACGGTGTCTAGA  
AAATGCCCTTATCGCTGAAACACCTGCTGCTAAAATGGTAAGATTATCCAACTAACACCAGACCTCTG  
GTATCTAACGGGAGGGCGGACTTGAATCAACAAAACATGATTGAAGACATACAAAAGCTTGTAAA

**SP015 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 24)**

STNSSTSQTETSSSAPTEVTIKSSLDEVKLSKVPEKIVTFDLGAADTIRALGFEKNIVGMPKTVPTYL  
KDLVGTVKNVGSMKEPDLEIAALEPDLIIASPRTKFVDFKFEIAPTVLFQASKDDYWTSTKANIESL  
ASAFGETGTQKAKEELTKDKSIQEVAKNESSDKKALAILNEGKMAFGAKSRSFLYQTLKFKPTD  
TKFEDSRHGQEVSFESVKEINPDILFVINRTLAIGGDNNSNDGVLENALIAETPAAKNGKIIQLTPDLW  
YLSGGGLESTKLMIEDIQKALK

**SP016 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 25)**

TGGCAATTCTGGCGGAAGTAAAGATGCTGCCAATCAGGTGGTACGGTGCACGGTGCACGGTGCACGGTGC  
GTGGGCAATTCCCAGTATTACCCAAGAAAAACTGGTACGGTGTGGAACTTATGAAAATCAATCAT  
CGAACGCTTGAAAAAGCAAACCCAGATATAAAAGTGAATGGAAACCATCGACTTCAAGTCAGGTCC  
TGAAAAAAATCACACAGCCATCGAACGAGGAACAGCTCCAGACGTACTCTTGATGCACCAAGGACGTAT  
CATCCAATACGGTAAAAACGGTAAATTGGCTGAGTTGAATGACCTCTTCACAGATGAATTGTTAAAGA  
TGTCAACAATGAAAACATCGTACAAGCAAGTAAAGCTGGAGACAAGGCTTATATGTATCCGATTAGTC  
TGCCCCATTCTACATGGCAATGAACAAGAAAATGTTAGAAGATGCTGGAGTAGCAAACCTTGTAAAAGA  
AGGTTGGACAACGTGATGATTGAAAAAGTATTGAAAGCACTTAAAGACAAGGTTACACACCCAGGTT  
ATTGTTCAAGTCTGGTCAAGGGGGAGACCAAGGAACACGTGCCTTATCTCTAACCTTATAGCGGTT  
TGTAAACAGATGAAAAGTTAGCAAATATACAACGTGATGATCTAAATTCTGCAAAGGTCTTGAAAAGC  
AACTAGCTGGATTAAAGACAATTGATCAATAATGGTTCAAATTGACGGTGGGCAGATATCCAAA  
CTTGCCAAACGGTCAAACATCTTACACAACTCTTGGCACAGCTAAAATGGTATCCAAGCTAAACT  
TTTAGAAGCAAGTAAGGTTAGAAGTGGTAGAAGTACCATCTTCCATCAGACGAAGGTAAGCCAGCTT  
GTACCTTGTAAACGGGTTGCACTTCAACAATAAGACGACAAGAAAGTCGCTGCATCTAAGAAATT  
CATCCAGTTATCGCAGATGACAAGGAGTGGGGACCTAAAGACGTAGTCGTACAGGTGCTTCCAGT  
CCGTACTTCAATTGGAAAACCTTATGAAAGACAACGCATGGAAACATCAGCGGCTGGACTCAATACTA  
CTCACCACTACAACACTATTGATGGATTGCTGAAATGAGAACACTTTGGTTCCAATGTTGCAATC  
TGTATCAAATGGTGACGAAAAACCGCAGATGCTTGAAGCCTTCACTGAAAAGCGAACGAAACAT  
AAAAAGCTATGAAACAA

Table 1

## SP016 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:26)

GNSSGGSKDAAKSGGDGAKTEITWWAFPVFTQEKTGKGVTYEKSIIEAFEKANPDIKVKLETIDFKSGP  
 EKITTAIEAGTAPDVLFDAPGRIIQYKGNGKLAELNDLFTDEFVKDVNNENIVQASKAGDKAYMYP  
 APFYMMANKKMLEDAGVANLVKEGWTDDFEKVLALKDKGTYPGSLFSSGGGDQGTRAFISNLYSGS  
 VTDEKVSKYTTDDPKFKGLEKATSWIKDNLINNGSQFDGGADIQNFANGQTSYTTILWAPAQNQIQA  
 LEASKVEVVEVPFPSDEGKPALEYLVNGFAVFNNKDDKKVAAASKFIQFIADDKEWGPKDVRTGAFPV  
 RTSFGKLYEDKRMETISGWTQYYSPYYNTIDGFAEMRTLWFPMLQSVSNGDEKPADALKAFTEKANETI  
 KKAMKQ

## SP017 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:27)

TTCACAAGAAAAACAAAAAAATGAAGATGGAGAAACTAAGACAGAACAGACAGCCAAAGCTGATGGAAC  
 AGTCGGTAGTAAGTCTCAAGGAGCTGCCAGAAGAAAGCAGAACAGTGGTCAATAAAGGTGATTACTACAG  
 CATTCAAGGGAAATACGATGAAATCATCGTAGCCAACAAACACTATCCATTGTCTAAAGACTATAATCC  
 AGGGGAAATCCAACAGCCAAGGAGCTGGTCAAACCTCATCAAAGCGATGCAAGAGGCAGGTTTCCC  
 TATTAGTGTATCACAGTGGTTAGAAGTTATGAAACTCAGACCAAGCTCTATCAAGATTATGTCAA  
 CCAAGATGGAAGGCAGCAGCTGACCGTTACTCTGCCCCGTCTGGCTATAGCGAACACCAGACAGGCTT  
 GGCCTTGATGTGATTGGGACTGATGGTGAATTGGTACAGAAGAAAAGCAGCCAATGGCTTGG  
 TCATGCAGCTGATTATGGCTTGTGTTCCGTTATCTCAAAGCAAGGAAAGGAAACAGGCTATATGGC  
 TGAAGAATGGCACCTGCGTTATGTAGGAAAAGAAGCTAAAGAAATTGCTGCAAGTGGTCTCAGTTGGA  
 AGAATACTATGGCTTGAAGGCGGAGACTACGTCGAT

## SP017 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:28)

SQEKTKNEDGETKTEQTAKADGTVGSKSQGAAQKAEVUNKGDYYSIQQKYDEIIIVANKHYPPLSKDYNP  
 GENPTAKAELVKLIKAMQEAGFPISDHYSFRSYETQTKLYQDYVNQDGKAAADRYSARPGYSEHQTL  
 AFDVIGTDGDLVTEEKAAQWLLDHAADYGFVVRYLKGKEKETGYMAEEWHLRYVGKEAKEIAASGLSLE  
 EYYGFEQGHDYVD

## SP019 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:29)

GAAAGGTCTGGTCAAATAATCTTACCTGCGGTATGATGAAAAATAATCTTGGAAAATATAAATAT  
 AAAAATACCTGAAGAAAAATATCAGTTATTATTGGTCAAATGGTTGGGAAATCAACACTCATTAA  
 AACCTTGTCTGACTTAAAGCATTAGAGGGAGAAGTATTGCTGATAATAAATCAATTAAATTCTTA  
 TAAAGAAAAAGATTAGCAAAACACATAGCTATATTACCTCAATCTCAATAATCCCTGAATCAATAAC  
 AGTAGCTGATCTTGTAAAGCCGGTCTTCCCTACAGAAAGCCTTTAAGAGTCTTGGAAAAGATGA  
 CCTTGAATAATAAACAGATCAATGGTTAGGCCAATGTTGAAGATCTAGCAAATAACCTAGTTGAAGA  
 ACTTTCTGGGGTCAAAGGCAAAGAGTATGGATAGCTCTAGCCCTAGCCAAGATACAAGTATCCTACT  
 TTTAGATGAGCCAACACTTACTTGGATATCTCATATCAAATAGAAACTATTAGACCTCTGACTGATCT  
 AAACCAAAATATAAGACAACCATTGATGATTTCGACGATATAATCTAACAGCAAGATAACGCTGA  
 TTACCTATTTGCAATTAAAGAAGGTAACCTTGTGAGAGGGAAAGCCTGAAGATATACTAAATGATAA  
 ACTAGTTAAAGATATCTTAACTTGAAGCAAAATTACGTGACCCATTCCAAATTGCTCTAAT  
 GATTCCATTGGCAAGCACCAGTAACTCT

## SP019 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:30)

KGLWSNLLTCGYDEKIILENINIKIPEEKISVIIGNSGCGKSTLIKTLRSLRIKPLEGEVLLDNKSINSY  
 KEKDLAKHIAILPQSPPIIPESITVADLVSRGFPRKPKFKSLGKDDLEIINRSMVKANVEDLANNLVEE  
 LSGGQRQRWVIALALAQDTSTILLDEPTTYLDISYQIELLLTDLNQKYKTTICMILHDINLTARYAD  
 YLFAIKEGKLVAEGKPEDILNDKLVDIFNLEAKIIRDPINSPLMIPIGKHHVS

## SP020 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:31)

AAACTCAGAAAAGAAAGCAGACAATGCAACAACATCAAAATGCAACTGTTAACCGTAGCGTTCTGA  
 AGAAAACGTTGGACAAAATCCAAGAATTGGTTAAAAGACGGAATTACCTTGGAAATTACAGAGTT  
 CACAGACTACTCACAACCAACAAAGCAACTGCTGATGGCGAAGTAGATTGAAACGCTTCCAAACACTA  
 TAACTTCTTGAACAACTGGAACAAAGAAAAGCGAAAAGACCTTGTAGCGATTGCAAGATACTTACATCTC  
 TCCAATCCGCTTACTCAGTTGAATGGAAGTGCACAAAGTACACTAAAGTAGAAGACATCCCAGC  
 AAACGGAGAAATCGCTGACCGAATGACGCTACAAACGAAAGCCGTGCGCTTTATTGCTTCAATCAGC  
 TGGCTTGTAAATTGGATGTTCTGGAACTGCTTGTGCAACAGTTGCAACATCAAAGAAAATCCAAA  
 GAACTTGAACAACTGAAATTGGACGCTAGCCAACAGCTCGTTACTGTCATCAGTTGACGCTGCCGT  
 TGTAAACAATACCTTGTACAGAAGCAAAATTGGACTACAAGAAATCACTTTCAAAGAACAGCTGA  
 TGAAAACCAACATGGTACAACATCATTGTTGCAAAAAAGATTGGAAACATCACCTAACAGCTGA

Table 1

TGCTATCAAGAAAGTAATCGCAGCTTACCAACACAGATGACGTAAAAAGTTATCGAAGAACATCAGA  
TGGTTGGATCAACCAGTTGG

**SP020 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:32)**

NSEKKADNATTIKIATVNRSGSEEKRWDKIQELVKKDGITLEFTDYSQPNKATADGEVDLNAFQHY  
NFLNNWNKENGKDLVIAIDTYISPRLYSGLNGSANKYTKVEDIPANGEIAVPNDATNESRALYLLQSA  
GLIKLDVSGTALATVANIENPKNLKITELDASQTSRSLSSVDAAVVNNTFVTEAKLDYKKSLFKEQAD  
ENSKQWYNIIIVAKKDWEPSKADAIIKVIAYHTDDVKKVIEESSDGLDQPVW

**SP021 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:33)**

TTCGAAGGCTCAGAAGGTGAGACCTTATCAGCATGAAAGGGATGTCATTACAGAACATCAATTAA  
TGAGCAAGTCAAAGCAACCCCTTCAGCCCAACAAGTCTTGTAAATATGACCACCAAAAAGTTTTGA  
AAAACAATAATGGCTCAGAGCTTGATGATAAAAGAGGTTGATGATACTATTGCCGAAGAAAAAAAACAATA  
TGGCGAAAACCTACCAACGCTCTTGTACAAGCAGGTATGACTCTTGAACACGTAAGCTCAAATCG  
TACAAGTAAATTAGTTGAGTTGGCAGTTAAGAAGTAGCAGAACAGCTGAATTGACAGATGAAGCCTATAA  
GAAAGCCTTGATGAGTACACTCCAGATGTAACGGCTCAAATCATCCGCTTAATAATGAAGATAAGGC  
CAAAGAAGTCTCGAAAAGCCAAGGCAGAAGGTGCTGATTTCGCTCAATTAGCCAAGATAATTCAAC  
TGATGAAAAAACAAAAGAAAATGGTGGAGAAATTACCTTGATTCTGCTTCAACAGAAGTACCTGGAGC  
AAGTCCAAAAAGCCGTTTCGTTTAGATGTGGATGGTGTCTGGATGTGGATTACAGCAACTG  
GGGCACACCAAGCCTACAG

**SP021 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:34)**

~~SKGSEGADLISMKGDVITEHQFYEQVKSNPSAQVLLNMTIQKVFEKOYGS~~ELDDKEVDDTIAEKKQY  
GENYQRVLSQAGMTLETRKAQIRTSKLVELAVKKVAEAEELTDEAYKKAFDEYTPDVTQIIRNNEDKA  
KEVLEKAKAEGADFAQLAKDNSTDEKTKENGGEITFDSASTEV~~P~~GASPKPLFAFRCGMVFLDVDSNW  
GTPSLQ

**SP022 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:35)**

GGGGATGGCAGTTTAAAAATCTAACAAATCAATACAAAGCTATTACAATTGCTAAACTCTAGGTGA  
TGATGCTTCTTCAGAGGAATTGGCTGGTAGATATGGTCTGCTAGTGTACAGAACGTGACTGCCCTC  
AAACCTTCACAGTTAAAACCTAAAGCTACGGTTAGAAAAACCAACTGAAAGATTAGAGCGTCTAC  
GTCTGATCAGTCTGGTTGGGTGAATCTAATGGTAAATGGTATTCTATGAGTCTGGTAGTGAAGAC  
AGGTTGGGTGAAAACAGATGTTAAATGGTACTATTGAGTTAGGTGCTATGAGACTGGATTG  
AAAATTCTGGTAGCTGGTATTACTTGAGCAATTCAAGGTGCTATGTTACAGGCTGGGAACAGATGG  
TAGCAGATGGTTCTACTTGACGGCTCAGGAGCTATGAAGACAGGCTGGTACAAGGAAAATGGCACTTG  
GTATTACCTTGACGAAGCAGGTATCATGAAGACAGGTTAAAGTCGGACCACACTGGTACTATGC  
CTACGGTTCAAGGAGCTTGGCTGTGAGCACAACACCAAGATGGTACCGTGTAAATGGTAATGGTGA  
ATGGTAAAC

**SP022 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:36)**

GMAAFKNPNNQYKAITIAQTLGDDASSEELAGRYGSAVQCTEVTVNLSTVKTATVVEKPLKDFRAST  
SDQSGWVESNGKWFYFYESGDVKTGWTGKWLNDLGVMQTFGVFKSGSWYLSNSGAMFTGWGTDG  
SRWFYFDGSGAMKTGWYKENGWYLYLDEAGIMKTGWFKVGPHWYYAYGSGALAVSTTPDGYRVNGNE  
WVN

**SP023 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:37)**

AGACGAGCAAAATTAAGCAAGCAGAAGCGGAAGTTGAGAGTAAACAAGCTGAGGCTACAAGGTTAAA  
AAAAATCAAGACAGATCGTGAAGAAGCAGAAGAAGAGCTAACGAAGAGCAGATGCTAAAGAGCAAGG  
TAAACCAAAGGGCGGGCAAACAGAGGAGTTCTGGAGAGCTAGCAACACCTGATAAAAAGAAAATGA  
TGCAGAGTCTTCAGATTCTAGCTAGGTGAAGAAACTCTTCAAGCCCACCTCGAAACCAAGGAAAA  
GGTAGCAGAAGCTGAGAAGAAGGTTGAAGAAGCTAAGAAAAAGCCGAGGATCAAAAAGAAGAAGATCG  
CCGTAACCTACCAACCAATACTTACAAAACGCTTGAACCTGAAATTGCTGAGTCCGATGTGGAGTTAA  
AAAAGCGGAGCTGAACTAGTAAAAGAGGAAGCTAAGGAACCTCGAAACGAGGAAAAGTTAAGCAAGC  
AAAAGCGGAAGTTGAGAGTAAAAGCTGAGGCTACAAGGTTAGAAAATCAAGACAGATCGTAAAAAA  
AGCAGAAGAAGCTAACGAAAAGCAGCAGAAGAAGATAAAGTTAAAGAAAACCAAGCTGAACAACC  
ACAACCAAGCGCCGGCTCCAAAAGCAGAAAACCAAGCTCCAGCTCCAAAACCAAGAGAATCCAGCTGAACA  
ACCAAAACCAAGAAAACCAAGCTGATCAACAAGCTGAAGAAGACTATGCTCGTAGATCAGAAGAAGAATA  
TAATCGCTTGACTCAACAGCAACGCCAAAAACTGAAAACCAAGCACAACCATCTACTCCAAAAACAGG

Table 1

CTGGAAACAAGAAAACGGTATGGTACTTCTACAATACTGATGGTCAATGGCGACAGGATGGCTCCA  
AAACAATGGCTATGGTACTACCTAACAGCAATGGCGTATGGCGACAGGATGGCTCCAAAACAATGG  
TTCATGGTACTATCTAACGCTAATGGTCAATGGCAACAGGATGGCTCCAAAACAATGGTCAATGGT  
CTACCTAACGCTAATGGTCAATGGCGACAGGATGGCTCCAATACAATGGCTATGGTACTACCTAA  
CGCTAATGGTCAATGGCGACAGGATGGCTCCAATACAATGGCTATGGTACTACCTAACGCTAATGG  
TGATATGGCGACAGGTTGGGTGAAAGATGGAGATACTGGTACTATCTTGAAGCAGGTGCTATGAA  
AGCAAGCAATGGTCAAAGTATCAGATAATGGTACTATGTCAATGGCTCAGGTGCCCTGAGTCAA  
CACAATGTAGATGGCTATGGAGTCAGGCAATGGTGAATGGTAAAC

SP023 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:38)

DEQKIKQAEAEVESQAEATRLKKIKTDREAEEEEAKRRADAKEQGKPKGRAKRGVPGELETPKKKEND  
AKSSDSSVGEEETLSPSPSLKPEKKVAEAEEKVVEEAKKKAEDQKEEDRRNYPNTNTYKTLELEIAESDVEVK  
KAEELVLVKEEAKPRNEEKVKQAKAEVESKKAEATRLEKIKTDRKKAEEEAKRKAAEEDKVKEPKAEQP  
QPAPAPKAEPKAPAPKPKENPAEPQPKAEKPADQQAEEDYARRSEEEYNRLTQQQPPKTEKPAQPSTPKTG  
WKQENGMWYFYNTDGSMATGWLQNNGSWYYLNSNGAMATGWLQNNGSWYYLNANGSMATGWLQNNGSWY  
YLNANGSMATGWLQYNGSWYYLNANGSMATGWLQYNGSWYYLNANGDMATGWWVKDGDTWYYLEASGAMK  
ASOWFKVSDKWYYVNGSALAVNTTVDGYGVNANGEWVN

SP025 .nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:39)

CTGGTGGAGGAAGAAACTAAAAAGACTCAAGCAGCACAAACAGCCAAAACAACAAAGACTGTACAACA  
AATTGCTGTTGGAAAAGATGCTCCAGACTTCACATTGCAATCCATGGATGGCAAAGAAGTTAAGTTATC  
TGATTTAAGGGTAAAAAGGTTACTTGAGTTGGGCTTCAATGGTGTGGTCCATGCAAGAAAAGTAT  
GCCAGACTTGTGGAACTAGCGCGAAACCAGATCGTGTATTGAAATTCTTACTGTCATTGCACCAGG  
AATTCAAGGTGAAAAAACTGTTGAGCAATTCCCACATGGTCCAGGAACAAGGATATAAGGATATCCC  
AGTTCTTTATGATACCAAAAGCAACCACCTCCAAGCTTATCAAATTGCAAGCATTCTACAGAATATT

SP025 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:40)

CGEEETKKTQAAQQPKQQT TVQQIAVGDAPDFTLQSMDGKEVKLSDFKGKVKYLKF WASWCGPCCKSM  
PELMELAAKPDRDFEILTIVIAPGIQGEKTVQEQQFQOWFQEQQYKDIPVLYDTKATT SKLIKFEAFLQNI

SP028 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:41)

GACTTTAACATAAAACTATTGAGAGTTGCACAACTCCCTGTCCTAAGGAAATTCTGCAACAGA  
ATTGACCCAAGCAACACTTGAAGGAAATATCAAGTCTCGTAGGAGGCCCTCAATTGTCACCATCGC  
TGAGGAGCAAGCTTGTCAAGCTAAAGCCATTGATGAAGCTGGAATTGATGCTGACAATGTCCTTC  
AGGAATTCCACTTGTGTTAAGGATAACATCTACAGACGGTATTCTCACAACTGCTGCCTCAAAAT  
GCTCTACAACATGAGCCAATTTGATGCGACagCTgTTGCAATGCAAAACCAAGGGCATGATTGT  
CGTTGGAAAGACCAACATGGACGAATTGGTATGGGTGGTCAGGEGAAACTTCACACTACGGAGCAAC  
TAAAAACGCTTGGAACCAACAGCAAGGTTCTGGTGGTCATCAAGTGGTCTGGCCAGCTGTAGCCCTC  
AGGACAAGTTCGCTTGTCACTGGTTCTGATACTGGTGGTTCATGGCCAACCTGCTGCCTCAACGG  
AATCGTGGTCTCAAACCAACCTACGGAACAGTTCACGTTGGTCTCATTGCTTGGTAGCTCATT  
AGACCAGATTGGACCTTTGCTCCTACTGTTAAGGAAAATGCCCTTGCTCAACCGTATTGCCAGCGA  
AGATGCTAAAGACTCTACTTCTGCTCCTGCGCATGCCGACTTTACTCAAAATGGCCAAGACAT  
CAAGGGTATGAAAATCGCTTGCCTAAGGAATACCTAGGCAGAGGAATTGATCCAGAGGTTAAGGAAAC  
AATCTTAAACGCCGCCAACACTTGAAGGAAATTGGGTGCTATCGTCAGAAGACTCAGCCTTCCTACTC  
TAAATACGGTGTGCCGTTATTACATCATCGCTCATCAGAAGCTTCATCAAACCTGCAACCGCTTCGA  
CGGTATCCGTTACGGCTATGCCGAGAAGATGCAACCAACCTGATGAAATCTATGTAACAGCCGAAG  
CCAAGGTTTGGTGAAGAGGTAACGCTGTTATCGTGGTACTTTCAGTCTTCTCATCAGGTTACTA  
TGATGCTACTACAAAAAGGCTGGTCAAGTCCGTACCCCTCATCATTCAAGGATTCGAAAGATTCTCGC  
GGATTACGATTGATTTGGGTCCAAGTGTGCTCATGACTTGGATTCTCTCAACCATGA  
CCCAGTGGCATGACTTAGCCGACCTATTGACCATACCTGAAACTTGGCAGGACTGCCCTGGAATTTC  
GATTCCGCTGGATTCTCTCAAGGTCTACCTGTCGGACTCCAATTGATTGGTCCCAAGTACTCTGAGGA  
AACCATTTACCAAGCTGCTGCTGCTTTGAAGCAACACAGACTACCACAAACAACCCGTGATTT  
TGGAGGTGACAAC

SP028 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:42)

TFNNKTI EELHNLLVSKIESATELTQATLENIKSREEALNSFVTIAEEQALVQAKAIDEAGIDADNVLS  
GIPLAVKDNI STDGILTAAASKMLYNYEPIFDATAVANAKTKGMIVVGKTNMDEFAMGGSGETSHYGAT  
KNAWNHSKVPGGSSSGSAAVASGQVRLSLGSDTCCGSIRQPAAFNGIVGLKPTYGTVSRFLIAFGSSL

Table 1

DQIGPFAPTVKENALLNIASEDAKDSTSAPVRIADFTSKIGQDIKGKIALPKYLGEGIDPEVKET  
 ILNAAKHFEKLGAIVEEVSLPHSKYGVAVYYIIASSEASSNLQRFDGIRYGYRAEDATNLDEIYVNSRS  
 QGFGEEVKRRIMLGTFSLSSGYYDAYYKKAGQVRTLIIQDFEKVFADYDLILGPTAPSAYDLSLNHD  
 PVAMYLADLLTIPVNLAGLPGISIPAGFSQGLPVGLQLIGPKYSEETIYQAAAFAETTDYHKQQPVIF  
 GGDN

**SP030 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 43)**

CTTTACAGGTAAACAACTACAAGTCGGCGACAAGGGCTTGATTTTCTTACTACAACAGATCTTC  
 TAAAAAAATCTCTGGCTGATTTGATGCCAAGAAAAAGTCTGAGTGTGTTCTATCGATACAGG  
 CATCTGCTCAACTCAAACACGTCGTTAATGAAGAATTGGCTGGACTGGACAACACGGTCGATTGAC  
 TGTTCAATGGACCTACCTTTGCTAAAAACGTTGGTGCCTGCTGAAGGCCCTGACAATCCCATTAT  
 GCTTCAAGACTACTTTGACCATTCTTCGGCGCATTATGCCCTCTTGATCAACGAATGCCACCTATT  
 AGCACCGCGAGTCCTTGCTCGATACTGACAATACGATTGCTACGTTGAATACGTTGATAATATCAA  
 TTCTGAGCAAACCTCGAA

**SP030 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 44)**

FTGKQLQVGDKALDFSLTTDLSKSLADFDGKKVLSVVPISDTGICSTQTRRFNEELAGLDNTVVL  
 VSMDFPFAQKRWCAGELDNAIMLSDYFDHSFGRDYALLINEWHLLARAVFVLTDNTIRYVEYVDNIN  
 SEPNFE

**SP031 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 45)**

CCAGGGCTGATACAAGTATCGCAGACATTCAAAAAAGAGGCGAACCTGGTGTGCGGTGTC  
 TCCCAATTGGTACAAAGATCCCAAGACCGGTTACTTATTCTGGTATCGAAAGCAGT  
 GGTAGCTGATGAACTCAAGGTCAAGATCGCTATGTCGGGTTACAGCACAAACCCGGGCCCCCTCT  
 AGACAATGAACAGGTGCGATATGGATATCGCGACCTTACCATCACGGACGAACGCAAAACTCTACAA  
 CTTTACCAAGTCCCTACTACACAGACGCTTCTGGATTGGTCAATAAAATCTGCCAAATCAAAGAT  
 TGAGGACCTAACCGCAAAACCATCGGAGTCGCCAACGGTTCTATCACCAACGCTGATTACTGA  
 GGGTAAAAAGAAAGGTCTGAAGTTAACCTCGTCAACTTGTTCTACCCAGAATTGATTACTCCCT  
 GCACGCTCATCGTATCGATAACCTTTCCGTTGACCGCTCTATTCTATCTGGCTACACTAGTAA  
 AGCACTACTAGATGATAGTTCAAGCCATCTGACTACGGTATTGTTACCAAGAAATCAAATACAGAGCT  
 CAACGACTATCTTGATAACTGGTTACTAAATGGAGCAAGGATGGTAGTTGCAGAAACTTATGACCG  
 TTACAAGCTAAACCATCTAGCCATACTGCAGAT

**SP031 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 46)**

QADTSIADIQKRGELVVGKQDVNPFGYXDPKTGTYSGIETDLAKMVADELKVKIRYVPVTAQTRGPLL  
 DNEQVDMIDATFTITDERKKLYNFTSPYYTDASGFLVNKSAKIKKIEDLNGKTIGVAQGSITQRLITEL  
 GKKGLKFVFELGSYPELITSLHARIIDTFSVDRSILSGYTSKRTALLDDSFKPSDYGIVTKKSNT  
 NDYLDNLVTKWSKDGSLLQKLYDRYKLKPSSHTAD

**SP032 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 47)**

GTCTGTATCATTGAAAACAAAGAAACAAACCGTGGTGTCTgACTTTCACTATCTCTCAAGACCAAAT  
 CAAACCAAGAATTGGACCGTGTCTCAAGTCAGTGAAGAAATCTCTTAATGTTCCAGGTTCCGTAAGG  
 TCACCTCCACGCCCTATCTCGACCAAAATTGGTGAAGAAGCTCTTATCAAGATGCAATGAACGC  
 ACTTTGCCAACCGTTATGAAGCAGCTGTTAAAGAAGCTGGTCTGAAGTGGTGCCTAACCAACCAAAAT  
 TGACGTAACCTCAATGGAAAAGGTCAAGACTGGTTATCACTGCTGAAGTGTGTTACAAACCTGAAGT  
 AAAATTGGGTGACTACAAAACCTTGAAGTATCAGTTGATGTAGAAAAGAAGTAACGTGCTGATGT  
 CGAAGAGCGTATCGAACCGAACCGAACACCTGGCTGAATTGGTTATCAAGGAAGCTGCTGCTGAAA  
 CGGCACACTGTTGTGATCGACTTCGTTGGTCTATCGACGGTGTGAATTGACGGTGGAAAAGGTGA  
 AAACCTCTCACTTGGACTTGGTCAAGGTCAATTCACTCCCTGGTTTCAAGACCAATTGGTAGGTCA  
 AGCTGGCGAACCCGTTGATGTTATCGTAAACATTCCAGAAGACTACCAAGCAGAACCTGCAGGTAA  
 AGAAGCTAAATTGCTGACAACATCCACGAAGTAAAGCTAAAGAAGTCCGGCTTGACGATGA  
 TGCAAAAGACATTGATGAAGAAGTTGAAACACTTGCTGACTTGAAAGAAAATACAGCAAAGAATTGGC  
 TGCTGCTAAAGAAGAAGCTTACAAAGATGCACTGAGTTGAAGGTGAGCAATTGATACAGCTGAGAAAATGC  
 TGAAATCGTAGAACCTCCAGAAGAAATGATCCATGAAGAAGTTCACCGTTAGTAAATGAATTCCCTTG  
 GAATTGCAACGTCAGGGATCAACCCCTGACATGACTTCCAAATCACTGGAACTACTCAAGAAGACCT  
 TCACAAACCAATACCAAGCAGAAGCTGAGTCACGTACTAAGACTAACCTGTTATCGAAGCAGTTGCCAA  
 AGCTGAAGGATTGATGCTTCAGAAGAAGAAATCCAAAAGAAGTTGAGCAATTGGCAGCAGACTACAA

Table 1

CATGGAAGTTGCACAAGTTCAAAACTTGCTTCAGCTGACATGTTGAAACATGATATCACTATCAAAAA  
AGCTGTTGAATTGATCACAAGCACAGCAACAGTAAAA

## SP032 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:48)

SVSFENKETNRGVLTFTISQDQIKPPELDRVFKSVKSLNPGFRKGHLPRPIFDQKFGEEALYQDAMNA  
LLPNAYEAAVKEAGLEVVAQPKIDVTSMEKGQDWVITAEVVTKPEVKLGDYKNLEVSVDVEKEVTDADV  
EERIERERNNLAEELVIKEAAAENGDTVVIDFVGSIDGVEFDGGKGENFSLGLGSGQFIPGFEDQLVGHS  
AGETVDVIVTFPEDYQAEDLAGKEAKFVTTIHEVKAKEVPALDDELAKDIDEETVLADLKEKYSKELA  
AAKEEAYKDAVEGAAIDTAVENAEIVELPEEMIHEEVHRSVNEFLGNLQRQGINPDMYFQITGTTQEDL  
HNQYQAEAEESRTKTNLVIEAVAKAEGFDASEEEIQKEVEQLAADYNMEVAQVQNLSSADMLKHDTIKK  
AVELITSTATVK

## SP033 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:49)

TGGTCAAAAGGAAAGTCAGACAGGAAAGGGATGAAAATTGTGACCAGTTTATCCTATCTACGCTAT  
GGTTAAGGAAGTATCTGGTACTTGAATGATGTTGGATGATTCAAGTAGTGTGTTACCTACCT  
TGAACCTTCGGCAAATGATATCGCAGCCATCTATGATGCAAGATGTCAGATGTTGTTACCTCTCATACT  
CGAACATCTGGGCAAGGAACTGGATCCAATCTAAAAAAATCCAAGTGAAGGTCTTAGAGGCTTCTGA  
GGGAATGACCTTGGAACGTGTCCCTGGACTAGAGGATGTGGAAAGCAGGGGATGGAGTTGATGAAAAAC  
GCTCTATGACCCCTCACACATGGCTAGATCCTGAAAAAGCTGGAGAAGAAGCCAAATTATCGCTGATAA  
ACTTTAGAGGTGGATAGTGAGCATAAAGAGACTTATCAAAAAATGCGCACCTTATCAAAAAAGCT  
CAGGAAT

## SP033 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:50)

GQKESQTGKGMKIVTSFYPIYAMVKEVSGDLNDVRMIQSSSGIHSFEPSSANDIAAIYDADVFVYHSHTL  
ESWAGSLDPNLKSKVVKVLEASEGMLTERVPGLEDVEAGDGVDEKTLYDPHTWLDPKAGEEAQIIADK  
LSEVDSEHKETYQKNAQPLSKKLRN

## SP034 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:51)

GAAGGATAGATATTTAGCATTTGAGACATCCTGTATGAGACCAGTGTGCCGTCTGAAAAACGA  
CGATGAGCTTGTCCAATGTCATTGCTAGTCATAATTGAGAGTCACAAACGTTGGTGGCTAGTGCC  
CGAAGTAGCCAGTCGTACCATGTCAGGTCATTACAGCTGTATCGAGGAGGCATTGGCAGAACAGG  
GATTACCAGAAGAGGACGTGACAGCTGTGGTTACCTACGGACCAGGCTTGGTGGAGCCTTGCTAGT  
TGGTTGTCAGCTGCAAGGCCATTGCTTGGCTACGGACTTCCACTGATTCTGTTAATCACATGGC  
TGGCACCTCATGGCAGCTCAGAGTGTGGAGCCTTGGAGTTCCCTTGCTAGCCTCTTGGTCAGGG  
CGGACACACAGAGTTGGTTATGTTGGAGGCAGGAGATTATAAGATTGTTGGGAAACCCGTGATGA  
TGGGGTTGGTGGAGGTTATGATAAGGTCGGCGTGTCAAGGGCTTGACCTATCCTGCAGGTGCTGAGAT  
TGACGGAGCTGGCTCATCAGGGGCAGGATATTATGATTTCCTGGCATGATTAAGGAAGATAATCT  
GGAGTTCTCTTCAGGTTGAAATCTGCCATTATCAATCTCATCACAAATGCCAGCAAAGGGAGA  
AAGCCTGCTACAGAAGATTGTTGCTTCCCTCAAGCAGCAGTTATGGACATTCTCATGCCAAAAC  
CAAGAAGGCTTGGAGAAATATCCTGTTAAACCTAGTTGTCAGGTTGGTGTGGCAGCCAATAAAGG  
TCTCAGAGAACGCTAGCAGCCAAATCACAGATGTCAAGGTTATCATCCCCCTCTGCAGCTCTGC  
AGACAATGCAGGTATGATTGCCATGCCAGCGTCAGCNAGTGGACAAAGAAAATTGCAAGGCTGGG  
CCTCAATGCCAACCAAGTCTGCCATTGATACCATGGAA

## SP034 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:52)

KDRYILAFETSCDETSVAVLKNDELLSNVIASQIESHKRFGGVVPEVASRHHVEVITACIEEALAEAG  
ITEEDVTAVAVTYGPGLVGVALLVGLSAAKAFAWAHGLPLIPVNHMAGHLMAAQSVEPLEFPLLALLVSG  
GHTELVYVSEAGDYKIVGETRDDAVGEAYDKVGRVMGLTPAGREIDEALHQGQDIYDFPRAMIKEDNL  
EFSFSGLKS AFINLHHNAEQKGESLSTEDLCASFQAAVMDILMAKTKALEKYPVKILVVAGGVAANKG  
LRERLAAEITDVKVIIPPLRLCGDNAGMIAYASVXWNKENFAGWDLNAKPSLAFDTME

## SP035 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:53)

GGTAGTTAAAGTGGTATTACGGTTTCGGACGTATCGGTGCTTGTGCTTCCGTCGTATCCAAAACGT  
AGAAGGTGTTGAAGTTACACGCATCAACGACCTTACAGATCCAGTTATGCTTGCACACTTGTGAAATA  
CGACACAACTCAAGGTCGTTTCGACGGTACTGTTGAAGTTAAAGAAGGTGGATTGAGTTAACGGTAA  
ATTCACTCAAAGTTCTGCTGAACGTGATCCAGAACAAATCAGACTGGCTACTGACGGTGTAGAAATCGT  
TCTTGAAGCTACTGGTTCTTGCTAAGAAAGAAGCAGCTGAAAAACACCTTAAAGGTGGAGCTAAAAA

Table 1

AGTTGTTATCACTGCTCCTGGTGGAAACGACGTTAAACAGTTGATTCAACACTAACCGACGTTCTGACGGTACTGAAACAGTTATCTCAGGTGCTTCATGACTACAAACTGCTTGGCTCAATGGCTAAAGCTCTCAAGACAACCTTGGTGTGAAAGGATTGATGACTACTATCCACGCTTACACTGGTGACCAAATGATCCTGACGGACCACACCGTGGTGGTACCTTCGCCGTGCGCTGGTCTGCAAACATCGTTCTAACTCAACTGGTGTGCAAAGCTATCGGTCTTGTAAATCCCAGAATTGAATGGTAAACTTGACGGATCTGCACACCGCTTACACTGGTACCGTACAGTAAAGGAAACGTTACGGTACGACTCAAACAAACTAAAGTTCTTGA CGTTGACGGTAAACAATTGGTTAAAGGTGATCATGGTACGACAACGAAATGTCATACACTGCACAACCTGTTGACTCTTGAATACTCGCAAAATTGC

**SP035 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:54)**

VVKVINGFGRIGRLAFRRIQNVGVEVTRINDLDPVMLAHLKYDTTQGRFDGTVEVKEGGFEVNGKFIKVSAAERDPEQIDWATDGEIVLEATGFFAKKEAAEKLKGAKKVVITAPGGNDVKTVVFTNHDVLDGTETVISGASCTTNCLAPMAKALQDNFGVVEGLMTTIIAYTDQMILDGPHRGGDLRRAAGAANIVPNSTGAAKAIGLVIPELNGKLDGSAQRVPTPTGSVTELVAVLEKNVTDEVNAAMKAASNESYGYTEDPIVSSDIVGMSYGSLFATQTKVLDVGKQLVKVVSWYDNEMSYTAQLVRLGILRKNC

**SP036 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:55)**

TTCTTACGAGTTGGACTGTATCAAGCTAGAACGGTTAAGGAAAATACTGTGTTCTTATATAGATGGAAAACAAGCGACGCCAAAAACGGAGAATTGACTCCTGTAGTGGTTAGCAAGCGTGAAGGAATCAATGCTGAGCAAATCGTCATCAAGATAACAGACCAAGGCTATGTCACTTCACATGGCGACCACTATCATTATTAATGTTAAGGTTCTTATGACGCTATCATCAGTGAAGAATTACTCATGAAAGATCCAAACTATAAGCTAAAAGATGAGGATATTGTTAATGAGGTCAAGGGTGGATATGTTATCAAGGTAGATGGAAAATACTATGTTACCTTAAGGATGCTGCCACCGGGATAACGTCCGTACAAAGAGGAAATCAATCGACAAAACAAGGCATAGTCAACATCGTAAGGTGGAACCTCAAGAACGATGGTCTGTTGCCACGTTCGCAAGGACGCTATACTACAGATGGTTATATCTTTAATGCTTCTGTATCATAGAGGAACTGGGTGATGCTTATATCGTTCTCATGGAGATCATTACCATTCCTAAGAATGAGTTATCAGCTAGCGAGTTGGCTCTGCAGAACGCTTCCCTATCTGGTCAGGAAATCTGCAAATTCAAGAACCTATCGCCGACAAAATAGCGATAACACTCAAGAACAAACTGGTACCTTCTGTAAAGCAATCCAGGAACCTACAAATACTAACACAAGCAAACAGCAACACTAACAGTCAAGCAAGTAAATGACATTGATAGTCTCTTGAACAGCTCTACAAACTGCCTTGTAGTCACAGACATGTAGAATCTGATGGCTTGTCTTGTACCGCACAAATCACAGTCGAAACAGCTAGAGGTGTTGAGTCCACACGGAGATCATTACCACTTCATCCCTTACTCTCAAATGTCTGATTGGAAGAACGAATCGCTGTATTATTCCCTCGTTATCGTCAAACCAATTGGTACCGAGATTCAAGGCCAGAACCAACCAAACTCTTAAATAGACTCAAATTCTCTTGGTTAGTCAGCTGGTACGAAAAGTTGGGAAGGATATGTATTCGAAGAACAGGCATCTCTCGTTATGCTTTGCGAAAGATTACCATCTGAAACTGTTAAAATCTTGAAGGCAAATTATCAAAGAGACTGTTTACACACTTTAATGCTAAAAAGAAAATGTTGCTCTCGTGACCAAGAATTGATGAAAGCATAATACTGTTAATGAGGCTCATAAAGCCTTGTGNAATAAGGGCTTAATTCTGATTTCAAGCCTTAGACAAATTATTAGAACGCTGAAATGATGAAATCGACTAATAAGAAAAATTGGTAGATGATTTATTGGCATTCCCTAGCACCAATTACCCATCCAGAGCGACTGGCAAACCAAATTCTCAAATTGAGTAACTGAAGACGAAGTTCGTATTGCTCAATTAGCTGATAAGTATAACAGTCAGATGGTTACATTGGTAGACATGATATAATCAGTGTAGAAGGAGATGCATATGTAACGCCCTATATGGGCCATTCACTGGATTGGAAAAGATAGCCTTCTGTATAAGGAAAAGTTGAGCTCAAGCCTATAACTAAAGAAAAGGTATCCTACCTCACTCCAGACGCAAGTGTAAAGCAAATCCAACACTGGAGATAGTGCAGCAGCTATTACAATCTGTGAAAGGGAAAAACGAATTCCACTCGTCACTCCATATATGGTTGAGCATAAGTTGAGGTTAAAACGGTAATTGATTATTCCCTCATAGGATCATTACCATATAATTAAATTGCTTGGTTGATGATCACACATAACAAAGCTCCAAATGGCTATACCTTGGAAAGATTGTTGCGACGATTAAGTACTACGTAGAACACCCCTGACCAACGTCCACATTCTAATGATGGTATGGGGCAATGCCAGTGAGCATGTGTTAGGCAAGAACGACACAGTGAAGATCCAATAAGAACCTTCAAAAGCGGATGAAGAGGCCAGTAGAGGAAACACCTGCTGAGCCAGAAGTCCCTCAAGTAGAGACTGAAAAAGTAGAAGGCCAACTCAAAGAACGAGAAGTTGCTTGCAGGAAACTCTAGCTGGTTACGAAATAATTGACTCTCAAATTATGGATAACAATAGTATGGTACGAGAAAATTACTTGCCTGTTAAAAGGAAAGTAATCCTCATCTGTAAGTAAAGGAAAAATAAAC

**SP036 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:56)**

SYELGLYQARTVKENNRSVYIDGKQATQKTENLTPDEVSKREGINAEQIVIKITDQGYVTSHGDHYHYYNGKVPYDAIISELLMKDPNYKLKDEDIVNEVKGGYVIKVDGKYYVYLKDAAHADNVRTKEEINRQKQE

Table 1

HSQHREGGT PRNDGAVALARSQGRYTTDDGYIFNASDIIEDTGDAYIVPHGDHYHYIPKNELSASELAA  
 AEAFLSGRGNLSNSRTYRRQNSDNTSRTNWVPSVNPGBTNTNTSNSNTNSQASQNSDIDSLLKQLYK  
 LPLSQRHVESDGLVFDPQITSRTARGAVPHGDHYHFIPIYSQMSELEERIARIIPLRYRSNHWPDSR  
 PEQPSPQPTPEPSPGPQPAPNLKIDSNSSLVSQLVRKGEGYVFEKEGISRYVFAKDLPSETVKNLESK  
 LSKQESVSHTLTAKKENVAPRDQEYDKAYNLLTEAHKALFXNKGRNSDFQALDKLLERLNDESTNKEK  
 LVDDLLAFLAPITHPERLGKPNQSIEYTEDEVRIAQLADKYTTSDGYIFDEHDIISDEGDAYVTPHMGH  
 SHWIGKDSLSDKEKVAQAQAYTKEKGILPPSPDADVKAAPGDSAAIYNRVKGEKRIPLVRLPYMVEHT  
 VEVKNGNLIIPHKDHYHNIKFAWFDDHTYKAPNGYTLEDFATIKYYVEHPDERPHSNDGWNASEHVL  
 GKKDHSEDPNKNFKADEEVEETPAEPEPVQVETEKVEAQLKEAFLAKVTDSSLKANATETLAGLRN  
 NLTLQIMDNNNSIMAEEAKLALLKGSNPSSVSKEKIN

**SP038 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:57)**

TAATGAGATGCATCATATCTAGGAGCTGAAAAGCGTTCAGCAGTGGCTACTACTATCGATAGTTTAA  
 GGAGCGAAGTCAAAAAGTCAGAGCACTATCTGATCAAATGTGCGTTTGTCCCTCTGGCTCTAG  
 TGAATGGCTTCGTTTGACGGTGCCTATTCTGCGGTTAGCTGAGAAAATACAATCGTCCCTACCGTCC  
 TTATCTTTAGGACAGGGGGAGCTGCATCGCTAACCAATATTTGGAATGCAACAGATGTTACCA  
 GCTGGAGAATAAACAAAGTTGTTATGTTATCTCACCTCAGTGGTTAGTAAAAATGGCTATGATCCAGC  
 AGCCTTCCAGCAGTATTTAATGGAGACCAGTTGACTAGTTCTGAAACATCAATCTGGGATCAGGC  
 TAGTCAATATGCAGCGACTCGCTTACTGCAACAGTCCAAACGTAGCTATGAAGGACCTGGTTCAGAA  
 GTTGGCAAGTAAAGAAGAATTGTCGACAGCAGACAATGAAATGATTGAATTATGGCTCGTTAATG  
 ACGCCAAGCTCCCTTTGTCAGTTTCCGGTTAGGGCTATGTTAACTACGATAAGCATGTTAGCTAA  
 GTATTTAAAATCTGCCAGACCAAGTCTTATCAGGAAATAGAAGATGTTGCAAGCAGATGCTGA  
 AAAAATACTTCAATAATGAGATGGAAATTATTTCTATAATGAGCAGATCAAGAAGGATT  
 GAAGAAATTAAAGGATTCTCAGAAAGCTTACCTATCTCAAGTCGCCAGAGTATAATGNNTTCAGTT  
 GGTTTAAACACAGTTCTAAATCTAAGGTAACCCGATTTTATCATTCCACCTGTTAATAAAAATG  
 GATGNACTATGCTGGTCTACGGAGAGGATATGTACCAACAAACGGTGCAGAAGATTGCTACCAGTTAGA  
 AAGTCAGGTTTACCAATATAGCAGATTTTCTAAGGACGGGGGAGCCTTCTTATGAAGGACAC  
 CATTACACCTGGTGGTTGGCTGGCTTGTGACAAGGCAGTTGATCCTTCTATCCAATCCCAC  
 ACCAGCTCCGACTTACCATCTGAATGAGCGCTTTTCAGCAAAGATTGGCGACTTATGATGGAGATGT  
 CAAAGAA

**SP038 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:58)**

TEMHHNLGAEKRSAVATTIDSFKERSQKVRALSDPNVRFVPFFGSSEWLRFDAHSAVLAEKYNRSYRP  
 YLLQGGAASLNQYFGMQQMLPQLENKQVVYVISPQWFSKNGYDPAAFFQOYFNGDQLTSFLKHQSGDQA  
 SQYAATRLLQQFPNVAMKDLVQKLASKELSTADNEMIELLARFNERQASFFGQFSVRGYVNYDKHVA  
 YLKILPDQFSYQAIEDVVVKADAEKNTSNNEGMENYFYNEQIKKDLKKLKSQKSFTYLKSPENXLQL  
 VLTQFSKSKVNPIFIIPPVNKKWMXYAGLREDMYQQTVKIRYQLESQGFTNIADFSKDGEPEFMKDT  
 IHLCWLGLAFLDKAVDPFLSNPTPAPTYHLNERFFSKDWATYDGDVKE

**SP039 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:59)**

GGTTTGAGAAAGTATTGCAGGGGCCCTGATTGAGTCGATTGAGCAAGTGGAAAATGACCGTATTGT  
 GGAAATTACAGTTCCAATAAAACGAGATTGGAGACCATATCCAGGCTACCTTGTATTATGAAATTAT  
 GGGGAAACACAGTAATATTCTACTGGTCGATAAAAGCAGTCATAAAATCTCGAAGTTATCAACACGT  
 CGGCTTTCACAAATAGCTACCGCACCTTACTCCAGGATCGACCTATATCGCTCCGCCAAGTACAAA  
 ATCTCTCAATCTTTACTATCAAGGATGAAAAGCTTTGAAATCCTGCAAACCCAAAGAACTAACAGC  
 AAAAATCTTCAAAACGCTTTCAAGGCTGGGACCGATAACGGCAAATGAAATTGAAAGGATACTGGT  
 TAGTGAAGAAACTTCCGTTCCGAAATTCTTCAATCAAGAAACCAAGCCATGCTGACTGAGACTTC  
 CTTCAGTCCAGTTCTTGTCAAATCAGGTGGGAGAGCCTTGTCAAATCTTCTGATTGTTGGACAC  
 CTACTATAAGGATAAGGCTGAGCGCGACCGCGTCAAACAGCAGGCCAGTGAACTGATTGTCGTGTTGA  
 AAATGAACTTCAGAAAACCGACACAAACTCAAACACAGGAAAAGAGTTACTGGCGACAGACAACGC  
 TGAAGAATTCTGTCAAAAGGAGAATTGCTGACAACCTTCCACCAAGTGCCTAACGACCAAGACCA  
 GTTATCCTAGACAACACTATACCAACCAACCTATCATGATTGCGCTTGATAAGGCTCTGACTCCCAA  
 CCAGAATGCCAACGCTATTTAAACGGTATCAGAAACTCAAAGAAGCTGTCAAATACTTGACTGATT  
 GATTGAAGAAACCAAGCCACTATTCTCTATCTGAAAGTGTAGAAACCGTCCTAACCAAGCTGGACT  
 GGAAGAAATCGCTGAAATCCGTGAAGAATTGATTCAAACAGGTTTATCCGAGAACACAACGGAGAA  
 AATCCAGAAACGCAAAAATAGAACAAATCTAGCAAGCGATGGCAAACCATCATCTATGTCGGACG  
 AAACAACTTCAAAATGAGGAATTGACCTTAAATGGCCCGCAAGGAGGAACCTTGGTTCCATGCTAA  
 GGACATTCCCTGGAGGCCATGTTGTCATCTCAGGAAATCTTGACCCATCTGATGCAAGACAGACGC

Table 1

AGCAGAGTTAGCTGCCTACTCTCTCAAGGGCGCTGTCGAATCTGGTGCAGGTAGATATGATTGAAGT  
CAAAAAACTCAATAAAACCAACTGGTGGAAAACCCGGCTTGTCACTTACACAGGACAAAAGACCCCTCCG  
CGTCACACCAGACTCCAAAAAAATTGCATCCATGAAAAAATCC

**SP039 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:60)**

VLRKYLQGALIESIEQVENDRIVEITVSNKNEIGDHIQATLIEIMGKHSNILLVDKSSHKILEVIKH  
GFSQNSYRTLLPGSTYIAPPSTKSLNPTIKDEKLFEILOQELTAKNQSLFOGLGRDTANELERILV  
SEKLSAFRNFFNQETKPCLTETSFSPVPFANQVGEFPFANLSDLDTYYKDKAERDRVKKQQASELIRRVE  
NELQKNRHKLKKQEKEELLATDNAEEFRQKGELETTFLHQVNPNDQVILDNYNTNPIMIALDKALTPN  
QNAQRYFKRYQKLKEAVKYLTDLIEETKATILYLESVETVLNQAGLEEIAEIREELIQTGFIRRQREK  
IQKRKKLEQYLASDGKTIIVYGRNNLQNEELTFKMARKEELWFHAKDIPGSHVVISGNLDPSDAVKTDA  
AELAAYFSQGRLSNLVQVDMIEVKKLNKPTGGKPGFTYTGQKTLRVTPDSKKIASMKKS

**SP040 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:61)**

GACAACATTTACTATCCATACAGTAGAGTCAGCACCCAGCAGAAGTGAAGAAAATTCTTGAAACAGTAGA  
AAAAGACAACAATGGCTATATTCCCAACCTAATCGCTCTTGGCCAATGCCCGAACATGTTTAAAGC  
CTACCAAATTGTCATCTATCCACCGTCGAACAGCCTGACACCCGTTGAGCGTGAAGTGGTCAAAT  
CACGGCAGCCGTGACCAATGGTTGCTGCTGAGGTACACAGCCTTCCATCAAACAAAT  
CCAGATGAATGATGACTTGAAGCTCTCGCAATCGTACTCCAATTGAAACAGATCCTAAATTGGA  
TACCCCTAGCTAAGTTTACCTTGGCAGTTATCAATACCAAGGGCTGTAGGAGATGAAGCCTTGTCTGA  
GTTTTAGAAGCTGGCTACACTCAACAAAATGCCCTGGATGTGGTTTTGGTGTAGCCTAGCAATCCT  
CTGTAACATGCCAACACTAGCTAATACACCAATTAAATCCAGAATTGCAACCTTATGCC

**SP040 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:62)**

TTFTIHTVESAPAEVKEILETVEKDNNGYIPNLIGLLANAPTVLEAYQIVSSIHRRNSLTPVEREVVQI  
TAAVTNGCAFCVAGHTAFSIKQIQMNDLILQALRNRTPIETDPKLDLTLAKFTLAVINTKGRVGDEALSE  
FLEAGYTQQNALDVFVFGVSLAILCNYANNLANTPINPELQPYA

**SP041 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:63)**

GGCTAAGGAAAGAGTGGATGACTAGCTTATAAACAGGGGTTGTTGAAACGAGAGAGCAGGCCAAGCG  
AGGTGTATGGCTGGCCTAGTCGTAGCAGTCCTTAATGGAGAACGGTTGACAAGCCAGGAGAGAAAAT  
TCCAGATGACACCGAATTAAACTCAAGGGGGAGAAAACCTCAAGTATGTCAGCCGTGGTGGTTGAAACT  
GGAAAAGGCCCTTGCAAGGTCTTGATTTGTCGGTGGATGGCGCAGTACGATTGATATCGGGGCTCTAC  
TGGAGGTTTACCGATGTCATGCTACAGAATAGTGCCAAGTGGTCTTGCAGTCGATGTTGGTACCAA  
TCAGTTGGCTTGGAAATTACGCCAAGACCCACGACTGTCAGCATGGAGCAGTTCAATTCCGCTATGC  
TGAAAAGACTGATTTCGAGCAGGAGCCGAGCTTCCCAGTATTGATGTCAGTTCAATTCCCTAGTCT  
GATTTGCCAGCCTTGCAACCGTGTCTGGCTGATCAAGGTCAAGGTGGTAGCACTTGTCAAACCTCAGTT  
TGAGGCAGGACGTGAGCAGATTGGAAAAATGAAATTATTCGAGATGCTAAGGTTCATCAGAAATGTCCT  
TGAATCTGTAACAGCTATGGCAGTAGAGGTAGGTTTCACTGCCCTGGCTGGACTTTCTCCCATCCA  
AGGTGGACATGGAAATTGAAATTGAGTTAGCTATTGAAAAAGAAAAGTCAGCAAGCAATCAGATTCT  
TGCTGAGATTAAAGAAGCAGTAGAGAGGGCGCATAGTCATTAAAAATGAA

**SP041 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:64)**

AKERDVLAYKQGLFETREQAKRGMAGLVAVLNGERFDKPGKEKIPDDTELKLGEKLKYVSRGGLKL  
EKALQVFDLSVDGATTIDIGASTGGFTDVMLQNSAKLVFAVDVGTNQLAWKLRQDPRVVSMEQFNFRYA  
EKTDFFEQEPFASIDVSFISLSSLILPALHRLVADQGVVALVKPQFEAGREQIGKNGIIRDAVKHQVNL  
ESVTAMAVEVGSVLGLDFSPIQGGHGNIEFLAYLKKEKSASNQILAEIKEAVERAHSQFKNE

**SP042 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:65)**

TTGTTCTATGAACCTGGTCTACCAAGCTGGTCAGGTTAAGAAAGACTAATCGAGTTTCTTATAT  
AGATGGTGATCAGGCTGGTCAAAAGGCAGAAAACCTGACACCAGATGAAGTCAGTAAGAGGGAGGGGAT  
CAACGCCAACAAATGNTATCAAGATTACGGATCAAGGTTATGTGACCTCTCATGGAGACCATTATCA  
TTACTATAATGGCAAGGTTCTTATGATGCCATCATCAGTGAAGAGCTCCTCATGAAGAGATCCGAAATTA  
TCAGTTGAAGGATTCAAGACATTGTCATGAAATCAAGGGTGGTTATGTCATTAAGGAAACGGTAAATA  
CTATGNTACCTTAAGGATGAGCTCATGCGGATAATATTGCGACAAAAGAAGAGATTAAACGTCAGAA  
GCAGGAACGCAGTCATAATCATAACTCAAGAGCAGATAATGCTGTTGCTGCAGCCAGAGCCAAAGGACG  
TTATACACGGATGATGGGTATATCTTCAATGCATCTGATATCATTGAGGACACGGGTGATGCTTATAT  
CGTTCCCTACGGCGACCATTACCATACATTCTAAGAATGAGTTATCAGCTAGCGAGTTAGCTGCTGC

Table 1

AGAAGCTATTGGAATGGGAAGCAGGGATCTGTCCTTCTCAAGTTCTAGTTATAATGCAAATCCAGC  
 TCAACCAAGATTGTCAGAGAACCAATCTGACTGTCACTCCAACTTATCATCAAATCAAGGGAAAA  
 CATTTCAGCCTTTACGTGAATTGTATGCTAACCCATTACAGAACGCATGTGAATCTGATGGCCT  
 TATTTGACCCAGCGAAATCACAAGTCGAACGCCAGAGGTGTAGCTGTCCTCATGTAACCATTA  
 CCACCTTATCCATTAGAACAAATGTCGAATTGGAAAAACGAATTGTCGTATTATTCCTCGTTA  
 TCGTTCAAACCATGGGTACCAAGATTCAAGACCAGAACACCAAGTCCACAATCGACTCCGGAACCTAG  
 TCCAAGTCCGAAACCTGCAACCAATCCTCAACCAGCTCCAAGCAATTCAATTGATGAGAAATTGGTCAA  
 AGAAGCTGTTGAAAAGTAGGCGATGGTTATGCTTGGAGGAATGGAGTTCTGTTATATCCCAGC  
 CAAGGATCTTCAGCAGAACAGCAGCAGGCAATTGATAGCAAACCTGGCCAAGCAGGAAAGTTATCTCA  
 TAAGCTAGGAGCTAAGAAAATGACCTCCCATCTAGTGATCGAGAATTACAATAAGGCTTATGACTT  
 ACTAGCAAGAATTACCAAGATTACTTGATAATAAAGGTCGACAAGTTGATTTGAGGCTTGGATAA  
 CCTGTTGAAACGACTCAAGGATGTCNCAAGTGTAAAGTCAGTTAGTGAGGATATTCTGCTTCTT  
 AGCTCCGATTGTCATCCAGAACGTTAGGAAACCAAATGCGCAAATTACCTACACTGATGATGAGAT  
 TCAAGTAGCCAAGTTGGCAGGCAAGTACACAACAGAACAGCGTTATATCTTGATCTCGTGTATAAC  
 CAGTGATGAGGGGATGCTATGTAACCCATATGACCCATAGCCACTGGATTAAAAAGATAGTT  
 GTCTGAAGCTGAGAGAGCGGAGCCCAGGTTATGCTAAAGAGAAAGGTTTGACCCCTCTGACAGA  
 CCATCAGGATTCAAGGAAATACTGAGGCAAAAGGAGCAGAGCTATCTACAACCGCGTGAAAGCAGCTAA  
 GAAGGTGCCACTTGATGCTATGCTTACAATCTCAATATACTGTAGAAGTCAAAACGGTAGTTAAT  
 CATAACCTCATTATGACCATTACCAATAACATCAAATTGAGTGGTTGACCAAGGCCTTATGAGGCACC  
 TAAGGGGTAACTCTTGAGGATCTTGGCAGCTGTCAGTTAGTCAAGTACTATGTCGAACATCCAAACGAACGTCC  
 GCATTCAAGATAATGGTTTGGTAAAGCTAGCGACCATGTTCAAAGAAACAAAATGGTCAAGCTGATAC  
 CAATCAAACGGAAAACCAAGCGAGGAGAACCTCAGACAGAAAACCTGAGGAAGAAACCCCTCGAGA  
 AGAGAAACCGCAAAGCGAGAAACCAGACTCTCAAAACCAACAGAGGAACCAGAAGAATCACCAGAGGA  
 ATCAGAAGAACCTCAGGTCGAGACTGAAAAGGTTGAAGAAAATGAGAGAGGCTGAAGATTACTTGG  
 AAAATCCAGGAT

**SP042 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:66)**

CSYELGRHQAGQVKESNRVSYIDGDQAGQKAENLTPDEVSKREGINAEQXVIKITDQGYVTSHDHYH  
 YYNGKVPYDAIISEELLMKDPNYQLKDSDIVNEIKGGYVIKVNKGYYVYLDAAHADNIRTKEIKRQK  
 QERSHNHNSRADNAVAAAARAQGRYTTDDGYIFNASDIIEDTGDAYIVPHGDHYHYIPKNELSAELAAA  
 EAYWNGKQGSRPSSSSSYNANPAQRLSENHNLTVTPTYHQNQGENISSLLRELYAKPLSERHVESDGL  
 IFDPAQITSRTARGVAVPHGNHYHFIPYEQMSELEKRIARIIPLRYRSNHWVPDSRPEQPSPQSTPEPS  
 PSPQPAWPNPQAPSNPIDEKLVKEAVRKVGDGYVFEEENGVSRYIPAKDLSAETAAGIDSKLAKQESLH  
 KLGAKKTDLPSSDREFYNKAYDLLARIHQDLDNKGQVDFEALDNLLERLKDVXSDKVKLVDILAFL  
 APIRHPERLGKPNAQITYTDDDEIQVAKLAGKYTTEDGYIFDPRDITSDEGDAYTPHMTHSHWIKKDSL  
 SEAERAQQAYAKEKGLTPSTDHQDSGNTAEKGAEAIYNRVKAACKVPLDRMPYNLQYT/EVKNGSLI  
 IPHYDHYHNIKF EWFD EGLYEAPKG YTL EDLL ATV KYY VEH PNERPHSDNGFGN ASDHVQRNKGQADT  
 NQTEKPSEEKPQTEKPEEETPREEKPQSEKPTEPEESEEPQVETEKVEEKLR EAEDLLG  
 KIQD

**SP043 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:67)**

TTATAAGGGTGAATTAGAAAAGGATACCAATTGATGGTTGGAAATTCTGGTTTCGAAGGTAAAAA  
 AGACGCTGGCTATGTTATTAACTATCAAAGATAACCTTATAAAACCTGTATTCAAGAAAATAGAGGA  
 GAAAAGGAGGAAGAAAATAACCTACTTTGATGTATCGAAAAGAAAGATAACCCACAAGTAAACCA  
 TAGTCATTAAATGAAAGTCACAGAAAAGAGGATTACAAAGAGAAGAGCATTCAACAAAATCTGATT  
 AACTAAGGATGTTACAGCTACAGTTCTGATAAAACAAATATCAGTAGTAAATCAACTACTAACATCC  
 TAATAAG

**SP043 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:68)**

YKGELEKGYQFDGWEISGFEGKKDAGYVINLSKDTFIKPVFKIEEKKEENKPTFDVSKKKDNPQVNH  
 SQLNESHRKEDLQREEHSQKSDSTKDVATVLDKNNISSKSTNNPNK

**SP044 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:69)**

GAATGTTCAAGGCTCAAGAAAGTTCAAGGAATAAAACTTATCAATGTTCAAGAAGGTGGCAGTGA  
 TCGGATTATTCTGAAAGCAATGGACATTGTCATGGTGGATACAGGAGAAGATTATGATTTCCTCAGA  
 TGGAAAGTGTTCGCTATCCATGGAGAGAAGGAATTGAAACGTCTTATAAGCATGTTCTAACAGACCG  
 TGTCTTCGTCGTTGAAGGAATTGGGTGTCCAAAACCTGATTATTGTTGGTGAACCCATACCCACAG  
 TGATCATATTGAAATGTTGATGAATTACTGTCACCTATCCAGTTGACCGAGTCTATCTAACAGAAATA

Table 1

TAGTGATAGTCGATTACTAATTCTGAACGTCTATGGGATAATCTGTATGGCTATGATAAGGTTTACA  
 GACTGCTGCAGAAAAAGGTGTTCACTTCAAAATATCACACAAGGGGATGCTATTTCAAGTTGG  
 GGACATGGATATTCACTATAATTATGAAAATGAAACTGATTCACTGGGTGAATTAAAGAAAATTG  
 GGATGACAATTCCAATTCTGATTAGCGTGGTGAAGTCATGGCAAGAAAATTACCTGGGGCGA  
 TTTAGATAATGTTCACTGGAGCAGAAGACAAGTATGGCTCTCATTGGAAAAGTTGATTTGATGAAGTT  
 TAATCATCACCAGATAACAAACAAATCAAATACCAAGGATTCACTTAAAGAAAATTGAGTCCGAGTTGAT  
 TGTTCAAACCTCCGATAGTCACCTGGAAAATGGTGTGATAGTCACTGAGTATGTTAATTGGCTCAAAGA  
 ACGAGGAATTGAGAGAATCAACGCAGCCAGCAAAGACTATGATGCAACAGTTTGATATTGAAAAGA  
 CGGTTTGTCATATTCAACATCCTACAAGCCGATTCCAAGTTCAAGCTGGTTGGCATAAGAGTGC  
 ATATGGAACTGGTGTATCAAGCGCTGATTCTACAGGAGAGTATGCTGCGTTGGAATGAAATCGA  
 AGGTGAATGGTATTACTTAAACAAACGGTATCTTGTGATAGAATCAATGAAAATGAAACATCA  
 TTGGTTCTATTGACAGACTCTGGTCTCTGCTAAAATGGAGAAAATCGCTGGAATCTGGTATTA  
 TTTAAACAAAGAAAACCAGATGAAATTGGTGGATTCAAGATAAGAGCAGTGGTATTATTGGATGT  
 TGATGGTTCTATGAAGACAGGATGGCTCAATATATGGGCAATGGTATTACTTGCTCCATCAGGGGA  
 A

## SP044 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:70)

NVQAQESSGNKIHFIINVQEGGSDAIILESNGHFAMVDTGEDYDFPDGSDSRYPWREGIETSYKHVLTDR  
 VFRLKELGVQKLDIFLVTHSDHIGNVDELLSTYPVDRVYLKKYSDSRITNSERLWDNLYGYDKVLQ  
 TAAEKGVSVIQNITQGDAHFQFGDMDIQLYNENETDSSGELKKIWDNSNSLISUVVKVNGKKIYLGGD  
 LDNVHGAEDKYGLIGKVDLMKFNHHHDTNKSNTKDFIKNLSPLIVQTSDSLWPKNGVDSEYVNWLKE  
 RGIERINAASKDYDATVFDIRKDGFBVNISTSYKPIPSFQAGWHKSAYGNWWYQAPDSTGEYAVGWNEIE  
 GEWYYFNQQTGILLQNWQKWWNHWFYLTDSGASAQNWKKIAGIWWYFNKENQMEIGWIQDKEQWYLDV  
 DGSMKTGWLQYMGWYYFAPSGE

## SP045 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:71)

CTTGGGTGTAAACCCATATCCAGCTCCTCCAGTCTGCTTACTACTTTGTCAATGAAATTGAAAACCA  
 TGAAACGCTTGTCTGACTACGCTTCAAGAACAGCAACTACAACACTGGGGATATGACCCCTCAAACACTTT  
 CTCCTGACTGGTATGTAACAGCGATCTAAGAACATCCAGAAAACGAATCGCAGAATTAAACACCT  
 CATCAACGAAATCCACAAACGTGGTATGGGAGCTATCCTAGATGTCGTTATAACCACACAGCCAAAGT  
 CGATCTCTTGAAGATTGAAACAAACTACTACCAACTTATGGATGCCGATGGCACACCTCGAACTAG  
 CTTGGTGGTGGACGCTTGGGACAACCCACCATATGACCAAACGGCTCTAATTGACTCTATCAAATA  
 CCTAGTTGATACCTACAAAGTGGATGGCTTCCGATATGATGGGAGACCATGACGCCGCTTCTAT  
 CGAAGAAGCTTACAAGGCTGCCAGCGCCCTCAATCAAACCTCATCATGCTTGGTAAGGTTGGAGAAC  
 CTATGCCGGTGTGAAACATGCCACTAAAGCTGCTGACCAAGATTGGATGAAACATACCGATACTGT  
 CGCTGTCTTTCAAGATGACATCCGTAACAACCTCAAATCTGTTATCCAAACGAAGGTCAACCTGCCCT  
 TATCACAGGTGGCAAGCGTGATGTCACACCATCTTAAACATCTCATGCTCAACCAACTAACTTGA  
 AGCTGACAGCCCCTGGAGATGTCATCCAATACATGCCAGCCATGATAACTTGACCCCTTTGACATCAT  
 TGCCCACTCTATCAAAAAGACCCAAAGCAAGGCTGAGAACTATGCTGAAATCCACCGTCGTTACGACT  
 TGGAAATCTCATGGTCTTGACAGCTCAAGGAACCTTATCCACTCCGGTCAGGAATATGGACGTAC  
 TAAACAATTCCGTGACCCAGCCTACAAGACTCCAGTAGCAGAGGATAAGGTTCAAACAAATCTCACTT  
 GTTGCCTGATAAGGACGGCAACCCATTGACTATCTTACTTCATCCATGACTCTTACGATTCTAGTGA  
 TGCACTCAACAAGTTGACTGGACTAAGGCTACAGATGGTAAAGCTTATCCTGAAATGTCAAGAGCCG  
 TGACTATATGAAAGGTTGATTGCCCTCGTCAATCTACAGATGCCCTCGACTTAAGAGTCTTCAAGA  
 TATCAAAGACCGTGTCCACCTCATCACTGTCAGGCAAATGGTGTGGAAAAGAGGATGAGTGT  
 TGGCTACCAAAATCACTGCTCCAACAGGGATATCTACCGAGTCTTGTCAATGCCGATGAAAAGCTCG  
 CGAAATTAAATTGGGAACTGCCCTTGACACATCTAAGAAATGCCGAGTTGGCAGATGAAAACCAAGC  
 AGGACCAAGTCGGAATTGCCAACCGAAAGGACTTGAATGGACTGAAAAAGGCTGAAATTGAATGCCCT  
 TACAGCTACTGTTCTCGAGTCTCTCAAATGAACTAGCCATGAGTCACAGCAGAAGAGAAACCAAGA  
 CTCACCCCTCCAAGCCTGAACATCAAATGAAGCTTCTCACCCCTGCACATCAAGACCCAGCTCCAGA  
 AGCTAGACCTGATTCTACTAAACCAGATGCCAAAGTAGCTGATGCGGAAAATAAACCTAGCCAAGCTAC  
 AGCTGATTCAACAGCTGAACACCAGCACAAGCACAAGCATCTGAAAAGAAGCGGTTCGAAA  
 CGAATCGGTAGAAAATCTAGCAAGGAAAATACCTGCAACCCAGATAAACAGCTGAA

## SP045 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:72)

LGVTHIQLLPVLSYYFVNELKNHERLSDYASSNSNSNWFYDPQNYFSLTGMYSSDPKNPEKRIAEFKNL  
 INEIHKGGMGAIILDVYVNHAKVDLFEDLEPNYYHFMDADGTPTSFGGRLGTTHMTKRLLIDSICKY  
 LVDTYKVDGFRFDMMGDHDAASIEEAYKAARALNPNLIMLGEWRTYAGDENMPTKAADQDWMKHTDTV

Table 1

AVFSDDIRNNLKGYPNEGQPAFITGGKRDVNTIFKNLIAQPTNFEADSPGDVIOYIAAHDNLTLDII  
 AQSIIKKDPSKAENYAEIHRRLRLGNMLVTAQGTPFIHSGQEYGRTKQFRDPAYKTPVAEDKVPNKSML  
 LRDKDGNPFDYPYFIHDSYDSSDAVNKFDTKATDGKAYPENVKSRDYMKGLIALRQSTDARLKSMLQD  
 IKDRVHLITVPGQNGVEKEDVVIGYQITAPNGDIYAVFVNADEKAREFNLGTAFAHLRNAEVLADENQA  
 GPVGIANPKGLEWTEKGLKLNALTTATLRLSQNQTSHESTAEEKPDSTPSKPEHQNEASHPAHQDPAPE  
 ARPDSTKPDALKVADAENKPSQATADSQAEQPAQEAQASSVKEAVRNEVENSSKENIPATPDKQAE

**SP046 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:73)**

TAGTGATGGTACTTGGCAAGGAAAACAGTATCTGAAAGAAGATGGCAGTCAGCAGCAAATGAGTGGGT  
 TTTNGATACTCATTATCAATCTTGGTCTATATAAAAGCAGATGCTAACTATGCTGAAAATGAATGGCT  
 AAAGCAAGGTGACCAAGTATTTTACCTCAAATCTGGTGGCTATATGCCAAATCAGAATGGTAGAAGA  
 CAAGGGAGCCTTTTACCTGACCAAGATGAAAGAAGAATGCTTGGGTAGGAACCTCCTA  
 TGTTGGTGCACAGGTGCCAAAGTAATAGAAGACTGGGTCTATGATTCTCAATACGATGCTTGGTTTA  
 TATCAAAGCAGATGGACAGCACGACAGAGAAAGAATGGCTCAAATTAAAGGAAGGAAAGACTATTATTC  
 ATCCGGTGGTTATCTACTGACAAGTCAGTGGATTATCAAGCTTATGTAATGCTAGTGGTGCCTAAAGT  
 ACAGCAAGGTGCGCTTTTGACAAACAATACCAATCTGGTTTACATCAAAGAAATGGAAACTATGC  
 TGATAAAGAATGGATTTGAGAATGGTCACTATTATTCATAAAATCCGGTGGCTACATGGCAGC  
 TGAATGGATTTGGGATAAGGAATCTGGTTTATCTCAAATTGATGGAAAATGGCTGAAAAAGAATG  
 GGTCTACGATTCTCATAGTCAGCTGGTACTACTCAAATCCGGTGGTACATGACAGCCAATGAATG  
 GATTTGGATAAGGAATCTGGTTTACCTCAAATCTGATGGAAAATAGCTGAAAAAGAATGGCTA  
 CGATTCTCATAGTCAGCTGGTACTACTCAAATCTGATGGCTACATGGCAGGAAATGAGACAGT  
 TGGTTATCAGCTTGGAGCGATGGTAAATGGCTTGGAGGAAAAGTACAAATGAAAATGCTGCTTACTA  
 TCAAGTAGTGCCTGTTACAGCCAATGTTATGATTAGCTAGATGGTAAAAGCTTCCATATATCGCAAGG  
 TAGTGTGTTAGATAAGGATAGAAAAAGTGTGACAGCGCTGGCTATTACTATTTCTGGTT  
 GTCAGGCTATATGAAAACAGAAGATTACAAGCGCTAGATGCTAGTAAGGACTTTATCCCTTATTATG  
 GAGTGATGGCCACCGTTTATCACTATGTTGCTCAGAATGCTAGTATCCAGTAGCTTCTCATCTTC  
 TGATATGGAAGTAGGCAAGAAAATTATTCGGCAGATGGCTGCATTGATGGTTAAGCTTGAGAA  
 TCCCTCCTTTCAAAGATTAAACAGAGGCTACAAACTACAGTGTGAGAAATTGGATAAGGTATTTAG  
 TTTGCTAAACATTAACAATAGCCTTTGGAGAACAGGGCGTACTTTAAGGAAGCCGAAGAACATTA  
 CCATATCAATGCTCTTATCTCCTTGGCCATAGTGCCTAGAAAGTAACTGGGAAGAAGTAAAATTG  
 CAAAGATAAGAATAATTCTTGGCATTACAGCTATGATACGACCCCTTACCTTCTGCTAAGACATT  
 TGATGATGTGGATAAGGAAATTAGGTGCAACCAAGTGGATTAAGGAAAATTATATGATAGGGGAAG  
 AACCTTCCTGGAAACAAGGCTTCTGGTATGAATGTGGATATGCTCAGACCCCTTATTGGCGAAA  
 AATTGCTAGTGTGATGATGAAAATCAATGAGAAGCTAGGTGGCAAAGAT

**SP046 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:74)**

SDGTWQGKQYLKEDGSQAANEWVXDTHYQSWFYIKADANYAENEWLKQGDDYFYLKSGGYMAKSEWVED  
 KGAFYYLDQDGKMKRNAWVGTSYVGATGAKVIEDWVYDSQYDWFYIKADGQHAKEWLQIKGDYYFK  
 SGGYLLTSQWINQAYVNASGAKVQQGWLFDKQYQSWFYIKENGNYADKEWIFENGHYYYLKSGGYMAAN  
 EWIWDKESWFYLKFDGKMAEKEWVYDHSQAWYYFKSGGYMTANEWIWDKESWFYLKSDGKIAKEWVY  
 DSHSQAWYYFKSGGYMAKNETVDGYQLGSDGKWLGGTTNENAAYQVVPVTANVYDSDGEKLSYISQG  
 SVVWLDKDRKSDDKRLAITISGLSGYMKTEDLQALDASKDFIPYYESDGHRFYHYVAQNASIIVASHLS  
 DMEVGKKYYSDGLHFDGFKLENPFLFKDLTEATNSAEELDKVFSSLNNINNSLLENKGATKEAEEHY  
 HINALYLLAHSALESNWGRSKIAKDKNNFFGITAYDTPYLSAKTFDDVDKGILGATKWIKENYIDRGR  
 TFLGNKASGMNVEYASDPYWGKEKIASVMMKINEKLGK

**SP048 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:75)**

TGGGATTCAATATGTCAGAGATGATACTAGAGATAAAAGAAGAGGAAATAGAGTATGATGACGCTGACAA  
 TGGGGATATTATTGTAAGTAGCGACTAAACCTAACGGTAGTAACCAAGAAAATTCAAGTACCGCAAT  
 TCGTTATGAAAAGTAAACAAAAGACCGTAGTGGAAAATCTGTTACAATTGATGGAGAGGATGGCTA  
 TGTAACCTACGACAAGGACCTACGATGTTAATCCAGAGACTGGTATGTTACCGAACAGGTTACTGTTGA  
 TAGAAAAGCAGCCACGGATACAGTTATCAAAGTCCAGCTAAAGCAAGGTTGAAGAAGTTCTGTTCC  
 ATTTGCTACTAAATATGAGCAGACAATGACCTTCTGCAGGACAGGAGCAAGAGATTACTCTAGGAAA  
 GAATGGAAAACAGTTACAACGATAACTTATAATGAGATGGAAAGAGTGGACAAGTAACGTGAGAGTAC  
 TTTAAGTCAAAAAAAGACTCTCAAACAAAGAGTTGTTAAAAAAAGaACCArkCCCCAAGTTCTGTCCA  
 AGAAATTCCAATCGAAACAGAATATCTGATGGCCaACTCTTGTATAAAaGTCAAGAAGTAGAAGAAGT  
 AGGAGAAAATTGGTAAATTACTCTTACTACAATCTACTGGTAGATGAACGTGATGGAACAAATTGAAGA  
 AACTACTCTCGTCAAATTACTAAAGAGATGGTAAAAGACGTATAAGGAGAGGGACGAGAGAACCTGA

Table 1

AAAAGTTGTTCCCTGAGCAATCATCTATCCCTCGTATCCTGTATCTGTTACATCTAACCAAGGAAC  
AGATGTAGCAGTAGAACCGAGCTAACAGCAGTTGCTCAACAAACAGACTGGAAACAAGAAAATGGTATGTG  
GTATTTTATAATAACTGATGGTCCATGGCAACAGGGTGGTACAAGTTAATAGTCATGGTACTACCT  
CAACAGCAACGGTCTATGAAAGTCATCAATGGTCCAAGTTGGTAAATGGTATTATGTAATAC  
ATCGGGTGAGTTAGCGGTCAATACAAGTATAGATGGTATAGAGTCATGATAATGGTGAATGGTGCG  
T

**SP048 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:76)**

GIQYVRDDTRDKEEGIEYDDADNGDIIVKVATKPKVVTKKISSTRIRYEKDETDRSENPTVIDGEDGY  
VTTTRTYDVNPETGYTEQVTVDRKEATDTVIKVPAKSKVVEVLVPFATKYEADNDLSAGQEQEITLKG  
NGKTVTTITYNDGKSGQVTESTLSQKKDSQTRVVKRTXPQVLVQEIPETEYLDGPTLDKSQEVEEV  
GEIGKLLLLQSLVDERDTIEETTSRQITKEMVKRRIRRGTREPEKVVVPEQSSIPSYPVSVTSNQGT  
DVAVEPAKAVAPTTDWKQENGWYFYNTDGSMATGWVQVNSSWYLNNSNGSMKVQNWFQVGGKWYYVNT  
SGELAVNTSIDGYRVNDNGEWR

**SP049 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:77)**

GGATAATAGAGAACATTAAAAACCTTATGACGGGTGAAAATTTTATCTCCAACATTATCTAGGAGC  
ACATAGGAAAGAACTAAATGGAGAGCATGGCTATACCTTCGTGTTGGCACCTAATGCTCAGGCTGT  
TCACTTGGTGGTACCAACTGGATTGAAAATCAGATTCAAATGGTAAGAAATGATTGGGGT  
CTGGGAAGTCTTACCAATATGGCTCAAGAAGGGCATATTACAAATATCATGTCACACGTCAAAATGG  
TCATCAACTGATGAAGATTGACCCCTTGCTGTCAGGTATGAGGCTCGTCCAGGAACAGGGCAATCGT  
AACAGAGCTTCGAGAAGAAATGGAAGGATGGACTTGGCTGGCACGAAGAAACGTTGGGCTTTGA  
AGAGCGCTGTCAATATTATGAAGTTCACGCTGGATCATGGAAAAGAAATCTGATGGCAGTCCTTA  
TAGTTTGCCCAGCTCAAGGATGAACTCATCCTTATCTCGTTGAAATGAACATATACTCATATTGAGTT  
TATGCCCTTGATGTCCATCCTTGGGCTTGACTTGGGGTATCAGCTTATGGTTACTTCGCTTTAGA  
GCATGCTTATGCCGACCAGAGGAGTTCAAGATTGTG

**SP049 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:78)**

DNREALKTFMTGENFYLQHYLGAHREELNGEHYTFRVWAPNAQAVHLVGDFTNWIENQIPMVRNDFGV  
WEVFTNMAQEHIYKYHVTRQNGHQLMKIDPFAVRYEARPGTGAIVTELPEKKWDGLWLARRKRWGFE  
ERPNIYEVHAGSWKRNSDGSPYSFAQLKDELIPLVEMNYTHIEFMPPLMSHPLGLSWGYQLMGYFALE  
HAYGRPEEFQDFV

**SP050 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:79)**

AGATTGTCGAGGAGTGTCAACCCATAATATTGGGTTATTGTGGAACGGTACCGAGNTCACTTTAC  
CATCAACGATGATGCCTAGCCTATTATGATGGACACCGACTTTGAATACCAAGACCAATAAGGC  
TCATAACCATGGTTGGGTGCCCTTAATTTGACCTTGGAAAAAAATGAAGTCCAGTCCTTCTTAATTTC  
TTGCATTAAGCATTGGATTGATGCTATCATTGGATGGTATTGCTGTTGAGCTGTTAGCAACATGCT  
CTATTGACTATGATGATGCTCATGGACACCTAATAAGATGGCGAAATCTAACTATGAAGGTTA  
TTATTCTTCAGCGCTGAATGAGGTTATTAAGTTAGAATATCCAGATGTGATGATGGCAGAAGA  
AAGTCGTCTCGGATCAAGATTACGGGAATGAAAGAGATTGGTGGCTAGGATTGACTACAAATGGAA  
CATGGGCTGGATGAATGATATCCTCCGTTCTACGAAGAAGATCCGATCTATGTAATGACTTTAA  
CCTGGTACTTCAGCTTATGTTGATGTTCAAGGAGAATTATCTCTGCCATTCTCGCACGATGAAGT  
GGTTCATGGCAAGAAGAGTATGATGCTAAAGATGTTGGGGAGATGTTACAATCAATTGCAAGGCTTGCG  
CAATCTCTACGTACCAATTGTCACCCCTGGTAAGAAATTGCTCTCATGGTAGCGAAATACGGTCA  
ATTCCCTAGAATGGAATCTGAAGAACAGTTGGATGGTCAACCTAGAAGAGACCAATGAATGCTAAGAT  
GAAGTATTCGCTTCTCAGCTAAACCAGTTTACAAAGATCATCGCTGTCGTGGAAATTGATACCAAG  
CTATGATGGTATTGAAATCATTGATGCGGATAATCGAGACAGAGTGTCTTCTTATTGCTAAGGG  
AAAAAGGG

**SP050 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:80)**

DFVEECHTHNIGVIVDWVXPXHFTINDDALAYYDGPTFYEYQDHNKAHNHGWGALNFDLGKNEVQFLIS  
CIKHWIDVYHLDGIRVDAVNMLYLDYDDAPWTPNPKDGGNLNYEGYYFLQLRNEVIKLEYPDVMIAEE  
SSSAIKITGMKEIGGLGFDYKWNMGWMNDILRFYEEDEPIYRKYDFNLTFSFMYVXKENYLLPFSHDEV  
VHGKKSMMHKMWGDRYNQFAGLRNLTYQICHPGKLLFMGSEYQFLEWKSEEQLEWSNLEDPMNAKM  
KYFASQLNQFYKDHRCLEIDTSYDGIEIIDADNRDQSVLFSIRKGKKG

**SP051 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:81)**

Table 1

ATCTGTAGTTATCGGGATGAAACACTTATTACTCATACTGCTGAGAAACCTAAAGAGGAAAAATGAT  
 AGTAGAAGAAAAGGCTGATAAAAGCTTGGAAACTAAAAATATAGTTGAAAGGACAGAACAAAGTGAACC  
 TAGTTCAACTGAGGCTATTGACATCTGAGNAGAAAGAAGATGAAGCCGTAACCTCAAAGAGGAAAAAGT  
 GTCTGCTAAACCGGAAGAAAAGCTCCAAGGATAGAATCACAAGCTCAAATCAAGAAAACCGCTCAA  
 GGAAGATGCTAAAGCTGTAACAAATGAAGAAGTGAATCAAATGATTGAAAGACAGGAAAGTGGATTTAA  
 TCAAATTGGTACTTTAACTCAATGCAAATTCTAAGGAAGCCATTAAACCTGATGAGACGTATCTAC  
 GTGGAAAAAAATTAGATTTACCGTATGACTGGAGTATCTTAAAGGATTCGATCATGAAATCTCTGCACA  
 AAATGAAGGTGGACAGCTCAACGGTGGGAAGCTTGGTATCGCAAGACTTCAAACACTAGATGAAAAGA  
 CCTCAAGAAAATGTTGCCTTACTTTGATGGCGTCTACATGGATTCTCAAGTTATGTCATGGTCA  
 GTTAGTGGGCATTATCCAATGGTTATAACCAGTCTCATATGATATCACCAAATACCTTCAAAAAGA  
 TGGTCGTGAGAAATGTGATTGCTGTCCATGCACTGCAACAAACAGCCAAGTAGCCGTGGTATTAGGAAG  
 TGGTATCTATCGTGATGTGACTTTACAAGTGAAGATAAGGTGATGTTGAGAAAATGGGACAACAT  
 TTTAACCAAAACTTGAAAGAACAAACAACATGGCAAGGTTGAAACTCATGTGACCAGCAAATCGTCAA  
 TACGGACGACAAAGACCATGAACTTGTAGCCGAATCAAATCGTTGAAACGAGGTGGTATGCTGTAAC  
 AGGCTAGTTGTACAGCGAGTCGTACCTTAAAGCACATGAAATCAACAAGCCTAGATGCGATTTAGA  
 AGTTGAAAGACCAAAACTCTGGACTGTTTAAATGACAACCTGCCTTGTACGAATTGATTACCGGTGTT  
 TTACCGTACGGTCAATTGGTTGATGCTAAGAAGGATTGTTGGTTACCGTTACTATCACTGGACTCC  
 AAATGAAGGTTCTCTTGAATGGTGAACGTATTAAATTCCATGGAGTATCCTTGACCACGACCATGG  
 GGCCTTGGAGCAGAAGAAAATATAAGCAGAATATGCCGCTCAAACAAATGAAGGAGATGGGAGT  
 TAACCCATCCGACAACCCACAACCTGCTAGTGAGCAACCTTGCAAATCGCAGCAGAACTAGGTTT  
 ACTCGTCAGGAAGAGGCCTTGATACGTGGTATGGTGGCAAGAAACCTTATGACTATGGACGTTCTT  
 TGAAAAGATGCCACTCACCAGAGCTGAAAAGGTGAAAAATGGTCTGATTTGACCTACGTACCAT  
 GGTCGAAAGAGGAAAAACAACCTGCTATCTCATGTTCAATTGTAATGAAATAGGTGAAGCTAA  
 TGGTGTGCCCACCTTTAGCAACTGTTAACGTTGGTTAAGGTTATCAAGGATGTTGATAAGACTCG  
 CTATGTTACCATGGGAGCAGATAAAATTCCGTTCCGTAATGGTAGCGGAGGGCATGAGAAAATTGCTGA  
 TGAACTCGATGCTGGATTAACTATTCTGAAGATAATTACAAAGCCTTAGAGCTAAGCATCCAAA  
 ATGGTTGATTTATGGATCAGAAACATCTTCAGCTACCCGTACACGTGGAGTTACTATGCCCTGAACG  
 TGAATTGAAACATAGCAATGGACCTGAGCGTAATTATGAACAGTCAGATTATGAAATGATCGTGGGG  
 TTGGGGAAAACAGCAACCGCTTATGGACTTTGACCGTGACAACGCTGGTATGCTGGACAGTTAT  
 CTGGACAGGTACGGACTATTGGTGAACCTACCCATGGCACAACAAAATCAAACCTCTGTTAAGAG  
 CTCTTACTTTGGTATCGTAGATACAGCCGGATTCCAAAACATGACTTCTATCTACCAAAGCCAATGGGT

**SP051 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 82)**

SVVYADETLITHTAEKPEEKMIVEEKADKALETKNIVERTEQSEPSSTEAIASEXXEDEAVTPKEEKV  
 SAKPEEKAPRIESQASNQEPLKEDAKAVTNEEVNMIEDRKVDFNQNWyFKLNANSKEAIKPDADVST  
 WKKLDLPLWDWSIFNDFDHESPAQNEGGQLNGGEAWYRKTFLKDEKDLKVNRLTFDGVYMDSQVYVNGQ  
 LVGHYPNGYNQFSYDITKYLQKDGRENVIAHVNVNPSSRWYSGSGIYRDVTLQVTDKVHVEKNGTTI  
 LTPKLEEQQHKGKVETHVTSKIVNTDDKDHELVAEYQIVERGHHAVTGLVRTASRTLKAHESTSLDAILE  
 VERPKLWTVLNDKPALYELITRVYRDGQLVDACKDLFGYRYYHWTNEGFSLNGERIKFHGVSLHHDHG  
 ALGAEENYKAEYFRLKQMKEMGVNSIRTTHNPASEQTLQIAELGLLQEEAFDTWYGGKKPYDYGRFF  
 EKDATHPEARKGEKWSDFDLRTMVERGKNNPAIFMWSIGNEIGEANGDAHSLATVKRLVKVIKDVDKTR  
 YVTMGADKFRFGNGSGGHEKIADELDAGVGNYSEDNYKALRAKHPWLIGSETSSATRTRGSYYRPER  
 ELKHSNGPERNYEQSDYGNDRVWGKTATASWTFDRDNAGYAGQFIWTGTDYIGEPTPWHNQNQTPVKS  
 SYFGIVDTAGIPKHDFYLYQS

**SP052 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 83)**

TTACTTTGGTATCGTAGATACAGCCGGATTCCAAAACATGACTTCTATCTACCAAAGCCAATGGGT  
 TTCTGTTAAGAAGAAAACCGATGGTACACCTTCTCACTGGAACCTGGAAAACAAAGAATTAGCATC  
 CAAAGTAGCTGACTCAGAAGGTAAAGATCCAGTTCTGCTTATTGAAATGCTCTAGTGTAGAATTGTT  
 CTTGAATGGAAAATCTCTGGTCTTAAGACTTTCAATAAAAACACAGCGATGGCGGACTTACCA  
 AGAAGGTGCAAATGCTAATGAACCTTATCTTGAATGGAAAGTTGCCTATCAACCAAGGTACCTTGGAAAGC  
 AATTGCTCGTGAATCTGGCAAGGAAATTGCTCGAGATAAGATTACGACTGCTGGTAAGCCAGCGGC  
 AGTTCTGCTTATTAGGAAGACCATGCGATTGCGAGATGGAAAAGACTTGAATCTACTATGA  
 AATTGTTGACAGCCAGGGAAATGTGGTCCAATGCTAATAATCTGGTCGCTTCCAATTGATGGCCA  
 AGGTCAACTGGTCGGTGTAGATAACGGAGAACAGCCAGCGTGAACGCTATAAGGCGCAAGCAGATGG  
 TTCTGGATTGTTAAAGCATTAAATGGTAAAGGTGTTGCCATTGTCATCAACTGAACAAGCAGGGAA  
 ATTCAACCTGACTGCCACTCTGATCTTGAATGAAACCAAGTCAGTCTTACTGGTAAGAAAGA  
 AGGACAAGAGAAGACTGTTTGGGACAGAAGTGCACAGACCAATTGGAGAGGCACCTGA

Table 1

AATGCCCTACCACTGTTCCGTTGTATACAGTGATGGTAGCCGTGCAGAACGTCCTGTAACCTGGCTTC  
 AGTAGATGTGAGCAAGCCTGGTATTGTAACGGTGAAGGTATGGCTGACGGACGAGAAGTAGAAGCTCG  
 TGTAGAAGTGTGCTCTTAAATCAGAGCTACCGAGTGTGAAACGTATTGCTCCAAATACTGACTTGAA  
 TTCTGTAGACAAATCTGTTCTATGTTGATTGATGGAAGTGTGAAGAGTATGAAGTGGACAAGTG  
 GGAGATTGCCGAAGAAGATAAGCTAAGTTAGCAATTCCAGGTTCTCGTATTCAAGCGACCCTGTTATT  
 AGAAGGTCAACCAATTATGCAACCCCTGTGGTAGAAGAAGCAATCTGCGGCACCTGCAGTACCAAC  
 TGTAACGGTTGGTGGTAGGGCAGTAACAGGTCTTACTAGTCAAAACCAATGCAATACCGCACTTTGC  
 TTATGGAGCTAAGTTGCCAGAAGTCACAGCAAGTGTAAAATGCAAGCTGTTACAGTTCTCAAGCAAG  
 CGCAGCAAACGGCATGCGTGCAGCATTCTTATTCAAGCTAAAGATGGTGGCCCTTCAAAACCTATGC  
 AATTCAATTCTGAAAGAACGCCAAAATTGCTCACTTGAGCTTGCAAGTGGAAAAGCTGACAGTCT  
 CAAAGAAGACCAAATGTCAAAATTGTCGGTTCGAGCTCACTATCAAGATGGAACGCAAGCTGATTAC  
 AGCTGATAAAAGTAACCTCTACAAGTGGTGAAGGGGAAGTCGAATTCTGAAAGGAATGCTTGAGTT  
 GCATAAGCCAGGAGCAGTCACTCTGAAACGCTGAATATGAGGGAGCTAAAGACCAAGTTGAACTCACT  
 CCAAGCCAATACTGAGAAGAAGATTGCCAATCCATCCGTCTGTAATGAGCTGACAGATTGCA  
 GGAACCAAGTCTCCAGCAACAGTAACAGTTGAGTATGACAAGGTTCCCTAAACTCATAAAGTCAC  
 TTGGCAAGCTATTCCGAAAGAAAAACTAGACTCCATCAAACATTGAGTACTAGGTAAAGTTGAAGG  
 AATTGACCTTGAGCGCGTCAAAAGTCTCTGAGAAGGTATCGTTGAGTAAAGCTGAC  
 AACTCCAATCGCAGAACCCACAATTACAGAAAGTGTCCGACATATGATTCAAATGGTCACGTTTC  
 ATCAGCTAAGGTGATGGATGCGATTGTCAGAGCAATACGCTAAGGAAGGTGTCTTACAGTTAA  
 TGGTCGCTTAGAAGGTACGCAATTAAACA

**SP052 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:84)**

YFGIVDTAGIPKHDIFYLQSQWVSVKKPMVHLLPHWNWENKELASKVADSEKIPVRAYSNASSVELF  
 LNGKSLGLKTFNKKQTSDGRYQEGANANELYLEWKVAYQPGTLEAIARDESGKEIARDKITAGKPA  
 VRLIKEDHIAADGKDLYIYYEIVDSQGNVVPANNLVRFQLHGQGQLVGVDNQEASRERYKAQADG  
 SWIRKAFNGKVAIVKSTEQAGKFTLTAHSDDLKSNQVTVFTGKKEQKTVLGTEVPKVQTIIIGEAPE  
 MPTTVPFVYSDGSRAERPVTVSSDVSKPGIVTVKGMDGREVEARVEVIALKSELPVVKRIAPNTDLN  
 SVDKSVSYVLIDGSVEEYEVDKWEIAEEDKAKLAIPGSRIQATGYLEGQPIHATLVEEGNPAAAPAVPT  
 VTVGGEAVTGLTSQKPMQYRTLAYGAKLPEVTASAKNAAVTVLQASAANGMRASIFIQPKDGGPLQTYA  
 IQFLEAPKIAHLSLOVEKADSLKEDQTVKLSVRAYQDGTQAVLPADKVTFSSTSGEGEVAIRKGMLE  
 HKPGAVTLNAEYEGAKDQVELTIQANTEKKIAQSIRPVNVVTDHQEPPLATVTVYDKGPKTHKVT  
 WQAIPKEKLDYQTFEVLGKVEGIDLEARAKVSVEEVSVTTPIAEAPQLPESVRTYDSNGHVS  
 SAKVADAIRPSEQYAKEGVFTVNGRLEGTQLT

**SP053 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:85)**

AGCTAAGGTTGCATGGGATGCGATTGGTCCAGACCAATACGCTAAGGAAGGTGTCTTACAGTTAATGG  
 TCGCTTAGAAGGTACGCAATTAAACAACCTTACATGTTCCGTTATCTGCTCAAACGTGAGCAAGGTGC  
 AAACATTCTGACCAATGGACCGGTTAGAATTGCCACTTGCCTTGCCTCAGACTCAAATCAAGCGA  
 CCCAGTTCAATGTTAATGACAAGCTCATTCTACAATAACCAACCAGCCAATCGTTGGACAAACTG  
 GAATCGTACTAATCCAGAAGCTTCAGTCGGTTCTGTTGGAGATTCAAGGTATCTTGAGCAACGCTC  
 CGTTGATAATCTAAGTGTGGATTCCATGAAGACCATGGAGTTGGTGTACCGAAGTCTTATGTGATTGA  
 GTATTATGTTGGTAAGACTGTCACAGCTCTAAACAGCTCTAAACCCCTAGTTTGTGTTAATGAGGACCATGT  
 CTTTAATGATTCTGCCACTGGAAACCCAGTTACTAATCTAAAGCCCTGCTCAACTCAAGGCTGGAGA  
 AATGAACCACTTAGCTTGATAAAAGTTGAAACCTATGCTGTTGATTCGATGGTTAAAGCAGATAA  
 CAAGCGTGGAACGTCTATCACAGAGGTACAAATCTTGCGAAACAAAGTGTGGCAGCCAAGCAAGGACA  
 AACAAAGAATCCAAGTGTACGGCAAAGACTTAGCAAACCTCAACCCGTATTGACAGACTACTACCTTG  
 GTCTGTAGATGGAAAAGTCCGGCAGTCACAGCAAGTGTGTTAGCAACAATGGTCTCGCTACCGTC  
 AAGCGTTGTCAGGTTGAGGCCAGTTGGTGTATCGCGAAAGCTGAAAATGGCGACATCTTAGGAGAATA  
 CCGTCTGCACCTTCACTAAGGATAAGAGCTTACTTCTCATAAACCAAGTGTGCTGGTTAAACAAAGCTCG  
 CTTGCTACAAGTAGGTCAAGCACTTGAAATTGCCACTAAGGTTCCAGTTACTTCACAGGTAAGACGG  
 CTACGAAACAAAAGACCTGACAGTTGAATGGGAAGAAGTCCAGCGGAAATCTGACAAAGCAGGTCA  
 ATTTACTGTTGAGGCCGTTGCTCTGGTAGTAACCTTGTGAGTACTGTACGAGTGACAGACAA  
 ACTTGTTGAGACTCTTCAGATAACCCCTAATGATGAAAACAGTAACCAGGCCTTGCTTCAGCAAC  
 CAATGATATTGACAAAACCTCTCATGACCGCGTTGACATCTCAATGACGGAGATCATTCAAGAAAATCG  
 TCGTTGGACAAACTGGTCACCAACACCATCTTCTAATCCAGAAGTATCAGCGGGTGTGATTTCCGTGA  
 AAATGGTAAGATGTAGAACGGACTGTTACACAAGGAAAAGTTCAGTTCTTGTGAGATAGTGGTACGGA  
 TGCACCATCTAAACTCGTTAGAACGCTATGTCGGTCCAGAGTTGAAGTGCACACCTACTATTCAA  
 CTACCAAGCCTACGACGACCATCATTCAACAAATCCAGAAAATTGGGAAGCTGTTCTTACGTGC

Table 1

GGATAAAAGACATTGCAGCTGGTGATGAAATCAACGTAACATTAAAGCTATCAAAGCCAAAGCTATGAG  
 ATGGCGTATGGAGCGTAAAGCAGATAAGAGCGGTGTTGCGATGATTGAGATGACCTTCCTGCACCAAG  
 TGAATTGCCTCAAGAAAGCACTCAATCAAAGATTCTTGTAGATGGAAAAGAACTTGTGATTTCGCTGA  
 AAATCGTCAAGACTATCAAATTACCTATAAAGGTCAACGGCCAAAGTCTCAGTTGAAGAAAACAATCA  
 AGTAGCTTCAACTGTGGTAGATAGTGAGAAGATAGCTTCCAGTACTGTGTTCGCCTCGTTTCAAGAAAG  
 TGGAAAACAAGTCAGGAATACCGTATCCACTTGTACTAAGGAAAACCAGTTCTGAGAAGACAGTTGC  
 TGCTGTACAAGAAGATCTTCAAAATCGAATTGTTGAAAAGATTGGCATAACAGACAGTTGAGAAA  
 AAAAGATTCAACACTGTATCTAGGTGAAACTCGTGTAGAACAGAAGGAAAAGTTGGAAAAGAACGTAT  
 CTTTACAGCGATTAACTCTGATGGAAGTAAGGAAGAAAACCTCCGTGAAGTGGTAGAAGTTCCGACAGA  
 CGGCATCGTCTGGTTGAAACCAACCAAGTAGCTAAGAAGCTAAAAAACACACAAGTGTCAAGAAAAGC  
 AGATACAAAACCAATTGATTCAAGTGAAGCTAGTCAAACTAATAAAGCCCAG

**SP053 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:86)**

AKVAWDAIRPEQYAKEGVFTVNGRLEGTQLTTKLHVRVSAQTEQGANISDQWTGSELPLAFASDSNPSD  
 PVSNVNDKLISYNQ PANRWTNWNRTNPEASVGVLFGDSILSKRSVDNLSVGFHEDHGVGVPKSYVIE  
 YYVGKTVPTAPKNPSPFVGNEHDHVFNDSANWKPTNLKAPALQKAGEMNHFSFDKVETYAVRIRMVKADN  
 KRGTSITEVQIFAKQVAAAKQGQTRIQVDGKDLANFPDLTDYLESVDGKVPAVTASVSNNGLATVVP  
 SVREGEPVRLIAKAENGDLGEYRLHFTKDKSLLSHKPVAAVKQARLLQVGQALELPTKVPVYFTGKDG  
 YETKDLTVEWEVPAENLTKAGQFTVRGRVLGSNLVAEITVRVTDKLGETLSDNPYDENSQAFASAT  
 NDIDKNSHDRVDYLNDGDHSENRRWTNWSPTPSSNPEVSAGVIFRENGKIVERTVTQGKVQFADSGTD  
 APSKLVELRYVGPEFEVPTYYSNYQAYDADHPFNNPENWEAVPYRADKDIAGDEINVTFKAIKAKAMR  
 WRMERKADKSGVAMIEMTFLAPSELPOESTQSKILVDGKELADFAENRQDYQITYKGQRPKVSVEENNQ  
 VASTVVDGEDSFPLVRLVSESGKQVKEYRIHLTKEKPSEKTVAAVQEDLPKIEFVEKDLAYKTVEK  
 KDSTLYLGETRVEQEGKVGKERIFTAINPDGSKEEKLREVVEVPTDRIVLVGTPVVAQEAKKPQVSEKA  
 DTKPIDSSEASQTNKAQ

**SP054 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:87)**

CTATCACTATGAAATAAAGAGATTATTCACAAGAGCTAAAGATTAAATTCAAGACAGGAAAGCCTGA  
 CAGGAATGAAGTTGTATATGGTTGGTATCAAAAGATCAGTTGCCTCAAACAGGGACAGAA

**SP054 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:88)**

YHYVNKEIIISQEAKDLIQTGKPDRNEVVYGLVYQKDQLPQTGTE

**SP055 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:89)**

TGAGACTCCTCAATCAATAACAAATCAGGAGCAAGCTAGGACAGAAAACCAAGTAGTAGAGACAGAGGA  
 AGCTCCAAAAGAAGAAGCACCCTAAACAGAAGAAAGTCCAAAGGAAGAACCAAAATCGGAGGTAAAACC  
 TACTGACGACACCCCTCTAAAGTAGAAGAGGGAAAGAAGATTTCAGCAGAACCGACTCCAGTTGAAGA  
 AGTAGGTGAGAAGTTGACTAAAACAGAGGAAAAGTAGCAGTTAACGCCAGAAAGTCAACCATCAGA  
 CAAACCCAGCTGAGGAATCAAAGTTGAACAAGCAGGTGAACCAGTCGCCAGAGAACGAAAAGGC  
 ACCAGTCGAGCCAGAAAGCAACCAGAACAGCTCCTGAAGAACAGAGAACACCGAAACA  
 AGAACAGTCACCTCCAGATACCAAGGCTGAAGAACACTGTAGAACACAAAGAGGAGACTGTTAACATC  
 TATTGAACAACCAAAGTTGAAACGCCGCTGTAGAAAACAAACAGAACCAACAGAGGAACCAAAGT  
 TGAACAAAGCAGGTGAACCAGTCGCCAGAACAGAACAGGCCAACCGCAGTTGAGCCAGA  
 AAAGCAACCAGAACAGTTCTGAAGAACAGAGAACACCGAACACAGAACAGAACAGAACAGAAC  
 GGGTATTGGTACTAAAGAACCAAGTTGATAAAAGTAGTTAACATCAAAATTGATAAAAGCTAGTTCA  
 TTCTCCTACTGATTAT

**SP055 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:90)**

ETPQSIQNQEARTENQVVEETEEAPKKEEAPKTEESPKEEPKSEVKPTDDTLPKVEEGKEDSAEPAPV  
 VGEVESKPEEKVAVKPKESQPSDKPAAESKVEQAGEPVAPREDEKAPEPEKQPEAPEEEKAVEETPKQ  
 EESTPDTKAETVEPKEETVNQSIEQPKVETPAVEKQTEPTEEPKVEQAGEPVAPREDEQAPTAPV  
 KQPEVPEEEKAVEETPKPEDKIKGIGTKEPVDKSELNNQIDKASSVSPDY

**SP056 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:91)**

GGATGCTCAAGAAACTGCGGGAGTTCACTATAAATATGTGGCAGATTCAAGAGCTATCATCAGAACAGAAA  
 GAAGCAGCTGTCTATGATATTCCGACATACGTGGAGAATGATGATGAAACTTATATCTTGTATATAA  
 GTTAAATTCTCAAAATCAACTGGCGGAATTGCCAAACTGGAAGCAAGAACATGAGAGGCAA

Table 1

## SP056 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:92)

DAQETAGVHYKYVADSELSZEKKQLVYDIPTYVENDDETYYLVYKLNSQNQLAELPNTGSKNERQ

## SP057 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:93)

CGACAAAGGTGAGACTGAGGTTCAACCAGAGTCGCCAGATACTGTGGTAAGTGATAAAAGGTGAACCAGA  
 GCAGGTAGCACCGCTTCCAGAATAAGGGTAATTGGAGCAAGTAAACCTGAAACTCCGGTTGAGAA  
 GACCAAAGAACAAAGGTCAGAAAAACTGAAGAAGTCCAGTAAACCAACAGAAGAACACCAAGTAA  
 TCCAAATGAAGGTAACAGAGGAACCTCAATTCAAGAAGCAGAAAATCCAGTTCAACCTGCAGAAGA  
 ATCAACAAACGAATTCAAGAGAAAGTATCACCAGATACTAGCAAAATACTGGGAAGTGTCCAGTAA  
 TCCTAGTGATTCGACAACCTCAGTTGGAGAATCAAATAACCAAGAACATAATGACTCTAAAATGAAAA  
 TTCAGAAAAACTGTAGAAGAAGTCCAGTAAATCAAATGAAGGGCACAGTAGAAGGTACCTCAAATCA  
 AGAAACAGAAAAACAGTTCAACCTGCAGAAGAACACAAACAAACTCTGGGAAAATAGCTAACGAAAA  
 TACTGGAGAAGTATCCAATAACCTAGTGATTCAGGAAACCCAGTTGAAGAATCAAATCAACCAGAAAA  
 AACCGGAACTGCAACAAACCAAGAAAATTCAAGGTAACTAACATCAGAACATGGACAAACAGAACCGA  
 ACCATCAAACCGGAAATTCAACTGAGGATGTTCAACCGAACATCAAATGAAACATCCAATTCAAATGAAACGA  
 AGAAAATTAAACAAAGAAAATGAACTAGACCCGTATAAAAAGGTAGAAGAACCGAGGAAACACTGAAATT  
 AAGAAAT

## SP057 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:94)

DKGETEVQPESPDVSDKGEPEQVAPLPEYKGNIEQVKPTEPVKPEETPVN  
 PNEGTTGTSIQEAENPVQPAEESTTNEKVS PDTSSKNTGEVSSNPSDSTT SVGESNKPEHNDSKNEN  
 SEKTVEVPVNPNEGTVEGTSNQETEKPVQPAEETQTNSKGKIANENTGEVSNKPSDSKPPVEESNQPEK  
 NGTATKPENSGNTTSENGQTEPEPSNGNSTEDVSTESNTSNSNGNEEIKQENELDPDKVVEEPEKTLER  
 RN

## SP058 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:95)

AAATCAATTGGTAGCACAAGATCCAAAAGCACAAAGATAGCACTAAACTGACTGCTGAAAAATCAACTGT  
 TAAAGCACCTGCTCAAAGAGTAGATGTTAAAGATATAACTCATTTAACAGATGAAGAAAAAGTTAAGGT  
 TGCTATTTACAAGCAAATGGTTCAAGCATTAGACGGAGCGACAATCAATGTAGCTGGAGATGGTACAGC  
 AACAAATCACATTCCCAGATGGTTCAAGTAGTGACGATTCTAGGAAAAGATAACAGTTCAACAAATCTGC  
 AGGTGAATCTGTAACCTCAAGAACGACTACACCAGAGTATAAGCTAGAAAATACACCAGGTGGAGATAAGGG  
 AGGCAAACTGGAGCTCAGATGCTAATGCAATGAAGGCGGTGGTAGCAGGGGGGGATCAGCTCA  
 CACAGGTTCACAAAACCTAGCTCAATCACAAGCTTAAGCAATTAGCTACTGAAAAGAACATAGCTAA  
 AAATGCCATTGAAAAGCAGCCAAGGACAAGCAGGATGAAATCAAAGCGCACCGCTTCTGATAAAGA  
 AAAAGCAGAACTTTAGCAAGAGTGGAGCAGAAAACAAGCAGCTCTCAAAGAGATTGAAAATGCGAA  
 AACTATGGAAGATGTGAAGGAAGCAGAACGATTGGAGTGCAAGCCATTGCCATGGTTACAGTTCTAA  
 GAGACCAGTGGCTCTAAT

## SP058 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:96)

NQLVAQDPKAQDSTKLTAEKSTVKAPAQRVDVKDITHLTDEEKVKVAILQANGSALDGATINVAGDGT  
 TITFPDGSVVTILGKDTVQQSAKGESVTQEATPEYKLENTPGDKGGNTGSSDANANEAGGSQAGGS  
 TGSQNSAQSQASKQLATEKESAKNAIEKAAKDKQDEIKGAPLSDKEKAELLARVEAEKQAALKEIENAK  
 TMEDVKEAETIGVQAIAMVTVPKRPVAPN

## SP059 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:97)

CAAACAGTCAGCTCAGGAACGATTGAGGTGATTCACGAGAAAATGGCTCTGGACACGGGGTGCCCT  
 CACAGAAATCACAGGGATTCTCAAAAAGACGGTATAAAAATTGACAACACTGCCAAAACAGCTGT  
 GATTCAAATAGTACAGAAGGTGTTCTCTAGCAGTTCAAGGGATGCTAATGCTATCGGCTACATCTC  
 CTTGGGATCTTAACGAAATCTGTCAGGCTTAAAGGATTGATGGTGTCAAGGCTAGTCGAGACACAGT  
 TTTAGATGGTAATACCCCTTCAACGCTTCAACATTGTTGGTCTTCAATCTTCAAGCTAG  
 TCAAGATTTATCAGTTATCCACTCCAAACAGGTCAACAAGTGGTACAGATAATAAATTATTGA  
 AGCTAAAACCGAAACACCGGAATATAACAAGCCAACACTTATCAGGCAAGTGTCTGGTAGGGTCCAC  
 TTCAGTATCTTAAATGGAAAATTAGCAGAACGCTTATAAAAAGAAAATCCAGAACGTTACGATTGA  
 TATTACCTCTAATGGGCTTCAGCAGGTATTACCGCTGTTAAGGAGAAAACCGCTGATATTGGTATGGT  
 TTCTAGGGATTAAACTCCTGAAGAACGGTAAGACTCTCACCCATGATGCTATTGCTTACGGTATTGC  
 TGTTGGTCAATAATGACAATAAGGCAAGCCAAGTCAGTATGGCTGAACGGTATTGAGCAGTGG  
 CAAATTAACCACCTGGACAAGATTAAA

Table 1

## SP059 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:98)

KQSASGTIEVISRENGSGTRGAFTEITGILKKDGDKKIDNTAKTAVIQNSTEGVLSAVQGNANAIGYIS  
 LGSLTKSVKALEIDGVKASRDTVLDGEYPLQRPFNIVWSSNLSKLGQDFISFIHSKQGQQVVTDNKFIE  
 AKTETTEYTSQHLSGKLSVVGSTSVSSLMEKLAEAYKKENPEVTIDITSNGSSAGITAVKEKTADIGMV  
 SRELTPPEEGKSLTHDAIALDGIAVVNNNDNKASQVSMAELADVFSGKLTWDKIK

## SP060 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:99)

ATTCGATGATGCGGATGAAAAGATGACCCGTATGAAAATTGCCCTATATGCTGACAAATAGTGAAGAAC  
 ATTGGATGCTGATGAGATTGAGATGCTACAAGGTGCTTTCGCTCGATGAACTGATGGCACGAGAGGT  
 TATGGTCTCGAACGGATGCCCTTATGGTGGATATTCAAGGATGATAGTCAGGCCATTATCCAAGTAT  
 TTTAAAACAAAATTATTCTCGTATCCGGTTATGATGGGATAAGGACATGTAATTGGATCATTCA  
 CACCAAGAGTCTCTTAAGGAGGCTTGTGGACGGTTTGACAATATTGTTGGAAAGAGAATTTACA  
 AGATCCACTTTTGACCTGAAACTATTTTGATGACTTGTCTAAAAGAACTGCGAAATACCCAAAG  
 ACAAAATG

## SP060 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:100)

FDDADEKMRDIEAYMLTNSEETLDADIEMLGVFSLDELMAREVMVPRTDAMVDIQDDSQAIIQSI  
 LKQNYSRIPVYDGDKDKNVIGIHTKSLLKAGFVDFDNIVWKRIILDPLFVPEIIFVDDLLKELRNTQR  
 QM

## SP062 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:101)

GGAGAGTCGATCAAAAGTAGATGAAGCTGTCTAAGTTGAAAAGGACTCATCTTCTCGTCAAGTTC  
 AGACTCTTCACTAAACCGGAAGCTTCAGATAACAGCGAACGAAAGCCGACAGAACCCAGGAGAAAA  
 GGTAGCAGAAGCTAAGAAGAAGGTTGAAGAAGCTGAGAAAAAGCCAAGGATAAAAAGAAGAAGATCG  
 TCGTAACCTACCCAAACCATTACTTACAAAACGCTTGAACCTGAAATTGCTGAGTCCGATGTGAAAGTTAA  
 AAAAGCGGAGCTTGAACCTAGTAAAAGTGAAGCTAACGAAACCTCGAGACGAGCAA

## SP062 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:102)

ESRSKVDEAVSKFEKDSSSSSSDSSTKPEASDTAKPNKPTPEGEKVAEAKKVEEAEKKAQDQKEEDR  
 RNYPTITYKTLELEZIAESDVEVKKAELELVVKVANEPRDEQ

## SP063 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:103)

ATGGACACAGGAAACTGGGACGAGGTTATCTGGTAAGATTGACAAGTACAAAGATCCAGATATTCC  
 AACAGTTGAATCACAAAGAAGTTACGTCAAGACTCTAGTGATAAAAGAAAATACGGTAAGGTATGACCGTT  
 ATCAACACCAAGAAAACCAATCCCACAACCAATCCAGAGCATCCAAGTGTCCGACACCAAACCCAGA  
 ACTACCAAATCAAGAGACTCCAACACCAAGATAAAACCAACTCCAGAACCCAGGTACTCCAAAAACTGAAAC  
 TCCAGTGAATCCAGACCCAGAAGTTCCGACTTATGAGACAGGTAAGAGAGAGGAATTGCCAACACAGG  
 TACAGAAAGCTAAT

## SP063 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:104)

WTGPNWDEVISGKIDKYKDPPDIPTVESQEVTSDDSKKEITVRYDRSLPEKPIPQPNPEHPSVPTPNPE  
 LPNQETPTPDKPTPEPGTPKTETPVNPDPPEVPTYETGKREELPNTGTEAN

## SP064 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:105)

CGATGGGCTCAATCCAACCCAGGTCAAGTCTTACCTGAAGAGACATCGGGAACGAAAGAGGGTGACTT  
 ATCAGAAAAACCAAGGAGACACCGTTCTACTCAAGCGAACCTGAGGGCGTTACTGGAAATACGAATT  
 ACTTCCGACACCTACAGAAAGAAGCTGAAGTGAGCGAGGAACAAGCCCTCTAGTCTGGATAACACTTT  
 TGAAAAGATGAAGAAGCTCAAAAAATCCAGAGCTAACAGATGTCTAAAGAAAATGTAGATACAGC  
 TGATGTGGATGGGACACAAGCAAGTCCAGCAGAAACTACTCCTGAACAAGTAAAAGGTGGAGTGAAGA  
 AAATACAAAAGACAGCATCGATGTTCTGCTGTTATCTTGAAAAGCTGAAGGGAAAGGTCTTAC  
 TGCCGGTGTAAACAAGTAATTCTTATGAACTATTGCTGGTGTGGTATGTTAACCTGCTATTACT  
 AAAAGCTTCGGATAATGCTCTGGTCTGACAATGGTACTGCTAAAATCTGCTTTACCTCCTTGA  
 AGGATTAACAAAAGGAAATACTTCTATGAACTGAGACTTAAATGGCAATACTGTTGGTAAACAAGGTCA  
 AGCTTAAATTGATCAACTTCGCGCTAATGGTACTCAAACCTTAAAGCTACTGTTAAAGTTACGGAAA  
 TAAAGACGGTAAAGCTGACTTGACTAACTCTAGTTGCTACTAAAATGTAGACATCAACATCAATGGATT  
 AGTTGCTAAAGAAACAGTTCAAAAAGCCGTTGCAGACAACGTTAAAGACAGTATCGATGTTCCAGCAGC  
 CTACCTAGAAAAGCCAAGGGTGAAGGTCCATTACAGCAGGTGTCAACCAGTGTGATTCCATACGAAC  
 CTTCGCAGGTGATGGCATGTTGACTCGTCTTGCTCAAGGCATCTGACAAGGCACCATGGTCAGATAA

Table 1

CGGCGACGCTAAAAACCCAGCCCTATCTCCACTAGGCAGAACGTGAAGACCAAAGGTCAATACTTCTA  
 TCAANTAGCCTTGACGGAAATGTAGCTGGCAAAGAAAACAAGCGCTATTGACCAGTTCCGAGCAAA  
 NGGTACTCAAACCTACAGCGCTACAGTCATGTCTATGGTAACAAAGACGGTAAACCAGACTTGGACAA  
 CATCGTAGCAACTAAAAAGTCACTATTAACATAACCGTTAATTCTAAAGAAACAGTTCAAAAAGC  
 CGTTGCAGACAACGTTAANGACAGTATCGATGTTCCAGCAGCCTACCTAGAAAAGCCAAGGGTGAAGG  
 TCCATTACAGCAGGTGTCAACCATGTGATTCCATACGAACCTTCGCAGGTATGGTATGTTGACTCG  
 TCTCTGCTCAAGGCATCTGACAAGGCACCATGGTCAGATAACGGNGACGCTAAAACCCAGCNCATC  
 TCCACTAGGTGAAAACGTGAAGACCAAAGGTCAATACTTCTATCAANTAGCCTTGACGGAAATGTAGC  
 TGGCAAAGAAAACAAGCGCTCATTGACCAGTTCCAGCAAACGGTACTCAAACCTACAGCGCTACAGT  
 CAATGCTATGGTAACAAAGCGTAAACAGACTTGGACAAACATCGTAGCAACTAAAAAGTCACTAT  
 TAAGATAAAATGTTAAAGAAACATCAGACACAGCAAATGGTTATTATCACCTCTAACTCTGGTTCTGG  
 CGTGACTCCGATGAATCACAAATCATGCTACAGGTACTACAGATAGCATGCCCTGTCGACACCATGACAAG  
 TTCTACCAACACGATGGCAGGTGAAAACATGGCTGCTCTGCTAACAGATGTCTGATACGATGATGTC  
 AGAGGATAAAAGCTATG

**SP064 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:106)**

DGLNPTPGQVLPEETSGTKEGDLSEKPGDVTLTQAKPEGVTGNTNSLPTPTERTEVSEETSPSSLDTLF  
 EKDEEAQKNPELTDLKETVDTADVDGTQASPAETTPEQVKGGVKENTKDSIDVPAAYLEKAEGKGPFT  
 AGVNQVIPYELFAGDGMTRLLKASDNA?WSDNGTAKNPALPPLGELTKGKYFYEVDLNGNTVGKQGQ  
 ALIDQLRANGTQTYKATVKVYGNKDGKADLTNLVATKNVDININGLVAKETVQKAVADNVKDSIDVPA  
 YLEKAKGEGPFTAGVNHVI PYELFAGDGMTRLLKASDKAPWSDNGDAKNPALSPLGENVKKGQYFY  
 QXALDGNVAGKEKQALIDQFRAXGTQTYSATVNVYGNKDGKPDLNDNIVATKKVTININGLISKETVQKA  
 VADNVXDSIDVPAAYLEKAKGEGPFTAGVNHVI PYELFAGDGMTRLLKASDKAPWSDNGDAKNPALS  
 PLGENVKKGQYFYQXALDGNVAGKEKQALIDQFRANGTQTYSATVNVYGNKDGKPDLNDNIVATKKVTI  
 KINVKETSDTANGSLSPNSGSGVTPMHNHATGTTDSMPADMTSSTNTMAGENMAASANKMSDTMMS  
 EDKAM

**SP065 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:107)**

TTCCAATCAAAACAGGCAGATGGTAACTCAATACGTGACAACCTTTACCCGTCTATGATTTAC  
 CAAGCAAGTCGCAGGAGATAACGGCTAATGTAGAACCTCTAACCGTGCTGGACAGAACCTCATGAATA  
 CGAACCATCTGCCAGGCAGTTGCCAAATCCAAGATGCAGATAACCTCGTTATGAAAATGAAAACAT  
 GGAAACATGGGTACCTAAATGCTAGATACCTTGATAAGAAAAAGTGAAAACCATCAAGGGCAGAG  
 CGATATGTTGCTCTTGCCAGGTGGCAGGAAGAAGAGGGAGACCATGACCATGGAGAAGAAGGTCTCA  
 CCATGAGTTGACCCCCATGTTGGTTATCACCAAGTTGCTGCCATTAAACTAGTAGAGCACCATCCGCG  
 ACACTTGTCAAGCAGATTATCTGATAAAAAAGAGACCTTGAGAAGAATGCAGCTGCCTATATCGAAA  
 ATTGCAAGCCTGGATAAGGCTTACGCAAGAGTTGTCTCAAGCAAACAAAAGAGCTTGTACTCA  
 ACACGCAgCCTTAACTaCTTGCTTGGACTATGGGACTC

**SP065 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:108)**

SNQKQADGKLNIVTTFYPVYEFKQVAGDTANVELLIGAGTEPHEYEPASKAVAKIQDADTFVYENENM  
 ETWVPKLLDTLDKKKVKTIKATGDMLLLPGGEEEEGHDHGEEGHHHEFDPHVWLSPVRAIKLVEHHPR  
 HLSADYPDKKETFEKNAAYIEKLQALDKAYAEGLSQAKQKSFTVQHAAFNLYLALDYGT

**SP067 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:109)**

TATCACAGGATCGAACGGTAAGACAACACAAACGACTATGATTGGGGAGTTTGACTGCTGCTGGCCA  
 ACATGGCTTTATCAGGGATATCGGCTATCCAGCTAGTCAGGGTGTCAAATAGCATCAGATAAGGA  
 CACGCTTGTATGGAACCTTCTTCTTCAACTCATGGGTGTCAAAGAATTCCATCCAGAGATTGCGGT  
 TATTACCAACCTCATGCCAACTCATATCGACTACCATGGGTCAATTTCGGAATATGTAGCAGCCAAGTG  
 GAATATCCAGAACAGATGACAGCAGCTGATTCTTGCTTGTCAAACACTTAAATCAAGACTTGGAAAAGA  
 CTTGACTTCCAAGCAGAACGGACTGTGTACCATTTCAACACATTGAAAGGTTGATGGAGCTTATCT  
 GGAAGATGGTCAACTCTACTTCCGTGGTGAAGTAGTCATGGCAGCGAATGAAATCGGTGTTCCAGGTAG  
 CCACAATGTGGAAAATGCCCTTGCAGTATTGCTGTAGCCAAGCTTCGTGATGTGGACAAATCAAACCAT  
 CAAGGAAAACCTTTCAGCCTCGGTGGTCAAACACCGTCTCCAGTTGTGGATGACATCAAGGGTGT  
 TAAATTCTATAACGACAGTAAATCAACTAATATCTTGCTACTCAAAGCCTTGTCAAGGATTGACAA  
 CAGCAAGGTGCTTGTGATTGCAGGTGGTTGGACCGTGGCAATGAGTTGACGAATTGGTGCAGACAT  
 TACTGGACTCAAGAAGATGGTCACTCTGGTCAAACACGGCAGCAGACAAGGC  
 TGGTGTGCTTATGTGGAGGGCAGAGATATTGCAAGATGCGACCCGCAAGGCCTATGAGCTTGCGACTCA

Table 1

AGGAGATGTGGTTCTTCTTAGTCCTGCCAATGCTAGCTGGATATGTATGCTAACCTTGAAGTACGTGG  
CGACCTCTTATCGACACAGTAGCGGAGTTAAAGAA

## SP067 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:110)

GITGSNGKTTTMIIGEVLTAAGQHGLLSGNIGYPASQVAQIASDKDTLVMELSSFQLMGVQEFPHEIA  
VITNLMPHTIDYHGSFSEYVAKWNINQNKMTAADFLVLFNFQDLAKDLTSKTEATVVPFSTLEKVDGAY  
LEDCQOLYFRGEVVMANEIGVPGSHNVENALATIAVAKLRVDVNQTIKETLSAFGGVKHRLQFVDDIKG  
VKFYNDSKSTNILATQKALSGFDNSKVVIAGGLDRGNEFDELVPDITGLKKMVLGQSAERVKRAADK  
AGVAYVEATDIADATRKAYELATQGDVULLSPANASWDMYANFEVRGDLFIDTVUELKE

## SP068 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:111)

AAGTTCATCGAAGATGGTTGGGAAGTCCACTATATCGGGGACAAGTGTGGTATCGAACACCAAGAAATC  
CTTAAGTCAGGTTGGATGTCACCTTCATTCTATTGCGACTGGAAAATTGCGTCGCTATTCTCTTGG  
CAAAATATGCTGGACGTCTCAAAGTGGTTGGGAATTGCTCAATCGCTCTTATCATGTTGCGACTG  
CGTCCACAGACCCCTTTCAAAGGGGGCTTGTCTCAGTACCGCCTGTTATCGCTGCGCGTGTGTC  
GGAGTGCCTGTCTTATTCAAGAATCTGACCTGCTATGGCTGGCAATAAAATGCCCTATAAATT  
GCGACTAAGATGTATTCAACCTTGAACAAGCTCGAGTTGCTAAGGTTGAGCATGTGGGAGCGG

## SP068 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:112)

SSSKMVGKSTISGTSVSVNTKKSLSQWMSPSILRLENCVAISLGKICWTSSKLVGELSNRSLSCCDC  
VHRPFFQORGALSQYRLLSLRVCQECLSLFTNLTCLWAWPIKSPINRLRCIQPLNKLRLSMWER

## SP069 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:113)

ATCGCTAGCTAGTCAAAGAAAGTACACGTAATTCAAGGTTACTGCTGACCTAACAGATGCCGG  
TGTGGAACGATTGAAGTCTCTTGAGCATTGAAGATTACCAATGGCTGACCGCTGTGGCGACTCC  
GCAAAATTACAGTCAGATTGTAAGAAGGCTCAGAAGGATAAGGTAAGATTGACCGAGATTGA  
CCCTAGTCAAATTGATACTGGTACAAATTGAAAATGTCATGGTGTCAAGATAAAAGAAGTGTCTATTAC  
GAGTGACCAAGAGACATTGGATAGAATTGATAAGATTATCGCTGTTGCAACTAGCGAACGTATAAC  
AGGTAATTACAGTGGTTCAGTACCTTGCAGGCAATCGACCGCAATGGTGTCTTACCGGAGTTAT  
CACTCCGTTGATACAATAATGAAGGTGACTACAAAACCAGTAGCACCAGTTCAAGCACATCAAATT  
AAAGTACAAGCAGTTCATCGGAGACATCTCGTCAACGAAAGCAACTAGTTCAAAAACGAAT

## SP069 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:114)

SLASEMQESTRKFKVTADLTAGVGTIEVPLSIEDLPNGLTAVATPQKITVKIGKKAOKDKVKIVPEID  
PSQIDSrvQIENVMVSDKEVSITSQETLDRIDKIIAVLPTSERITGNYSGVPLQAI DRNGVVLPAVI  
TPFDTIMKVTTKPVAPSSSTSNSSTSSSETSSSKATSSKTN

## SP070 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:115)

GCACCAAGATGGGCCACAAGGTTCAAGGATCAGATGTTGAAAAGTACTACTTACCCAACGCCGTCTGA  
GCAGGCAGGAATTACCATTCCTTGTGATGAAAAAAATCTAGACGGTATATGAAATTATCGCTGG  
AAATGCCCTTCGTCAGATAACAACGTCGAAATTGCTATGCCGACAAAATGGTATCAGCTACAAACG  
TTACCATGAGTTCTAGGTAGCTTATCGTGACTTGTGACATTGCTACAGATACCGCTTCTGATTGGAGA  
AACTCAACGACAGGTATGTTGCTCATGTTGCTCACATTACAGATACCGCTTCTGATTGGAGA  
TGGGACAGGTGTTGCTGCCAATGCCAAATATTGCTTGAATCTGACGAATATGAGCGTCACCT  
CATGCCCTTACCAACCCAGAATACTCTATTACCAACATTGACTTTGACCATCCAGATTATTCACAAG  
TCTCGAGGATGTTTAATGCCCTTAACGACTATGCCAAACAAATACCAAGGGCTTTGCTATGG  
TGAAGATGCTGAATTGCGTAAGATTACGTCTGATGCACCAATTATTATGTTGAAAGCTGAAGG  
CAATGACTTTGCTAGCTAGTGTATCTCTCGTTCAATAACTGGTTCAACCTCACCGTTCAATTCCGTGG  
ACAAAACCTGGGCAATTCCACATTCAACCTTGGTCGTACAATATCATGAATGCGACAGCCGTTAT  
TGGTCTCTTACACAGCAGGATTGATTGAACCTGGTGCGTGAGCACTGAAAACATTGCCGTGT  
TAAACGTCGTTCACTGAGAAAATTGTCATGATGACAGTGTATTGCTGACTTTGCCACATCCAAC  
AGAAATTATTGCGACCTTGGATGCGGCTCGTCAGAAATACCAAGCAAGGAAATTGAGCAGTCTTCA  
ACCGCATACCTTACAAGAACATTGCTTGTGACGACTTGCCTTAAACCAAGCAGATGC  
TGTCTTACAGCGAAATTATGGCTGGCTCGTGAAGTAGATCATGGTGACGTTAAGGTAGAAGACCT  
AGCCAACAAAATCAACAAAAACCCAAGTGAATTACTGTTGAAATGTTCTCCACTCCTAGACCATGA  
CAATGCTGTTACGTCTTATGGGAGCAGGAGACATCCAAACCTATGAATACTCATTTGAGCGTCTT  
GTCTAACTGACAAGCAATGTC

Table 1

## SP070 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:116)

HQMGHKVQGSDEVKYFTQRGLEQAGITILPFDEKNLDGDMETIAGNAFRPDNNVEIAYADQNGISYKR  
 YHEFLGSFMRDFVSMGVAGAHGKTSTTGMISHVLSHITDTSFLIGDGTGRGSANAKYFVFESEDEYERHF  
 MPYHPEYSIITNIDFDHPDYFTSLEDVFNAFNQDYAKQITKGLFVYGEDAELRKITSDAPIYYGFEAEG  
 NDFVASDLLRSITGSTFTVHFRGQNLQFHIPTFGRHNIMNATAVIGLLYTAGFDLNLVREHLKTFAGV  
 KRRFTEKIVNDTVIIDDFAHHPTEIIATLDAARQKYPSEKIVAVFQPHFTRTIALLDDFAHALNQADA  
 VYLAQIYGSAREVDHGDVKVEDLANKKHKQVITVENVSPLLDHDNAVYVFMGAGDIQTYEYSFERLL  
 SNLTSNVQ

## SP071 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:117)

TTTTAACCAACTGTTGGTACTTCCCTTTACTGCAGGATTGAGCTTGTAGTTATTGGTTCTAA  
 AAGGGAAAATGAAAGAACGACTTGTTCATTTCTGCTGTTGACTAGCATGGGAGTTCAATTGTTGCC  
 GGCCAGTGTCTTGGGTTGACCAGGCCAGATTTATCTGCCTATAATAGTCAGCTTCTATCGGAGTCGG  
 GGAACATTACAGAGCCTCTGAAAATCGAAGGTTATCAATATATTGTTATATCAAAACTAAGAAACA  
 GGATAATACAGAGCTTCAAGGACAGTTGATGGAAATACTCTGCTAAAGAGATACTCAACCAAAC  
 TACAAAAACATCAGATGTAGTTCAATTGCTGATTAGAATGGAACCAAGGACAGGGAGGTTAGTTT  
 ACAAGGTGAAGCATCAGGGATGATGGACTTCAAGAAATCTTCTATAGCAGCAGACAATCTATCTTC  
 TAATGATTCAATTGCAAGTCAGTTGAGCAGAAATCCGGATCACAAAGGAGAATCTGAGTTGACCAAC  
 AGTGCAGAACAAAGGAAATCCTGTGCTGCTACAAACGGTCAGAGTGCAGAACAGGAAAGTATTGGCAG  
 GACAATGATCGACCAGAGTATAAACTTCCATTGAAACCAAGGCACGCAAGAACCCGGTCAATGAGGG  
 TGAAGCCGAGTCGTGAAAGACTTACAGTCTACACTAACGCCACTAGAAAACCAAGGTACACAAGGACC  
 CGGACATGAAGGTGAAGCTGAGTTCCGAGGAAGAACCCAGCTTACACAGAACCGTTAGCAACGAAAGG  
 CACGCAAGAGGCCAGGTATGAGGGCAAGCTACAGTCCGGCAAGAGACTCTAGAGTACACGGAACCGGT  
 AGCGACAAAAGGCACACAAGAACCGAACATGAGGGCGAACCGsCAGTAGAAGAACATTCCGGCTTT  
 AGAGGTCACTACACGAAATAGAACGGAAATCCAGAAATATTCTTATACAACAGAAAGAACATTCAAGGATCC  
 AACACTTCTGAAAATCGTCGTAAAGATTGAACGACAAGGGCAAGCAGGGACACGTACAATTCAATATGA  
 AGACTACATCGTAAATGTAATGTCGTAGAAACTAAAGAAGTCTACGGCAAGAGACTCTAGAGTACACGGAAC  
 CGAAGTCGTTAAAGTAGGAAACACTTGTGAAAGTAAACCTACAGTAGAGAAATTACAACACTTAACAAAAGT  
 TGAGAACAAAAATCTATAACTGTAAGTTATAACTTAATAGACACTACCTCAGCATATGTTCTGCAA  
 AACGCAAGTTTCCATGGAGACAAGCTAGTTAAAGAGGTGGATATAGAAAATCTGCAAAGAACAGCAAGT  
 AATATCAGGTTAGATTACTACACACCGTATACAGTTAAACACACCTAACTTATAATTGGGTGAAAAA  
 TAATGAGGAAAATACTGAAACATCAACTCAAGATTCCAATTAGAGTATAAGAAAATAGAGATTAAAGA  
 TATTGATTCACTGAGATTATACGGTAAAGAAAATGATCGTTATCGTAGATATTAGTCAAGTGAAGC  
 GCCGACTGATAACGGCTAAATACTTGTAAAAGTGAATCAGATCGCTTCAAAGAACATGTACCTACCTGT  
 AAAATCTATTACAGAAAATACGGATGGAACGTATAAAAGTGAACGGTAGCCGTTGATCAACTTGTGAGA  
 AGGTACAGACGGTTACAAAGATGATTACACATTACTGTAGCTAAATCTAAAGCAGAGCAACCCAGGAGT  
 TTACACATCCTTAAACAGCTGGTAACAGCCATGCAAAGCAATCTGTCTGGTGTATACATTGGCTTC  
 AGATATGACCGCAGATGAGGTGAGCTTAGCGAGCGATAAGCAGACAGTTATCTCACAGGTGCAATTACAGG  
 GAGCTTGTACGGTTCTGATGGAACAAAATCGTATGCCATTATGATTGAGAAACCATTATTGATAC  
 ATTAAATGGTGTACAGTTAGAGATTGGATATTAAACTGTTCTGCTGATAGTAAAGAAAATGTCGC  
 AGCGCTGGCGAAGGGAGCGAATAGCGCAATTAAATAATGTTGAGTAGAAGGAAAATCTCAGGTG  
 GAAATCTGTTGGGGATTAGTAGCGAGCGCAACAAATACAGTGTAGAAAACAGCTCGTTACAGGGAA  
 ACTTATCGAAATCACCAGGACAGTAATAAAATGATACTCGAGGAATAGTAGGTAATATAACAGGAAA  
 TAGTTGAGAGTTAATAAGTTAGGGTAGATGCCCTAATCTCTACTAATGCACGCAATAATAACCAAC  
 AGCTGGAGGGATAGTAGGTAGATTAGAAAATGGTGCATTGATATCTAATTGGTTGCTACTGGAGAAA  
 ACGAAATGGTCAAGGATATTCTAGAGTCGGAGGAATAGTAGGATCTACGTGGCAAACGGTCAGTAAA  
 TAATGTTGTGAGTAACGTAGATGTTGGAGATGGTTATGTTACCGGGTGTCAATACGCAAGCAGCAG  
 TGTAAAAATGCAAGTACATCAGTTGATAATAGAAAAGCAGACAGATTGCTACAAAATTATCAAAGA  
 CCAAATAGCGCAAAGTGTGATTATGGAATCAGTAACCTTGTGATGATACTGGCAAGGATTAA  
 ACGTAATCTAAGAGAAGTGTGATTATACAAGACTAAATAAGCAGAAGCTGAAAGAAAAGTAGCTTATAG  
 CAACATAGAAAATGATGCCATTCTACAATAAAAGACCTAGTAGTTCACTATGGTAACAAAGTAGCGAC  
 AACAGATAAAACTTACACTACAGAATTGTTAGATGTTGTCGAGTAAAGATGATGAAGTAGTAAACGGA  
 TATTAATAATAAGAAAATCAATAAAAGTTATGTTACATTCAAAGATAATACAGTGTAAACAC  
 AGATGTAACATTCAAAGAAAATCTATAAACAGTCAGTAATCGAATACAATGTTACAGGAAAAGAATA  
 TATATTACACACCAGAAGCATTGTTGACTATACAGCGATAACGAAACGTACTAACGCACTTGCA  
 AAATGTAACACTTAAC

## SP071 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:118)

Table 1

FNPTVGTFLFTAGLSLLVLLVKRENGKKRLVHFLLLSMGVQLLPASAFGLTSQILSAYNSQLSIGVG  
 EHLPEPLKIEGYQYIGYIKTKKQDNTELSRTVDGKYSQRDSQPNSTKTSVDVHSADLEWNQGQGVSL  
 QGEASGDDGLSEKSSIAADNLSSNDSFASQVEQNPDHKGESVVRPTVPEQGNPVSATTVQSAEEEVLAT  
 TNDRPEYKLPLETKGQEPGHEGEAAVREDLPVYTKPLETKGTQGPGHEGEAAVREEEPAYTEPLATKG  
 TQEPGHEGKATVREETLEYTEPVATKGTQEPHEGERXVEEELPALEVTRNRTEIQNIPTTEEIQDP  
 TLLKNRRKIERQGQAGTRTIQYEDYIVNGNVETKEVSRTVEAPVNEVVKVGTTLVVKPVTVEITNLTKV  
 ENKKSSITVSYNLIDTTSAVSAKTQVFHGDKLVKEVDIENPAKEQVISGLDYYTPYTVKTHLTYNLGEN  
 NEENTETSTQDFQLEYKKIEIKDIDSVELYKGENDRYRRYLSSEAFTDTAKYFVVKVSDRFKEMYLPV  
 KSITENTDGTYKVTVAVDQLVEEGTDGYKDDYFTFTVAKSKAEQPGVYTSFKQLVTAMQSNLSGVYTLAS  
 DMTADEVSLGDKQTSYLTGAFTGSLIGSDGTSYAIYDLKKPLFDTLNGATVRDLDIKTVSADSKENVA  
 ALAKAANSANINNVAEGKISGAKSVAGLVASATNTVIENSSFTGKLIANHQDSNKNDTGGIVGNITGN  
 SSRVNKVRVDALISTNARNNNQTAGGIVGRLENGALISNSVATGEIRNGQGSRVGGIVGSTWQNGRVN  
 NVVSNVDVGDGYVITGDQYAAADVKNASTSDVRKADRFATKLSKDQIDAKVADYGITVTLDDTGQDLK  
 RNLREVDYTRLNKAEEAERKVAYSNIEKLMPFYNKDLVHYGNKATTDKLYTTELLDVPMKDEVVTD  
 INNKNSINKVMLFKDNTVEYLDVTFKENFINSQVIEYNVTGKEYIFTPEAFVSDYTAITNNVLSLDQ  
 NVTLN

**SP072 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:119)**

TTTTAACCCAACTGTTGGTACTTTCTTTTACTGCAGGATTGAGCTTGTAGTTTATTGGTTCTAA  
 AAGGGAAAATGGAAGAACGACTTGTCACTTCTGCTGTTGACTAGCATGGGAGTTCAATTGTTGCC  
 GGCGAGTGTCTTGCGGTTGACCAGCCAGATTTATCTGCCCTATAATAGTCAGCTTCTATCGGAGTCGG  
 GGAACATTTACCAAGAGCCTCTGAAAATCGAAGGTTATCAATATATTGGTTATATCAAACAACTAAGAAACA  
 GGATAATACAGAGCTTCAAGGACAGTTGATGGAAATACTCTGCTCAAAGAGATACTCAACCAAACTC  
 TACAAAAACATCAGATGTAGTTGATTCACTCAGCTGATTTAGAATGGAACCAAGGACAGGGGAAGGTTAGTTT  
 ACAAGGTGAAGCAGTCAGGGATGATGGACTTCAAGAAAATCTTCTATAGCAGCAGACAATCTATCTTC  
 TAATGATTCACTCGCAAGTCAGTTGAGCAGAATCCGGATCACAAAGGAGAATCTGTAGTTGACCAAC  
 AGTGCCAGAACAGGAATCTGTCTGCTAACACGGTGAGATGCGGAAGAGGAAGTATTGGCGAC  
 GACAAATGATCGACCAGAGTATAAACCTCCATTGAAACCAAAAGGCACGCAAGAACCCGGTCATGAGGG  
 TGAAGCCGAGTCGTGAAGACTTACCACTGCTACACTAACCCACTAGAAAACCAAAAGGTACACAGGACC  
 CGGACATGAAGGTGAAGCTGAGTCAGTCAGGAGAAGAACCGACTTACACAGAACCGTTAGCAACGAAAGG  
 CACGCAAGAGCCAGGTCACTGAGGGCAAGCTACAGTCGCGAAGAGACTCTAGAGTACACGGAACCGGT  
 AGCGACAAAGGCACACAAGAACCCGAACATGAGGGCGAaCGGSCAGTAGAAGAAGAACCTCCGGCTTT  
 AGAGGTCACTACACGAAATAGAACGAAATCCAGAATATTCCCTATACAACAGAAGAAATTAGGATCC  
 AACACTCTGAAAATCGTCGTAAGATTGAAACGACAAGGGCAAGCAGGGACACGTACAATTCAATATGA  
 AGACTACATCGTAAATGGTAATGTCGTAGAAACTAAAGAAGTGTACCGAACTGAAGTAGCTCCGGTCAA  
 CGAAGTCGTTAAAGTAGGAACACTTGTGAAAGTTAACCTACAGTAGAAATTACAACACTTAACAAAGT  
 TGAGAACAAAAATCTATAACTGTAAGTTATAACTTAATAGACACTACCTCAGCATACTGTTCTGCAA  
 AACGCAAGTTCCATGGAGACAAGCTAGTTAAAGAGGTGGATATAGAAAATCTGCCAAAGAGCAAGT  
 AATATCAGGTTAGATTACTACACCCGTATACAGTTAAACACACCTAACTTATAATTGGGTGAAA  
 TAATGAGGAAAATACTGAAACATCAACTCAAGATTCCAATTAGAGTATAAGAAAATAGAGATTAAAGA  
 TATTGATTCACTGAGATTACGGTAAGAAAATGATCGTTACGTAGA

**SP072 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:120)**

FNPTVGTFLFTAGLSLLVLLVKRENGKKRLVHFLLLSMGVQLLPASAFGLTSQILSAYNSQLSIGVG  
 EHLPEPLKIEGYQYIGYIKTKKQDNTELSRTVDGKYSQRDSQPNSTKTSVDVHSADLEWNQGQGVSL  
 QGEASGDDGLSEKSSIAADNLSSNDSFASQVEQNPDHKGESVVRPTVPEQGNPVSATTVQSAEEEVLAT  
 TNDRPEYKLPLETKGQEPGHEGEAAVREDLPVYTKPLETKGTQGPGHEGEAAVREEEPAYTEPLATKG  
 TQEPGHEGKATVREETLEYTEPVATKGTQEPHEGERXVEEELPALEVTRNRTEIQNIPTTEEIQDP  
 TLLKNRRKIERQGQAGTRTIQYEDYIVNGNVETKEVSRTVEAPVNEVVKVGTTLVVKPVTVEITNLTKV  
 ENKKSSITVSYNLIDTTSAVSAKTQVFHGDKLVKEVDIENPAKEQVISGLDYYTPYTVKTHLTYNLGEN  
 NEENTETSTQDFQLEYKKIEIKDIDSVELYKGENDRYRR

**SP073 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:121)**

TCGTAGATATTAAGTCTAAGTGAAGCGCCGACTGATACGGCTAAATACTTTGAAAGTGAACATCAGA  
 TCGCTTCAAAGAAAATGTACCTACCTGTAAAATCTATTACAGAAAATACGGATGGAACGTATAAGTGAC  
 GGTAGCCGTTGATCAACTTGTGAGAAGAGTACAGACGGTTACAAAGATGATTACACATTACTGTAGC  
 TAAATCTAAAGCAGAGCAACCAGGAGTTACACATCCTTAAACAGCTGGTAACAGCCATGCAAAGCAA  
 TCTGTCGGTGTCTATACATTGGCTTCAGATATGACCGCAGATGAGGTGAGCTTAGGCATAAGCAGAC

Table 1

AAGTTATCTCACAGGTGCATTACAGGGAGCTTGATCGGTTCTGATGGAACAAAATCGTATGCCATTATGATTTGAAGAAACCATTATTTGATACATTAATGGTGCACAGTTAGAGATTGGATATTAACAGTGTCTGCTGATAGTAAAGAAAATGTCGCAAGCGCTGGCAAGGCAGCGAATAGCGCAATATTAATATGTCAGTAGAAGGAAAATCTCAGGTGCGAAATCTGTTGCGGATTAGTAGCGAGGCCAACAAATACAGTGATAGAAAACAGCTCGTTACAGGGAAACTTATCCAAATCACCAGGACAGTAATAAAAATGATACTGGAGGAATAGTAGGTAATATAACAGGAAATAGTCGAGAGTTAATAAAAGTTAGGGTAGATGCCCTTAATCTCTACTAATGCAACGCAATAATAACCAAACAGCTGGAGGGATAGTAGGTTAGGAAATGGTGCATTGATATCTAATTGGTTGCTACTGGAGAAAATACGAAATGGTCAAGGATATTCTAGAGTCGGAGGAATAGTAGGATCTACGGCAAAACGGTCGAGTAAATAATGTTGAGTAACGTAGATGTTGGAGATGGTTATGTTTACCGGTGATCAATACGCAACGAGATGTGAAAATGCAAGTACATCAGTTGATAATAGAAAAGCAGACAGATTGCTACAAAATTATCAAAGACCAAATAGACGCAAGTTGCTGATTATGGAATCACAGTAACCTTTGATGATACTGGCAAGATTAAACGTAATCTAAGAGAAGTTGATTATACAAGACTAAATAAACAGAAGCTGAAAGAAAAGTAGCTTATAGCAACATAGAAAACGATGATGCCATTCTACAATAAAAGACCTAGTAGTCACATGGTAAACAAAGTAGCGACAACAGATAAACTTACACTACAGAATTGTTAGATGTTGCCGATGAAAGATGATGAAAGTAGTAACGGATATTAATAAGAAAATTCAATAAAAGTTATGTTACAATTCAAAGATAATACAGTAGAAATACCTAGATGTAACATTCAAAGAAAACCTCATAAACAGTCAAGTAATCGAATACAATGTTACAGGAAAAGAATATATATTACACACCAGAAGCATTGTTCAGACTATACAGCGATAACGAATAACGTTACTAAGCGACTTGCAAAATGTAACACTTAAC

**SP073 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:122)**

RRYLSLSEAPTDATKVFVKVSKDRFKEMYLGVKSITENTDGYKVDQLVEEGTDGYKDDYTFTVAKSKAEQPGVYTSFKQLVTAMQSNLGSVYTLASDMTADEVSLGDKQTSYLTGAFTGSLIGSDGKSYAIYDLKKPLFDLNGATVRDLDIKTVSADSKENVAALAKAANSANINNVAVEKGKISGAKSVAGLVASATNTVIEENSSFTGKLIANQDSNKNDTGGIVGNITGNSSRVNKVRVDALISTNARNNNQTAGGIVGRLENGALISNSVATGEIRNGQGYSRVGGIVGSTWQNGRVNNVSNVDVGDGIVTGDQYAAADVKNASTSVDRKADRFATKLSKDQIDAKVADYGITVLLDTGQDLKRNLRVDYTRLNKAEEAKVAYSNIEKLMFYNKDLVWVYGNKVATTDKLYTTELLDVPMDDEVTDINNNKNSINKVMLHFKDNTVEYLDVTFKENFINSQVI

**SP074 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:123)**

CTTTGGTTTGAAGGAAGTAAGCGTGGACAATTGCTGTTAGAAGGAATCAATCAACTTCGTGAGCATGTAAGACACTCTATTGATTATCTCAAACAAACAATTGCTGAAATTGTTGATAAGAAAACACCGCTTTGGAGGCTCTAGCGAAGCGGATAACGTTCTCGTCAAGGTGTTCAAGGGATTACCGATTGATTACCAATCCAGGATTGATTAACCTTGTACTTGCCGATGTGAAACCGGTAAATGGCAAACAAAGGGAAATGCTTTATGGTTATTGGTATCGGTAGTGGAGAAGAACGTTGCTGACAAGCGGACCGTAAAGGCAATCTATTCAACCACTTCTTGAAACAATATTGACGGTGTGAGGATGTTATCGTCAACGTTACTGGGGTCTGACTTAACCTTGATTGAGGGCAGAAAGGGCTTCACAAATTGTAACCGAGCAGCAGGTCAAGGAGTGAACATCTGGCTCGGTACTTCAATTGATGAAAGTATGCGTGTGAAATTGCTGTAACAGTTGCAACGGGTCTCGTCAAGACCGCGTAGAAAAGGGTTGGCTCCACAAGCTAGATCTGCTACTAACTACCGTGAGACAGTGAACACCAGCTCA

**SP074 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:124)**

FGFEGSKRGQFAVEGINQLREHVDLIIISNNNLIEVDKTPLEALSEADNVLRQGVQGITDLITNPGLINLDFADVKTVMANKGNALMGIGIGSGEERVVEAARKAIYSPLETTIDGAEDVIVNVTGGLDLTLIEAEEASQIVNQAAGQGVNIWLGTSIDESMRDEIRVTVVATGVRQDRVEKVVAPQARSATNYRETVKPAHSHGFDHRFDMAETVELPKQNPQRRLEPTQASAFGDWDLRRESIVRTDSVSPVERFEAPISQDEDELDTPPFKKNR

**SP075 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:125)**

CTACTACCTCTCGAGAGAAAAGTGACCTAGAGGTGACCGTTTGACCATGAGCAAGGTCAAGCCACCAAAGCCGCAGCAGGAATTATCAGTCCTGGTTTCCAAACGCCGTAATAAGCCTGGTACAAGATGGCGCTTGGGGCTGATTATGTTGAGTTATTAGCTGATTAGAGAAATCAGGACAAGAAATCGACTTTACCAAGCGTTGGAGTCTTCTCTTGAAAGGATGAAATCCAATTGGAAGAAACTTATCAACTGGCCCTCCAGCGCAGAGAAGAATCTCCCTGATAGGGCAATTAGCCATTCTGAACCAAGCCTCAGCTAATGAATTATCCCTGGTTGCAGGGATTGACCGCCTGCTATGCTTCTGGTGGAGCGAGAGTAGATGCCAACT

Table 1

TTTAGTGA CTCGTT GCTCGGAAGTCAGTCATGTCAAGCTGGTCAAAGAAAAAGTGA CTCGACACCGTT  
 AGCATCAGGCTACCA GATGGTGAAGAGGAGTTGAGCAGGTATTTGGCGACGGGAGCTGGTTGG  
 GGACATGTTAGAGCCTT TAGGTTATGAAGTGGATGTCCGCTCTCAAAAGGACA ACTACGAGATTATCA  
 GCTTGCCCAAGACATGGAAAGATTACCCCTGTTGATGCCAGAAGGGAGTGGATTGATTCCCTTGC  
 AGGTGGAAATTATCCTTAGGCGCTACCCACGAAATGACATGGGATTGATTGACGGTAGATGAAAC  
 CTTGCTCAA CAAATGGAGGAGGCCACCTGACTCACTATCTGATTGTTGGCTGAAGCTACTCAAATC  
 TGAGCGTGTGGAAATCCGTGCCTACACCAGTGA TTCTCTCCTTCTTGGGCAGGTGCCTGACTTAAC  
 TGGTGTCTATGCAGCCAGTGGACTAGGTTCATCAGGCCTCACAACTGGCCTATCATTGGTACCATCT  
 AGCCCAACTGATCCAAAGACAAGGAGTTGACCTGGACCCCTCAAATTACCCAAATTGAAAATATGTCAA  
 ACGAGTAAAAGCGAA

## SP075 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:126)

YYLSRESDLEVTFDHEQGQATKAAAGIISPWFSKRRNKA WYKMARLGADFYV DLLADLEKSGQEIDFY  
 QRSGVFLKKDES NLEELYQLALQRREESPLIGQLA ILNQASANELF PGLQGFDRLLYASGGARVDGQL  
 LVTRLLEVSHVKLVKEKVLTPLASGYQIGEEEFQVILATGA WLGDML EPLGYEV DVP PQKGQLRDYQ  
 LAQDMEDYPVVMPEGEWDLIPFAGGKLSLGATHENDMGFDLTVDETL LQQMEEATLTHYLILA EATSKS  
 ERVGIRAYTSDFSPFFGQVPDLTGVAASGLSSGLTTGPIIGYH LAQLIQDKE LTLDPLNYPIENYVK  
 RVKSE

## SP076 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:127)

TAAGGTCAA AAGTCAGACCGCTAAGAAAAGTGTAGAAAAGATTGGAGCTGACTCGGTTATCTGCCAGA  
 GTATGAAATGGGGCAGTCTCTAGCACAGACCATTCTTCCATAATAGTGTGATGTCTTCAGTTGGA  
 TAAAATGTGTCTATCGTGGAGATGAAAATTCCCTCAGTCTGGGCAGGTCAAAGTCTGAGTAAATTAGA  
 CCTCCGTGGCAAATACAATCTGAATATTTGGGTTCCAGAGCAGGAAAATTCCCCATTGGATGTTGA  
 ATTTGGACCA GATGACCTCTTGA AAGCAGATA CCTATATT TGCCAGTCATCAACAACCAGTATTGGA  
 TACCC TA

## SP076 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:128)

KVKSQTAKKVLEKIGADSVISPEYEMQSLAQ TILFHNSVDVFQLDKNV SIVEMKIPQSWAGQSLSKLD  
 LRGKYNLNI LGFREQENSPLDVEFGP DLLKADTYILAVINNQYLDTL

## SP077 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:129)

TGACGGGTCTCAGGATCAGACTCAGGAAATCGCTGAGTGT TAGCTAGCAAGTATCCTAATATCGTTAG  
 AGCCATCTATCAGGAAATAAATGCCATGGCGGTGCGGTCAATCGTGGCTTGGTAGAGGCTCTGGCG  
 CTATTTAAAGTAGTTGACAGTGTGACTGGGTGGATCCTCGTGCCTACTTGAAAATTCTTGAAACTTG  
 CAGGAAC TTGAGAGCAAAGGTCAAGAGGTGGATGTCTTG

## SP077 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:130)

DGSQDQTQEIAECLASKYPNIVRAIYQENKCHGGAVNRLVEASGRYFKVVDSDWVDPRAYLKILETC  
 RNLRAKVKRWMSL

## SP078 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:131)

TAGAGGCTT GCCAATGGTGGGAAGGGCACGAGCGTCGAAAAGAGGAACGCTTGTCAAACAAGAAGA  
 AAAAGCTCGCAA AAGGCTGAGAAAGAGGCTAGATTAGAACAGAAGAGACTGAAAAGCCTACTCGA  
 TTTGCCTCTGTGATATGAAACGGTGAATCTGACAGAGGAAGCTGTTCAAATCTCCACCTAT  
 TCCAGAAGAAAAGTGGGTGAACCAGAAATCATCCTGCCCTCAAGCTGAAC TAAATTCCCTGAACAGGA  
 AGATGACTCAGATGACGAAGATGTTCAAGGTGATTTTCAGCCAAAGAACGCCCTGAATACAAACTTC  
 AAGCTTA CAACTCTTGACCA CAGATAAACCAAAGATCAGTCTAAAGAGAAGAAAATTGTCAGAGAAA  
 TATCAAATCTTAGAACCTTTGCTAGCTTGGTATTAAGGTAA CAGTTGAACGGGCCAAATTGG  
 GCCATCAGTGACCAAGTATGAAGTCAAGCCGGCTGTTGGTGAAGGGTCAACCGCATTCCAACTCTATC  
 AGATGACCTCGCTCTAGCCTTGGCTGCCAAAGATGTCGGATTGAGACCAATCCCTGGAAATCCCT  
 AATCGGAATTGAAGTGGCCA ACTCCGATATTGCCACTGTATCTTCCGAGAACTATGGAAACAATCGCA  
 AACGAAAGCAGAAAATTCTTGAAATTCCCTTAGGGAGGCTGTTAATGGAACCGCAAGAGCTTTGA  
 CCTTTCTAAAATGCCCACTTCGCTAGTTGCAACGGGTCAGGGAGTCAGTAGCAGTTAACGG  
 CATTATTGCTAGCATTCTCATGAAGGCGAGACCAGATCAAGTTAAATTATGATGGTCGATCCAAAGAT  
 GGTTGAGTTATCTGTTACAATGATATTCCCA CCTCTTGATCCAGTCGTGACCAATCCACGCAAAGC  
 CAGCAAGGCTCTGCAAAGGTTGTGGATGAAATGGAAAACGTTATGAAC TCTTGCAAGGTGGAGT  
 TCGGAATATTGCAAGGTTTAATGCCAAGGTAGAAGAGTTCAATTCCAGTCAGTGACTACAAGCAAATTCC

Table 1

GCTACCATTCAATTGTCGTGATTGGATGAGTTGGCTGACCTCATGATGGTGGCCAGCAAGGAAGTGG  
 AGATGCTATCATCCGTCTGGGAGAAGGCGCGTGCAGGTATCCACATGATTCTGCAACTCAGCG  
 TCCATCTGTTGATGTCATCTGGTTGATTAAGGCCAATGTTCCATCTCGTGTAGCATTGCGGTTTC  
 ATCAGGAACAGACTCCCGTACGATTTGGATGAAAATGGAGCAGAAAACCTCTGGTCAGGGAGACAT  
 GCTCTTAAACCGATTGATGAAAATCATCCAGTCGCTCCAGGCTCCTTATCTGGATGACGATGT  
 TGAGCGCATTGTAACCTCATCAAGACTCAGGCAGATGCAGACTACGATGAGAGTTGATCCAGGTGA  
 GGTTTCTGAAAATGAAGGAGAATTTCGGATGGAGATGTCGTTGATCCGCTTTGAAGAAGCTAA  
 GTCTTGGTTATCGAAACACAGAAAGCCAGTGCCTATGATTAGCGCTGTTATCAGTTGGATTAA  
 CCGTGCACCGTCTCATGGAAGAACTGGAGATAGCAGGTGTCATCGGTCAGCTGAAGGTACCAAACC  
 TCGAAAAGTGTACAACAA

**SP078 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:132)**

RGFAKWWEGHERRKEERFVKQEEKARQKAKEEARLEQEETEKALLDLPPVDMETGEILTEEAVQNLPP  
 PEEKWVEPEIILPQAEKFPEQEDDSDEDVQVDFSAKEALEYKLPQLFAPDKPKDQSKEKKIVREN  
 IKILEATFASFGIKVTVERAEIGPSVTKYEVKPAVGVRVNRISNLSDLALALA  
 AKDVRIEAPIPGKSL  
 IGIEVPNSDIATVSFRELWEQSQTKAENFLEIPLGKAVNGTARAFDLSKMPHLLVAGSTGSGKSVAVNG  
 IIASILMKARPDPQVKFMMVDPKMVELSVYNDIPHLLIPVVTNPRKASKALQKV  
 VDEMENRYELFAKVGVRNIAGFNAKVEEFNSQSEYKQIPLPFIIVVIVDELADLMMVASKEVEDAIIRLGQKARAAGIHMILATQR  
 PSVDVVISGLIKANVPSRVAFAVSSGTDRTILDENGAEKLLRGDMLFKPIDENHPVRLQGSFISDDDV  
 ERIVNFIKTQADADYDESFDPGEVSENEGEFSDGDAGGDPLFEAKSLVIETQKASASMIQRRLSVGFN  
 RATRLMEELEIAGVIGPAEGTKPRKVLOQ

**SP079 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:133)**

TCAAAAAGAGAAGGAAAACCTGGTATTGCTGGAAAATAGGTCCAGAACCGAGAAATTGGCCAATAT  
 GTATAAGTTGCTGATTGAAGAAAATACCAGCATGACTGCGACTGTTAAACCGAATTGGAGACAAG  
 CTTCCATTATGAAGCTCTGAAAAAGGCATATTGACATCTATCCTGAATTACTGGTACGGTACTGA  
 AAGTTGCTTCAACCACCAAGGTGAGTCATGAACCAGAACAGGTTATCAGGTGGCGCGTGTG  
 CATTGCTAACGGATCATCTAGCTATCTAAACCCATGTTATCAAACACCTATGCTGTAGCTGT  
 TCCGAAAAGATTGCTCAAGAATATGGCTTGAAGACCATTCAAGACTTGAAGGGCAGTT  
 GAAGGCAGGTTTACACTCGAGTTAACGACCGTGAAGATGGAATAAGGGCTGCAATCAATGATGG  
 TCTCAATCTCAATGTAGCGACCATGAGCCAGCCCTTCGCTATCAGGCTATTCACTGAGGGATATTCA  
 AATCACGGATGCTTATCGACTGATGCGGAATTGGAGCGTTATGATTACAGGTCTTGAAGATGACAA  
 GCAACTCTTCCCACCTTATCAAGGGCTCACTCATGAAAGAAGCTTCTCAAGAAACACCCAGAGTT  
 GGAAAGAGTTCTTAATACATTGGCTGTAAGATTACAGAAAGCCAGATGAGCCAGCTCAACTACCAAGT  
 CGGTGTTGAAGGCAAGTCAGCAAAGCAAGTAGCCAAGGAGTTCTCAAGAACAGGTTGTAAGAA  
 A

**SP079 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:134)**

QKEKENLVIAGKIGPEPEILANMYKLLIEENTSMTATVCPNFGKTSFLYEALKKIDIDYIPEFTGVTE  
 SLLQPSPKVSHEPEQVYQVARDGIQKQDHAYLKPMQYQNTYAVAVPKKIAQEQYGLKTISDLKKVEGQL  
 KAGFTLEFDNDREDGNKGLQSMYGLNLNVATIEPALRYQAIQSGDIDQITDAYSTDAAELERYDLQVLEDDK  
 QLFPPYQGAPLMKEALLKKHPELERVLNTLAGKITESQMSQLNYQVGVEGKSAKQVAKEFLQEQLLKK

**SP080 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:135)**

ACGTTCTATTGAGGACCACCTTGATTCAAACCTCGAATTGGAATATAACCTCAAAGAAAAGGGAAAAC  
 AGATCTTTGAAGCTAGTTGATAAAACAACATGACATGCGCTCGCATTTATCGCCAAACTCATCCACG  
 CGGTCTCGGAGATGCTGTTGCAAGCCAAGGCTTCGCGAAATGAACCTTTGTCGTTATGCTTGG  
 TGATGACTTGATGGATATCACAGACGAAAGGCTGTTCCACTTACCAAAACAACATGGATGACTACGA  
 GCGTACCCACGCCCTACTATCGCTCATGCCAGTCCCTCATGACGAAGTATCTGCTTACGGGGTTAT  
 TGCTCGCAAGGCGAAGGAAAAGATGGCTTACAGTGTGAAACCTTGTGAAAACCCAGCTCCAGA  
 GGACGCTCCTAGCGACCTGCTATTATCGGACGCTACCTCCTCACGCCGAAATTGGAGATTCTCGA  
 AAAGCAAGCTCCAGGTGCAAGGAAATGAAATTCAAGCTGACAGATGCAATCGACACCCCTCAATAAAACACA  
 ACGTGATTTGCTCGTGAGTTCAAAGGGCTCGTTACGATGTCGGAGACAAGTTGGCTTATGAAAAC  
 ATCCATCGACTACGCCCTCAAACACCCACAAGTCAAAGATGATTGAGAAATTACCTCATCCAACCTGG  
 AAAAGAATTGACTGAGAAGGAA

Table 1

**SP080 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:136)**

RSIEDHFDSNFELEYNLKEKGKTDLLKLVDKTTDMRLHFIROQTHPRGLGDAVLQAKAFVGNEPFVVMLG  
 DDLMDITDEKAVPLTKQLMDDYERTHASTIAVMPVHDEVSAYGVIAPQGEGKDGLYSVETFVEKPAPE  
 DAPSDLAIIGRYLLTPEIFEILEKQAPGAGNEIQLTDAIDTLNKTQRVFAREFKGARYDVGDKFGFMKT  
 SIDYALKHPQVKDDLNKLYLIQLGKELTEKE

**SP081 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:137)**

CGCTCAAAATACCAAGAGGTGTTCACTAATCGAGCACGTTCTCCTCAAATGTTGAAAGCCAATTGGA  
 GAGTGTCTTTCTGATATTCCACCTCAGGCTGAAAAACTGGAATGTTGGCTACTACTGAAATCATGGA  
 AATCATCCAACCCATCTAAAAACTGGATTGTCCTATGTCCTGATCCTGTTATGGTTGCTACAAG  
 TGGAGATGCCTGATTGACTCAAATGCTAGAGACTATCTAAAACAACTTACACTACCTCTAGCAACTAT  
 TATTACGCCAAATCTCCTGAAGCAGAAGAGATTGTTGGTTTCAATCCATGACCCGAAGACATGCA  
 GCGTGTGGTCGCGCTGATTTAAAAGAATTGGTCTCAGTCTGTGGTTATCAAAGGCGGACATCTCAA  
 AGGTGGTCTAAAGATTCTCTTACCAAGAATGAACAATTGTCCTGGAAAGCCCACGAATTCAAAC  
 CTGTCACACCCATGGTACT

**SP081 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:138)**

AQNTRGVQLIEHVSQMLKAQLESVFSIDIPQQAVKTGMLATTEIMEIIQPYLKKLDCPYVLDPMVATS  
 GDALIDSNARDYLTNLLPLATIITPNLPEAEEIVGFSIHDPEDMQRAGRLILKEFGPQSIVKGHLK  
 GGAKDFLFTKNEQFVWESPRIQTCHTHGT

**SP082 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:139)**

AATTGTACAATTAGAAAAAGATAGCAAATCAGAACAGAACAGTGTGATAAAACTATTTGAATCATTTGA  
 TGCATCTTCAGATGAATCTATTCTAAATTAAAAGAAACTATCTGAAACTTCACTTAAACCGATGCAGG  
 TAAAGACTATCTAAATAACAAAGTCAAAGAACATCTAAAGCAATTGTAGATTTCATTTGCAAAAAGG  
 TTTGGCTTATGATGTTAAAGATTTCAGATGACAAATTAAAGATAAAAGCAACTCTTGAACAAATGTA  
 AGAAAATTACAAAACAATTGATTTTATCAAAAAAGTTGATGAAACTTTAAACAAGAGAATTGGAAGA  
 AACTCTTAAATCTCTAAATGATCTTGTGATAAATATCAAAACAAATCGAACCTTTGAAGAAAGAAGA  
 AGAAAAAGCTGCTGAAAAAGCTGCTGAAAAGCAAGGAATCTCTAGTCAAAGTAATTCTCTGGTAG  
 TGCTTCTAATGAGTCTTATAATGGATCTTCCAATCAAATGTAGATTATAGTTCATCTGAACAAACTAA  
 TGGATATTCAAATAATTATGGCGGTCAAGATTATCTGGTTCAGGAGATAGTTCAACAAATGGGATC  
 ATCAGAACAAATATTCACTAGCAATTCAAACAGGGAGCAAATAATGTCTACAGATATAAAGGCACTGG  
 TGCTGACGGCTATCAAAGATACTACTACAAAGATCATAATAATGGAGATGTGTATGACGATGGAAA  
 TTACCTTGGGAACTTGGTGGCGGATTGAGAACCTAGTCACACG

**SP082 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:140)**

IVQLEKDSKSDKEQVDKLFESFDASSDESISKLKELSETSLKTDAGKDYLNNKVKESSKAIVDFHLQKG  
 LAYDVKDSDDKFKDKEATLETVKEITKQIDFIKKVDETFKQENLEETLKSNDLVDKYQKQIELLKKEE  
 EKAAEKAEEKAKESSSQNSNSGSASNESYNGSSNSNVDYSSSEQTNGYSNNYGGQDYSGSGDSSTNGGS  
 SEQYSSNSNSGANNVYRYKGTGADGYQRYYYYKDHNNGDVYDDGNYLGNFGGGIAEPSQR

**SP083 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:161)**

TCTGACCAAGCAAAAGAACAGTCATGACAAAGGAAAAGCAGCTGTGTTAAGGTGGTGGAAAGCCA  
 GGCAGAACTTTATAGCTTAGAAAAGAATGAAGATGCTAGCCTAAGAAAGTTACAAGCAGATGGACGCAT  
 CACGGAAGAACAGGCTAAAGCTTATAAAGAATACAATGATAAAATGGAGGAGCAAATCGTAAAGTC  
 TGAT

**SP083 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:162)**

LTKQKEAVNDKGKAAVVKVVESQAElysLEKNEDASLRKLQADGRITEEQAKAYKEYNDKNGGANRKVN  
 D

**SP084 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:163)**

GTCCGGCTCTGTCAGTCCACTTTTCAGCGGTAGAGGAACAGATTTCTTATGGAGTTGAAGAACT  
 CTATCGGAAACCCAAAACGCAGTGTAGCCAGTCAGCAAAGACTAGTCTGAACCTAGATGGCAGAC  
 GCTTAGCAATGGCAGTCAAAGTTGCCAGTCCCTAAAGGAATTCAAGGCCCATCAGGCCAAAGTATTAC  
 ATTTGACCGAGCTGGGGCAATTGTCCTGGCTAAGGTTGAATTTCAGACCAAGTAAAGGAGCGATTG  
 CTATCAATTATCTAGGAAATGGAAAAATTAAACGCATTAAGGAAACAAAAAT

Table 1

**SP084 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:144)**

SGSVQSTFSAVEEQIFFMEFEELYRETQKRSVASQQKTSLNLDQTLSNGSQKLPVPKGIQAPSGQSIT  
FDRAGGNSSLAKVEFQTSKGAIKYQLYLGNKIKRIKETKN

**SP085 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:145)**

GGGACAAATTCAAAAAATAGGCAAGAGGAAGCAAAATCTGCAAAAGGAAGAAGTCTTGAGGGTAGC  
TAAGATGGCCCTGCAGACGGGCAAAATCAGGTAAAGCATCAACGGAGTTGAGATTCAAGGTATTTCTAG  
TGAAAAAAGGATTGGAGGTCTACCATGGTTAGAACAGTTGGCAATCAAAGAGCCA

**SP085 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:146)**

GQIQKQRQEEAKILQKEEVLRVAKMALQTGQNQVSINGVEIQVFSSEKGLEVYHGSEQLLAIKEP

**SP086 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:147)**

TCGCTACCAGCAACAAAGCGAGCAAAAGGAGTGGCTCTTGTGGACCAACTTGAGGTAGAATTAGA  
CCGTCGCAGTCGAAAAAGTAGAAGGCAATGCCATACATGAAGCAAGATGGCAAGGACATGCCAT  
CGGTAAGTCAAAGTCAGATGATTTCCGAAACGAATGCTCGTGGTAGGTTATCAGCCTATGGTTA  
TGGACTCAAATCTGTACGGATTACAGAGGACAATCAACTGGTTGCTTCATTCAGTTCAAAAAGG  
CTTAGAAAGGGAGTTCATCTATCGTGTGGAAAAAGAAAAAGT

**SP086 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:148)**

RYQQQSEQKEWLLFVDQLEVLDLRSQFEKVEGNRLYMKQDGKDIAIGKSKSDDFRKTNARGRGYQPMVY  
GLKSVRITEDNQLVRFHFQFKGLEREFIYRVEKEKS

**SP087 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:149)**

GAACCGACAAGTCGCCACTATCAAGACTATGCTTGAAATAAGAAAAATTGGTTGCTTTGCTATGGC  
TAAACGAACCAAAAGATAAGGTTGAGCAAGAAAGTGGGGACAGTTTTAATCTAGGTCAAGTAAGCTA  
TCAAAACAAGAAACTGGCTTAGTGACCGAGGGTTCGTACGGATAAGAGCCAATATGAGTTCTGTTCC  
TTCAGTCAAAATCAAAGAAGAGAAAAGAGATAAAAAGGAAGAGGTAGCGACCGATTCAAGCGAAAAAGT  
GGAGAAGAAAAATCAGAAGAGAAGCCTGAAAAGAAAGAGAATTCA

**SP087 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:150)**

NRQVAHYQDYALNKEKLVAFAMAKRTKDKVEQESGEQFFNLGQVSYQNKKTGLVTRVRTDKSQYEFLFP  
SVKIKEEKRDKEEVATDSSEKVEKKSEEKPEKKENS

**SP088 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:151)**

GGTTGTCGGCTGGCAATATATCCGTTCCATCTAAAGGTAGTACAATTGGCCTTACCCAAATGGTAT  
CAGATTAGAAGGTTTCCAAAGTCAGAGTGGTACTACTTCGATAAAAATGGAGTGCTACAAGAGTTGT  
TGGTTGGAAAACATTAGAGATTAAGACTAAAGACAGTGGAGAAAGTACGGGGAAAACGTGAAGA  
TTCAGAAGATAAAGAAGAGAAGCGTTATTATACGAACTATTACTTAATCAAAATCATTCTTAGAGAC  
AGGTTGGCTTATGATCAGTCTAAGTGGTATTATCTAGCTAAAGACGGAAATTAGGAGAAAACACCT  
TGGTGGTGAAGACGTGCGGGGTGGATAACGATGATTGACTTGGTACTACCTAGATCCAACAACCTGG  
TATTATGCAAACAGGTTGCGAATATCTAGCTAAAGTGGTACTACCTCCGTTCCCTAGGAGCAATGGC  
CACTGGCTGGTATCAGGAAGGTACCACTGGTATTATTAAGACCACCCAAATGGCGATATGAAAACAGG  
TTGGCAAAACCTGGGAACAAATGGTACTATCTCGTTCATCAGGAGCTATGGCAACTGGTTGGTATCA  
AGATGGTCAACTGGTACTACCTAAATGCAGGTAAATGGAGACATGAAGACAGGTGGTCCAGGTCAA  
TGGCAACTGGTACTATGCTTATAGCTCAGGTGCTTGGCAGTGAATACGACCGTAGATGGCTATTCTGT  
CAACTATAATGGCGAATGGGTTCGG

**SP088 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:152)**

VVGWQYIPFPSKGSTIGPYPNGIRLEGFPKSEWYYFDKNGVLQEFVGWKTLEIKTKDSVGRKYGEKRED  
SEDKEEKRYYTNEYFNQNHSLETGWLYDQSNWYYLAKTEINGENYLGERRAGWINDDSTWYLDPTTG  
IMQTGWQYLGKWWYLRSSGAMATGWWQEGTTWYLDHPNGDMKTGWQNLGNKWWYLRSSGAMATGWWQ  
DGSTWYLNAGNGDMKTGWFQVNGNWYYAYSSGALAVNTTVDGYSVNYNGEWR

**SP089 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:153)**

GGCCAAATCAGAATGGGTAGAAGACAAGGGAGCCTTTATTATCTTGACCAAGATGGAAAGATGAAAAG  
AAATGCTTGGGTAGGAACCTCCATGTTGGTGCAACAGGTGCCAAAGTAATAGAAGACTGGGTCTATGA  
TTCTCAATACGATGCTTGGTTTATCAAAAGCAGATGGACAGCACGCAGAGAAAGAATGGCTCAAAT

Table 1

TAAAGGAAAGGACTATTATTCAAATCCGGTGGTTATCTACTGACAAGTCAGTGGATTAATCAAGCTTA  
 TGTGAATGCTAGTGGTGCCTAAAGTACAGCAAGGTTGGCTTTGACAAACAATACCAATCTTGGTTTA  
 CATCAAAGAAAATGGAAACTATGCTGATAAAGAATGGATTTGAGAATGGTCACTATTATCTAAAT  
 ATCCGGTGGCTACATGGCAGCCAATGAATGGATTGGATAAGGAATCTTGGTTTATCTCAAATTGAA  
 TGGGAAAATGGCTGAAAAGAATGGGCTACGATTCTCATAGTCAGCTGGTACTACTTCAAATCCGG  
 TGGTACATGACAGCCAATGAATGGATTGGATAAGGAATCTTGGTTTATCTCAAATCTGATGGGAA  
 ATAGCTGAAAAGAATGGGCTACGATTCTCATAGTCAGCTGGTACTACTTCAAATCCGGTGGTAA  
 CATGACAGCCAATGAATGGATTGGATAAGGAATCTTGGTTTACCTCAAATCTGATGGGAAAATAGC  
 TGAAAAGAATGGGCTACGATTCTCATAGTCAGCTGGTACTACTTCAAATCTGGTGGCTACATGGC  
 GAAAATGAGACAGTAGATGGTATCAGCTTGGAGCGATGGTAAATGGCTGGAGGAAAACACACAAA  
 TGAAAATGCTGCTTACTATCAAGTAGTGCCTGTTACAGCCAATGTTATGATTAGTCAGATGGTAAAAGCT  
 TTCCTATATATCGCAAGGTAGTGCCTGTTAGATAAGGATAGAAAAGTGTGACAAGCGCTTGGC  
 TATTACTATTCGGTTGTCAGGCTATATGAAAACAGAAGATTACAAGCGCTAGATGCTAGTAAGGA  
 CTTTATCCCTTATTATGAGAGTGATGCCACCGTTTATCACTATGTGGCTCAGAATGCTAGTATCCC  
 AGTAGCTTCTCATCTTCTGATATGGAAGTAGGCAAGAAATTATTTCGGCAGATGGCCTGCATTTGA  
 TGGTTTAAAGCTTGAGAATCCCTCCTTCAAAGATTAAACAGAGGCTACAAACTACAGTGTGAAGA  
 ATTGGATAAGGTATTAGTTGCTAAACATTAACAATAGCCTTGGAGAACAGGGCGCTACTTTAA  
 GGAAGCGAAGAACATTACCATATCAATGCTCTTATCTCCCTGCCATAGTGCCTAGAAAGTAAC  
 GGGAAAGTAAAATTGCCAAAGATAAGAATAATTCTTGGCATTACAGCCTATGATACGACCCCTTA  
 CCTTCTGCTAAGACATTGATGATGTGGATAAGGGATTAGGTGCAACCAAGTGGATTAAAGGAAA  
 TTATATCGATAGGGAAAGAATTTCCTGGAAACAAGGCTCTGGTATGAATGTGGAATATGCTTCAGA  
 CCCTTATTGGGGCAAAATTGCTAGTGTGATGAAATCAATGAGAAG

**SP089 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:154)**

AKSEWVEDKGAFYYLDQDGKMKRNRNQVATGAKVIEDWVYDSQYDAWFYIKADGQHAEKEWLQI  
 KGKDYYFKSGGYLLTSQWINQAYVNASCQAKVQQGWLFDKQYQSWFYIKENGNYADKEWIFENGHYYYLK  
 SGGYMAANEWIWDKESWFYFLKFDGKMAEKEWVYDHSQAWYYFKSGGYMTANEWIWDKESWFYLKSDGK  
 IAEKEWVYDHSQAWYYFKSGGYMTANEWIWDKESWFYLKSDGKIAEKEWVYDHSQAWYYFKSGGYMA  
 KNETVDGYQLGSDGKWLGGKTTNENAAYQVVPVTANVYDSDGEKLSYISQGSVWLDKDRKSDDKRLA  
 ITISGLSGYMKTEDLQALDASKDFIPYYESDGHRFYHYVAQNAŠIPVASHLSDMEVGKKYYADGLHFD  
 GFKLENPFLFKDLTEATNYSAEELDKVFSLLNINNSLLENKGATFKEAEEHYHINALYLLAHSALESNW  
 GRSKIAKDNFFGKITAYDTPYLSAKTFDDVDKGILGATKWIKENYIDRGRTFLGNKASGMNVEYASD  
 PYWGEKIASVMMKINEK

**SP090 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:155)**

ATTTGCAGATGATTCTGAAGGATGGCAGTTGTCCAAGAAAATGGTAGAACCTACTACAAAAAGGGGGA  
 TCTAAAAGAAAACCTACTGGAGAGTGATAGATGGGAAGTACTATTATTTGATCCTTATCCGGAGAGAT  
 GGTGCGGCTGGCAATATATACTCTGCCACACAAAGGGGTTACGATGGCTCTCTCCAAGAACATAGA  
 GATTGCTCTAGACAGATTGGTTTATTTGGTCAAGATGGTGTATTACAAGAACATGGGGAGAACATAGC  
 AGTTTTAGAAGCAAAACTGCTACGAATACCAACAAACATGGGGAGAACATAGC  
 GAAACAGGTCTATTATTTGAAGATCAGCTAGTTATCATACTTTAAAAGCTGGTGGATTATGAAGA  
 GGGTCATTGGTATTATTCAGAAGGATGGTGGCTTGATTGCGCATCAACAGATTGACGGTTGGAGA  
 GCTAGCACGTGGCTGGGTTAAGGATTACCCCTTACGTATGATGAAGAGAACGCTAAAAGCAGCTCCATG  
 GTACTATCTAAATCCAGCAACTGGCATTATGCAAACAGGTGGCAATATCTAGGTAAATAGATGGTACTA  
 CCTCCATTGTCAGGAGCTATGGCAACTGGCTGGTATAAGGAAGGCTCAACTGGTACTATCTAGATGC  
 TGAAAATGGTATATGAGAACTGGCTGGAAAACCTGGGAGAACATGGTACTATCTCCGTTCATCAGG  
 AGCTATGGCAACTGGTGGTATCAGGAAAGTTCGACTTGGTACTATCTAAATGCAAGTAATGGAGATAT  
 GAAAACAGGCTGGTCCAAGTCATGGTAACTGGTACTATGCCATGATTGAGGTGCTTAGCTGTAA  
 TACCACAGTAGGTGGTTACTACTTAAACTATAATGGTGAATGGGTTAAG

**SP090 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:156)**

VFADDSEGWFVQENGRTYYKKGDLKETYWRVIDGKYYFDPLSGEMVVGWQYIPAPHKGVTIGPSPRI  
 EIALRPDWFYFGQDGVLQEFVGKQVLEAKTATNTNKHHGEELYDSQAERKRVYYFEDORSYHTLKGWIYE  
 EGHWYLYQKDGGFDSRINRLLTVGELARGWVKDYPPLTYDEEKLKAAPWYLNPATGIMQGTGWQYLGNRWY  
 YLHSSGAMATGWWYKEGSTWYLLDAENGDMRTGWQNLGNKWWYLRSSGAMATGWWYQESSTWYLNASNGD  
 MKTGWFQVNGNWYYAYDSGALAVNTTVGGYLYNNGEWVK

Table 1

## SP091 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:157)

TGTGCTGCAAATGAAACTGAAGTAGCAAAACTTCGAGGATACAACGACAGCTCAAGTAGTCAGA  
 GCAAAATCAGTCTTAATAAAACGCAAACGAGCGCAGAAGTACAGACTATGCTGCTGCCACTGGGA  
 TGGGATTATTATGTAAGGATGATGTTCTAAAGCTCAAAGTGAATGGATTTGACAACACTACTATAA  
 GGCTTGGTTTATATTAATTCAAGATGTCGTTACTCGCAGAATGAATGGCATGGAAATTACTACCTGAA  
 ATCAGGTGGATATATGGCCAAAACGAGTGGATCTATGACAGTAATTACAAGAGTTGGTTATCTCAA  
 GTCAGATGGGCTTATGCTCATCAAGAATGGCAATTGATTGGAAATAAGTGGTACTACTTCAAGAAGTG  
 GGGTACATGGCTAAAGCCAATGGCAAGGAAGTTATTCTGAATGGTCAAGGAGCTATGATGCAAAA  
 TGAATGGCTSCTATGATCCAGCCTATTCTGCTTATTTTATCTAAAATCCGATGGAACCTATGCTAAC  
 AAGAGTGGCAAAAAGTGGCGGAAATGGTACTATTCAGAAGTGGGCTATATGGCTCGGAATGAGT  
 GGCAAGGCAACTACTATTTGACTGGAAGTGGTCCATGGCAGTACGAAGTGTATTGGATGGTACTC  
 GCTATATCTTCGGCCTCTGGTGAGCTCAAAGAAAAAGATTGAATGTCGGCTGGGTCACAGAG  
 ATGGTAAGCGCTATTCTTAATAATAGAGAAGAACAGTGGGAAACCGAACATGCTAAGAAAGTCATTG  
 ATATTAGTGGCACAATGGTGTATCAATGATTGGAAAAGGTTATTGATGAGAACAGAAGTGGATGGT  
 TCATTGTTGCTAGGTTATAGCGGTAAGAACAGAACAGGAAATTGGCCATAACATTAAGGAGTTAAC  
 GTCTGGGAAATTCTTATGGTGTATCTCTACCTATGCTGAAATGAGACCGATGCTGAGAGTGAC  
 CTAACAGACCAATTGAACTTATAAGAAATACAATATGAACCTGCTTACCCCTATCTATTATGATGTT  
 AGAATTGGGAAATTGTAATAAGAGAACAGAGCTCAAGTGATAACAGGACTTGGGTTAAATCATCA  
 ACAAGTACATGGACACGATGAAGCAGGGTTATCAAAATGTGTATGCTATAGCTATCGTAGTTAT  
 TACAGACGCGTTAAACACCCAGATATTTAAACATGAAACTGGTAGCGGCTATACGAATGCTT  
 TAGAATGGAAAACCCCTATTATTAGGAAAAAGGTTGGCAATATAACCTCTGAATACATGAAAG  
 GAATCCAAGGGCGCGTAGATGTCAGCGTTGGTAT

## SP091 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:158)

VAANETEVAKTSQDTTASSSSSEQNQSSNKTQTSAEVQTNAAAHWGDYVVKDDGSKAQSEWIFDNYYK  
 AWFYINSDGRYSQNEWHGNYYLKSGGYMAQNEWIYDSNYKSWFYLKSDGAYAHQEWQLIGNKWWYFKKW  
 GYMAKSQWQGSYFLNGQGAMMNEWLDPAYSAYFYLKSDGTYANQEWQKVGGKWWYFKKWGYMARNEW  
 QGNYYLTGSGAMATDEVIMDGTRYIFAASGELKEKKDLNVWVHRDGKRYFFNNREEQVGTEHAKKVID  
 ISEHNGRINDWKKVIDENEVDGVIVRLGYSGKEDKELAHNIKELNRLGIPYGVYLYTYAENETDAESDA  
 KQTIELIKKYNMNLSPYIYDVENWEYVNKSKRAPSDTGTWVKIINKYMDTMKQAGYQNIVVYSYRSLL  
 QTRLKHPDILKHVNWVAAYTNALEWENPHYSGKKGWQYTSSEYMKGIQGRVDVSVWY

## SP092 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:159)

TACGTCTCAGCCTACTTTGTAAGAGCAGAAGAACATCTCCACAAGTTGCGAAAATCTCATTAGAGAA  
 GAAATATGAGGAAGCAGAACAGCTGATACTGCCAGAAGAAAGATTACGAAACGGCTAAAAGAAC  
 AGAACAGCTCAGAAAAGTATGAAGATGATCAGAACAGAACACTGAGGAGAACGCTCGAAAAGAAC  
 AGCATCTCAAAATTGAATGATGTGGCGTTGTTCAAAATGCATATAAAGAGTACCGAGAACGAGTCA  
 AAATCAACGTAGTAATATAATCTGACGCTGAATATCAGAAAAATTAAACAGAGGTCGACTCTAAAAT  
 AGAGAAGGCTAGGAAAGAACAGGACTTGCAAAATAATTAAATGAAGTAAGAGCAGTTGAGTTCC  
 TGAACCAAATGCGTTGGCTGAGACTAAGAAAAAGCAGAACAGAACACTGAGAACAGAACAGTAA  
 GAGAAAATATGATTATGCAACTCTAAAGGTAGCACTAGCAGAACAGAACAGTAGAGGCTAACGGAACTTGA  
 AATTGAAAATCTCAATATGAAATTCTACTTTGGAACAAGAACAGTTGCTACTGCTAACATCAAGTAGA  
 TAATTGAAAAAAACTCTTGCTGGTGGGATCCTGATGATGGCACAGAACAGTTATAGAACGCTAAATTAAA  
 AAAAGGAGAACGCTGAGCTAAACGCTAAACAGCTGAGTTAGCAAAAAACAAACAGAACACTGAAAAC  
 TCTTGACAGCCTTGATCCTGAAGGTAGACTCAGGATGAATTAGATAAAAGAACAGAACAGCTGAGTT  
 GGATAAAAAGCTGATGAACTTCAAAATAAAAGTTGCTGATTAGAAAAGAACATTAGTAACCTTGAAAT  
 ATTACTTGAGGGGCTGATNCTGAAGATGATACTGCTCTTCAAAATAATTAGCTACTAAAAAGC  
 TGAATTGGAAAAAAACTCAAAAGAACATTAGATGCGACTCTTAATGAGTTAGGCCCTGATGGAGATGAAGA  
 AGAAAATCCAGCGCCGGCTCTCAACACAGAACAGCTCCTGCACCAAAACAGAACAGCTCC  
 AGCTCCAAAACAGAGAACAGCTCCAAAACAGAGAACAGCTCCTGCACCAAAACAGAACAGCTCC  
 GCAACAGCTCCAGCTCCAAAACAGAGAACAGCTCCTGCACCAAAACAGAACAGCTCC  
 ACCAGAAAACAGGCCACTCCAAAACAGGCTGAAACAAGAACAGGCTATGTGGTATTCTACAATAC  
 TGATGGTTCAATGGCAATAGGTTGGCTCAAAACAACGGTCACTGGTACTACCTAAACGCTAACGGCGC  
 TATGGCAACAGGTTGGGTGAAAGATGGAGATACCTGGTACTATCTGAAAGCATCAGGTGCTATGAAAGC  
 AAGCCAATGGTCAAAAGTATCAGATAATGGTACTATGTCACACAGCAATGGCGCTATGGCGACAGGCTG  
 GCTCCAATACAATGGCTATGGTACTACCTCAACGCTAATGGTGTATGGCGACAGGATGGCTCCAATA  
 CAACGGTTCAATGGTATTACTCAACGCTAATGGTGTATGGCGACAGGATGGCTAAAGTCAACGGTTC  
 ATGGTACTACCTAAACGCTAACGGTGTATGGCTACAGGTTGGCTAAAGTCAACGGTCAACGGTACTA

Table 1

CCTAAACGCTAACCGTTCAATGGCAACAGGTTGGGTGAAAGATGGAGATACTGGTACTATCTTGAAGC  
ATCAGGTGCTATGAAAGCAAGCCAATGGTTCAAAGTATCAGATAAATGGTACTATGTCAATGGCTTAGG  
TGCCCTTGAGTCACACAACTGTAGATGGCTATAAAGTCATGCCAATGGTAATGGTT

## SP092 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:160)

TSQPTFVRAEESPQVVEKSSLKKYEEAKAKADTAKKDAETAKKAEDAOKKYEDDKRTEEKARKEAE  
ASQKLNDVALVVQNAKEYREVQNQRSKYKSDAEYQKKLTEVDSKIEKARKEQODLQNKFNEVRAVVP  
EPNALAETKKKAAEAKAEEKVAKRKYDYATLKVALLAKKEVEAKELEIEKLQYEISTLEQEVATAQHQVD  
NLKKLLAGADPDDGTEVIEAKLKKGEAELNAKQAEELAKKQTELEKLLSDLPEGKTQDELDKEAEEAEL  
DKKADELQNKVADLEKEISNLEILLGGADKEDDTAAQNKLATKKAELKTQKELDAALNELGPDGDEE  
ETPAPAPQPEQPAQPAQPKPEQPAQPAQPKPEQPAQPAQPKPEQPAQPAQPKPEQPAKPEKPAEEPTQ  
PEKPATPKTGWKQENGWYFYNTDGSMAIGWLQNNGSWYLNANGAMATGWVKGDTWYYLEASGAMKA  
SQWFKVSDKWYVNSNGAMATGWLQYNGSWYLNANGDMATGWLQYNGSWYLNANGDMATGWAKVNGS  
WYLNANGAMATGWAKVNGSWYLNANGSMATGWVKGDTWYYLEASGAMKAQWFKVSDKWYVNGLG  
ALAVNTTVDGYKVNANGEWV

## P093 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:161)

TGGACAGGTGAAAGGTACATGCTACATTGTGAAATCCATGACAACGTGAAATGTACCAAGAACACAGAA  
CCATTCTCTCGCTTACAATCAACGCTTGGNTTCGCAAAATCCGATTGTAGATCCTTTGGCGGAGGG  
ATATGAGGTCAATTACCAAGTGTCTGACGACCCCTGATGCAGTCTATGGTTACTTGCTATTCCAAGTT  
GGAAATCATGGAGCCGGTTATTGGAGCAGATTATCATCATTTAGGGATGGCTTGGCTCATGTGGA  
TGGTACACCGCTCTGGATGGTACAGGGATTGCTCAGTGTGTTGGCACCCTGCAGAGCCAAG  
CCATGCTTTTCCGCCATTGGATCAGCTAAAGTGGAGATGCTTTATTATGATAATGGCAGGA  
AATTGAGAATATCAGATGATGGACACAGAGATTATTTACCGTCGAATGGAAAATTAGAATCGGT  
TAGCTCTAAAATATCATGACCTTGATAACCTGCCATCCGATCCTACCTTTAATAAACGCTTATTAGT  
GAATTGGAAACGAGTCGCTGTTATCAAAATCAGATCCACAAACAGCTGAGTTGCAGGGTTGCTT  
TACGAAAGAAGGACAATCTGATCGCGTGTGCAACCTCTCAATGGTTG

## SP093 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:162)

GQVKGHATFVKSMTTEMYQÉQQNHSLAYNQRQLXSNQRIVDPFLAEGYEVNYQVSDDPDAVYGYLSIPSL  
EIMEPVYLGADYHHLGMGLAHVDGTPPLDGTCIRSVIAGRRAEPHSVFRHLDQLKVGDALYYDNGQE  
IVEYQMMDETEIIIPSEWEKLESVSSKNIMTLITCDPIPTFNKRLLVNFERVAVYQKSDPQTAavarvaf  
TKEGQSVSRVATSQWL

## SP094 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:163)

GATTGCTCTTGAAGGATTGAGAGAACCATGTTGAAATTGCTTCTGGTGCCTCAAAATCTCGTGC  
CAAGGAAGTTGGTGCCTATGAACTGAGAGAACGAACTGCCATTAAATGCTATGTGGATCAGATTGA  
TCAGTTGATGGTAGCTATTGCTAGCCAGGAAGAACGACCCGTCAGTACCAACTCAAGCCCTTCGAG  
CCAGATTAATCCACATTCCCTATAACACTTGGACACCACATCTGGATGGCTGAATTTCATGATAG  
TCAGCGAGTGGTGCAGGTGACCAAGTCCTGGCAACCTATTCCGTTGGCCTCAATCAAGGCAAGGA  
CTTGATTGTCCTCTGACGAAATCAATCATGTCGCCAGTATCTTTATCCAGAAACACAGCTATGG  
AGATAAGCTGAAATCAGAAATTATGAAAATGTTGCTTGTATAATTAGCTTACCAAGCTGGTCC  
ACAACCCCTGAGAAAATGCTTTACCATGGCATTAAAGGAAAAGGAAGGTGAGGGCCATATTAAC  
TTCTGTCAGAAACAGGATTGGGATTGGTCATCCGATTGAGGATGATGGCTTGGCTTCCAAGATGC  
TGGTAGTAGTCAGTCAACTCAAACGTTGGGGAGTTGGCTTCAAAATGTCGATCAACGGCTCAA  
ACTTCATTGGAGCCAATTACCATATGAAAGATTGATTCTAGACCCAAAAAGGGACGAAAGTGAAT  
ATATATAAAATAGAATAGAAACTAGC

## SP094 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:164)

IAPLKDLRETMLEIASGAQNLRAKEVGAYELREVTRQFNAMLQIDQLMVAIRSQEETTRQYQLQALSS  
QINPHFLYNTLDTIWIWMAEFHDSQRVQVTKSLATYFRLALNQGKDLICLSDIEINHVRQYLFQKQRYG  
DKLEYEINENVAFDNLVLPLKLVLPQPLVENEALYHGIKEKEGQGHIKLSVQKQDGLVIRIEDDGVGQDA  
GDSSSQLKRGGVGLQNVDQLRLKHFQANYHMKIDSRPQKGTKEIYINRIETS

## SP095 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:165)

TAGGTCAATGGGACTTTTCTACAACAAAATAGGCTCCATAATATCTATAAGGGATTACCCACTA  
CAAATATTATAGAGCCAAAATTCACTAATATATGCAAGACTACTTGAATGAAATTAAAAAATT  
ATTAAAGGATGACACAAAGTTTGAAAAATCTACATTCAAATTGTAGAAGGATATAAAATACCT

Table 1

GACAGAATCTAAAGAATCTGGAATTAAACAAATGGACAATGTCATAAAATATTTGAGTTATTGAATC  
TAAAAGTATTGCTTATATTTCAAAAACGATTAATGAGCTGATAGAT

**SP095 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:166)**

RSYGTFFLQQNRLHNIYKGFTHYKYYRAENSHLIYADYFEMKLKKLLKDDTKVFEKSTFKFVEGYKIYL  
TESKESGIKQMDNVIKYFEFIESKSIALYFQKRLNELID

**SP096 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:167)**

CAACGTTGAGAATTATTTGCGAATGTGTTGGATAGCATTAGAATCAGACGTATCAAAATTTGAGTG  
TTTATTAATCAATGATGGCTCTCCAGATCATTAGTCAAATATGTGAAGAATTGAGAGAAAGATTG  
TCGTTTCAAATATTTGAGAAAGCAAACGGCGGTCTTCATCAGCTGTAACCTAGGTATTGATGTTG  
GGGGGGGGCGTACATTACTTTGAGACTC

**SP096 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:168)**

NVENYLRMCLDSIQNQTYQNFECLLINDGSPDHSSKICEEFVEKDSRFKYFEKANGGLSSARNLGI  
GGGVHYFCRL

**SP097 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:169)**

CTACTATCAATCAAGTTCTTCAGCCATTGAGGCCACATTGAGGGCAACAGCCAAACGACCATCAGCCA  
GACTAGCCACTTATTCACTGCTTATATCAAAACTAGAAACACCTCGACTGGTTGACCCAGCAGAC  
GGATGTTCTGGCCATGCTGAGAATCCCAGTCAGACAAGGTGAGGGAAATCCGAGATTGTTTTGAC  
CATCTTGAAGTCAGATAAGGACTTGAAAAGTCTGCTGCTGGTACCAAAATCTGGTCAGGTCAATTCTAC  
AGATGACAGTGTGAGATGAAAAGTCTCTGATATGATGGCTGAGGATTGGTACCAAAAGGCATTCA  
TCAGGGAGCTATGCCCTGTTTGACTCCAGCTGTAATCAGATAGTCAGTGGTCAATTCTGTCACTCA  
AGAACATTGTTGATGCAAAGGGAGCCAATCTTGGTGTCTCGTTGGATATTCTTATGAAACTCTGGA  
AGCCTATCTCAATCAACTCCAGTTGGGCAGCAGGGCTTGCCTTCAATTATCAATGAAAACCATGAATT  
TGTCTACCACATCCTAACACACAGTTATAGTTGCTAGCAAATGGAGGCTATGAAACCTACATCGA  
TACAGGTCAAGGGTTATACTCTGGTACAAATCCTACGTCAAGAGAAGATTGAGGAACTGATTG  
GACGGTGTGGCGTGTCAATTGGAAAAGTTAGACCAGGTTGGAGTCAG

**SP097 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:170)**

YYQSSSSAIEATIEGNSQTTISQTSHFIQSYIKKLETTSTGLTQQTDVLAYAENPSQDKVEGIRDLFLT  
ILKSDKDLKTVVVLVTKSGQVISTDDSVQMKTSSDMAEDWYQKAIHQGAMPVLT PARKSDSQWVISVTQ  
ELVDAKGANLGVRLLDISYETLEAYLNQLQGQQGFAFIINENHEFVYHPQHTVYSSSSKMEAMKPYID  
TGQGYTPGHKSYSVQEKIA GTDWTVLGVSSLEKLDQVRSQ

**SP098 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:171)**

GACAAAAACATTAAAACGCTCTGAGGTTTATCACCTGCAGGGACTTTAGAGAAGCTAAAGGTAGCTGT  
TCAGTATGGAGCAGATGCTGCTTTATCGGTGGTCAGGCCATGGCTTCGTAGCCGTGCGGGAAACTT  
TACTTCGAACAGATGGAAGAAGGGCGTCAGTTGCCAGTATGGCCAAGGTCTATGTAGCGGC  
TAATATGGTTATGCACGAAGGAAATGAAGCTGGTGTGGTGAATGGTTCCGTAAACTGCCTGATATCGG  
GATTGCAGCAGTTATCGTATCTGACCCAGCCTGATTATGATTCAGTCAAGCACCAGGCCCTGA  
AATCCACCTTCTACCAAGCCAGTGCCTAATGAAACCTTGAGTTCTGGAAAGAGCTAGGCTT  
GACTCGTGTGTTAGCGCGTGGAGGTTCAATGGAAGAATTAGCTGAGATCCGAAACGTACAGATGT  
TGAAATTGAAGCCTTGTCCATGGAGCTATGTGTATTCTACTCTGGACGTTGTACTCTTCAAACCA  
CATGAGTATGCGTGTGCAACCGTGGTGGATGTTCTCAGTCATGCCGTGGAAATACGACCTTACGA  
TATGCCATTGGAAAGAACGTAAGAGTTGAGGGTGAGATCCAGAAAGATTTCATGTCAGCCGT  
TGACATGTCTATGATTGACCANATTCCAGATATGATTGAAAATGGTGTGGACAGTCTAAAATCGAAGG  
ACGTATGNAGTCTATTCACTANGTATCAACAGTAACCAACTGCTACAAGGCGGCTGTGGATGCCCTATCT  
TGAAAGTCTGAAAAGTTGAAGCTATCAAACAGACTGGTGGACGAGATGTTGAGGGTTGCCAACG  
TGAACCTGGCTACAGGATTCTACTATGGTACACCATCTGAAAATGAGCAGTTGTTGGTGTGCGTCAA  
AATCCCTGAGTACAAGTTGCGCTGAAGTGGTTCTTATGATGATGCCGACAAACAGCAACTATTG  
TCAACGAAACGTCAATTAAACGAAGGGGACCAAGTTGAGTTTATGGTCAGGTTCCGTCAATTGAAAC  
CTATATTGAAGATTGCAATGATGCTAAAGCAATAAAATGACCGCGCTCCAAATCCAATGGAACATT  
GACTATTAAAGTCCCACAACCTGTTCAATCAGGAGACATGGTTCAGCTCTTAAAGAGGGCTTATCAA  
TCTTTATAAGGAAGATGGAACCAGCGTCACAGTTGCGT

Table 1

**SP098 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 172)**

TKTLKRPEVLSPAGTLEKLKVAVQYGADAVFIGGQAYGLRSRAGNFTFEQMEEGVQFAAKYGAKVYVAA  
 NMVMHEGNEAGAGEWFRKLRDIGIAAVIVSDPALIMIAVTEAPGLEIHLSTQASATNYETLEFWKELGL  
 TRVVLAREVSMEEELAEIRKRTDVEIEAFVHGAMCISYSRCTLNSHMSMRDANRGCSQSCRWKYDLYD  
 MPFGKERKSLQGEIPEEFMSAVDMSMIDXI PDMIENGVDLSKIEGRMXSIHXVSTVTNCYKAADVAYL  
 ESPEKF EAIKQDLDVDEMWKVAQRELATGFYGT PSENEQLFGARRKIP EYKFVAEVVSYDDAAQTATIR  
 QRNVINEGDQVEFYGPGFRHFETYIEDLHDAGNKIDRAPNPMELLTIKVPQPVQSGDMVRALKEGLIN  
 LYKEDGTSVTVRA

**SP099 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 173)**

TTCTCAGGAGACCTTTAAAAATATCACCAATAGCTTCTCCATGCAAATCAATCGTCCGCTAACCAAGG  
 AACGCCCTCGTGGTCTGGGAATATCAAGGGTGAAGACATCAAAAAAATCACCGAAAACAAGGCCATTGA  
 GTCTTATGTCAAACGTATCAACGCTATCGGAGATTGACTGGATATGACCTGATTGAAACGCCAGAAC  
 CAAGAAGAATCTCACTGCTGATCGCCAAGCGTTTGGAAAGTAGCTTGATGATTACAGGTGTCATGA  
 CTCCTCTAAAGAAGACAAGTTGTCTCTGGTTATAAAACTAGTCGAAGGAGAGCACTAACCAACGA  
 CGACAAGGATAAAATCCTCTGACAAGGACTTGGCAGCCAAACACGGCTGGAAAGTAGGGGACAAGGT  
 TAAACTGGACTCTAATATCTACGATGCAAGATAATGAAAAGGAGCCAAGGAAACAGTTGAAGTGACAAT  
 CAAGGGACTCTTGATGGTCATAATAAGTCAGCAGTAACCTACTCACAAGAACTTACGAAAACACAGC  
 TATTACAGACATTACACTGTCAAAACCTTTATGGATACACAGAAGACACAGCCATTATGGGACGC  
 AACCTCTTGTAAACAGCAGACAAGAACTTGGATGATGTTATGAAAGAGTTGAATGGCATCAGTGGTAT  
 CAACTGGAAGAGCTACACACTCGTCAAGAGCTCCTCTAACTACCCAGCTTGGAGCAATCTATCTCTGG  
 TATGTACAAGATGCCAAC

**SP099 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 174)**

SQETFKNITNSFSMQLNRRVNQGTPRGAGNIKGEDIKKITENKAIIESYVKRINAIGDLTGVDLIETPET  
 KKNLTADRAKRGSSLMITGVNDSSKEDKFVSGSYKLVEGEHLTNDDDKILLHKDAAKHWGVGDVK  
 KLDNSIYDADNEKGAKETVEVTIKGLFDGHNKSATVYSQELYENTAITDIHTAAKLYGYTEDTAIYGDA  
 TFFVTADKNLDDVMKELNGISGINWKSYTIVKSSSNYPALEQSISGMYKMAN

**SP100 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 175)**

AGTAAATGCCAATCAAATTCAATTAAATATTAGATGAACCTGAAATCTCACTTCATCCGAGTGCAAT  
 CTATAAATTAAAGAGTTTACTTCAGAGCTTAAATAAAAAACATCAAATTATTACACTACACA  
 TTCTACACAACCTATAAAAGATTTCCTAGAGAAGCCGTGAAACTTTAGTGAAAACGGAGAAAAGGT  
 AGATGTTATTGAAAATATTGATTATCAGGATGCATTGGATTAGGTGATGTGATCATTCTAGGAA  
 GATGATTATGTTGAAGATAGACTAGCTAAATATATTCTAGAGTTGTTATCACTCATTAGGTAGTGA  
 GAATCTAAACAGAATTAGTAGTGAGATATATTCTGGTGGAGCAAATCAAATAATTGTAATAATAT  
 TTTAAACTCATCGTATTAGATTCCGATAACCATTATTTGGCTTGATGGAGATCAAACACTAATGT  
 TAGTGAAATCAAATTAAATGAACTATCTGAAAATGGTGGTTATATCAGATAAAATTCTGAATC  
 AGATAATAAAATCTGATGATATTATAAAATTGATAANGGATGTCCAATTAAATTAAATGTTCAGG  
 TAATAAAGGGCAAAAAATAATTGAAATTGCGAAACAAAGAAGCTTATAGATTATTGGGCTAA  
 ATAC

**SP100 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 176)**

VNAQSNSLILIDEPEISLHPSAIYKFKEFLQECLNKKHQIIITTHSTQLIKDFPREAVKLLVKNGEKV  
 DVIENIDYQDAFFELGDVYHSRKMIYVEDRLAKYILEFVITHSGSENLKQNLVVRVYIPGGANQIICNNI  
 LNSSYLSDNDHYFWLDGDQNTNVSESNNLMNYLENGVVISDKIPESDNKNLDDIIKLIKXGCPIKFNVSG  
 NKGQKNNIELIAKQRSFIDYWAKY

**SP101 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 177)**

TTACCGCGTTCATCAAGATGTCAAACAAAGTCATGACCTATCAACCCATGGTGCAGAAATATTGAGTGA  
 ACAAGACACCCCAAGCAAACGAAGAGCTTGTGCTTGTATGATTTACTGAAACAAAAGGAAAAGAAGG  
 CGATGTTATGCACTGAGTCTGCAAGTGGTCCACCAACACCATAATGATAATGCCCTAGCAT  
 TCGGCAAGGCATTCAAACCTCTGACAGGAATCTATCTGGCGCAGAAGAAGGGGTAGATATCTGGAC  
 AGCTGTTCAAGCCTATAATTGGACCTGCCATATCGATTTATGCCAAAATGGCAAGGAAAATAC  
 CCTGGCTCTAGCCAAACAGTACTCTCGTGAGACTGTTGCCCCCTTGCTTGGTAATAGGACTGGAAAGAC  
 TTATAGTTATATTCAACCCATTCCATTGGTCAAGGCTGAACCTATGTAATGGAGGAAACTATTAA  
 TTATTCTAGACAGGGTACGACTAACCTTACATCATCAAATGTTCACTCTCTTCAACATCTGGC

Table 1

SP101 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:178)

YRVHQDVKQVMTYQPMVR EILSEQDT PANEELV LAMIYTETKGKEGDVMQSS SESASGSTNTINDNASSI  
RQGIQTLTG NLYLAQKKGV D IWTAVQAYNFG PAYIDFIAQNGKENTLALAKQYSRETVA PLLG NRTGKT  
YSYIHPISIFHGAE LYVNGG NYY/SRQVRLNLYIIKCFTLFSTSG

SP102 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:179)

GTGGATGGGCTTAACTATCTCGTATTCGCCGTGCGGCTAAAATTGTGGACAATGAGGAGTTGAAGC  
CTTGATTCTGACGGGTCATTGATTGATTGCTGCCGACCCAGCAGAATTCCACAGAAAACATATCCTTGG  
TGCACGCAATTTCCTTCAGTCAGTTGAAAACAGTCTTGCAGCCCTCGTAAAGATAAACCTGTCT  
TCTCTACGAAAACCAACGTGCGCAACGAGTTACAAATCAGCTCTTACTGAAAAAACAGGTTTTTC  
TGAGATTATATCCTTCTTATGGCTTGATTCCTGGAAAGGGAAAGTGAAGACTAGC

SP102 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:180)

WMGFNYLRLIRRRAAKIVDNEEFAIRTQLIDLRDPAEFHRKHILGARNIPSSQLKTSLAALRKDKPVLYENORAQRVTNAALYLLKKQGFSEIYILSYGLDSWKGVKTS

SP103 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:181)

ACTAAACCAGCATCGTCGCAGGAAAATAAGGACAATAATCGTGTCTTATGTGGATGGCAGCCAGTC  
AAGTCAGAAAAGTAAAACCTGACACCAGA~~CC~~CAGGTTAGCCAGAAAAGAAGGAATTAGGCTGAGCAAAT  
TGTAATCAAATTACAGATCAGGGCTATGTAACGTCACACGGTGA~~CC~~ACTATCATTACTATAATGGAA  
AGTTCCCTTATGATGCCCTCTT~~T~~AGTGAAGAACTCTT~~G~~ATGAA~~GG~~ATCCAAACTATCAACTTAAAGACGC  
TGATATTGTCATGAAGTCAGGGTGGTTATATC~~A~~TCAGGTCGATGGAAAATATTATGTCACCTGAA  
AGATGCGAGCTCATGCTGATAATGTTGAA~~CT~~AAAGATGAAATCAATGTC~~AAA~~ACAAGAACATGTCAA  
AGATAATGAGAAGGTTA~~ACT~~CTAATGTTGCTGAGCAAGGTC~~C~~AGGGACGATATACGACAAATGATGG  
TTATGTC~~TT~~ATCCAGCTGATATTATC~~G~~AA~~G~~ATACGGTAA~~T~~GCTTATATCGT~~CC~~T~~C~~ATGAGGTC~~A~~  
CTATCACTACATTCCAAAAGC~~G~~ATTTATCTGCTAGTGAATTAGCAGCAGCTAAAGCACATCTGGCTGG  
AAAAAAATATGCAACCGAGTCAGTTAAGCTATTCTCAACAGCTAGTGACAATAACAGCAATCTGAGC  
AAAAGGATCAACTAGCAAGCCAGCAAAATAATCTGAAAATCTCCAGAGTCTT~~T~~GAAGGA~~CT~~TATGAA  
TTCACCTAGGCCAACGTTACAGTGAATCAGATGCC~~T~~GGCTT~~T~~GACCTGCTAAGATTATCAGTCG  
TACACCAAATGGAGGTTGCGATTCCGCATGGC~~G~~ACCATTACCACTTTATTCTTACAGCAAGCTTCTGC  
CTTAGAAGAAAAGATTGCCAGAATGGTGCCTATCAGTGGAACTGGTCTACAGTTCTACAAATGCAAA  
ACCTAATGAAGT~~T~~GTGTCTAGTCTAGGCA~~G~~TCTTCAAGCAATCCTCTTAA~~C~~AGGACAAGTAAGGA  
GCTCTTCA~~G~~CATCTGATGGTTATATT~~T~~TAATCCAAAAGATATGTTGAAGAA~~C~~GGCTACAGCTTA  
TATTGTAAGACATGGT~~G~~ATCATTCCATTACATTCCAAAATCAAA~~T~~ATG~~G~~GAACCGACTCTTCC  
AAACAA~~T~~AGTCTAGCAACACCTTCTCCATCTTCCAA~~T~~ATCCAGGAAC~~T~~TCACATGAGAAACATGA  
AGAAGATGGATA~~CC~~GATTGATGCTAATCGTATTATGCTGAAGATGAATCAGGTTTGT~~C~~TGAGTC~~A~~  
CGGAGACCACAATCATTATTCTTCAAGAAG

SP103 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:182)

LNQHRSQENKDNRVSYVDGSQSSQKSENLTQDQVSKQEGIQAEQIVIKITDQGVTSHGHDHYHYYNGK  
VPYDALFSEELLMKDPNQQLKDADIVNEVKGGYIIVKVDGKYYVYLKDAAHADNVRTKDEINRQKQEHVK  
DNEKVNSNVAVARSQGRYTTNDGYVFNPAIDIETGNAIYIVPHGGHYHYIPKSDSLASELAAKAHLAG  
KNMQPSQLSYSSTASDNNTQSVAKGSTSKPANKSENLQSLKELYDSPAQRYSEDGLVFDPAKIISR  
TPNGVAIPHGDHYHFIPYSKLSALEEKIARMVPISGTGSTVSTNAKPNEVSSLGLSSNPSSLTSKE  
LSSASDGYIIFNPKDIVETATAYIVRHGDHFHYIPKSQNIGQPTLPNNSLATPSPLPINPGTSHEKHE  
EDGYGFDANRIIAEDESGFVMSHGHDHNHYFFKK

SP105 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:183)

TGACTACCTGAAATCCCACTTACAGCTATCTGGTGGATTCAACACTAAAGTTCTCCAACCTCCAAT  
GATGAACATCATCAACGGTGGTCTCAGCTGACGCCAATCGCTTCCAAGAGTTCATGATCTTGCC  
AGTTGGTGCGCCAACATTAAAGAAGCCCTTCGTTACGGTGTGAAATCTCCACGCTCTTAAGAAAAT  
CCTTAAATCACGTGGTTGGAAACTGCCGTAGGTGACGAAGGGATTGCTCTCGTTGAAAGGAAC  
TGAAGATGGTGTGAAACTATCCTGCTGCATTGAAGCTGCTGGATATGTACCAAGGTAAAGACGTATT  
TATCGGATTGACTGTGCTTCATCAGAATTCTACCGATAAAAGAACGTTAAAGTTACGACTACACTAAATT  
TGAAGGTGAAGGTGCTGCTGTTGCTACATCTGACAAACAAATCGACTACCTGAAAGAATTGGTTAACAA  
ATACCCAACTCATCACTATTGAAGATGGTATGGATGAAAAGCACTGGGATGGTTGGAAAGCTCTTACTGA  
ACGTCTTGGTAAGAAAAGTACAACATTGTTGGTGCAGGACTTCTCGTAACAAACACTGACTACCTTGACCG

Table 1

TGGTATCCAAGAAGGTGCTGTAACCAATCCTTATCAAAGTTAACCAATCGGTACTCTTACTGAAAC  
 TTTTGAAGCTATCGAAATGGCTAAAGAAGCTGGTTACACTGCTGTTGATCACACCGTTCAAGGTGAAAC  
 TGAAGATTCAACAAATCGCTGATATTGCAAGTTGCAACTAACGCAGGACAAATCAAGACTGGTTCACTTTC  
 ACGTACAGACCGCATCGCTAAATACAACCAATTGCTCGTATCGAAGACCAACTGGTGAAGTAGCTGA  
 ATATCGTGGATTGAAATCATCTACAACCTTAAAAAA

## SP105 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:184)

DYLEIPLYSYLGGFNTKVLPTPMNNIINGGSHSDAPIAFQEFMILPVGAPTFKEALRYGAEIFHALKKI  
 LKSRGLEAVGDEGGFAPRFEGTEDGVETILAAIEAAGYVPGKDVFIGFDCASSEFYDKERKVVDTKF  
 EGEGAAVRTSAEQIDYLEELVNKYPIIITIEDGMDENDWDGWKALTERLGKKVQLVGDDFFVTNTDYLAR  
 GIQEAGAANSILIKVNQIGTLTETFEAIEMAKEAGYTAVVSHRSGETEDSTIADIAVATNAGQIKTGSL  
 RTDRIAKYNQLLIEDQLGEVAEYRGLKSFYNLKK

## SP106 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:185)

TCGTATCTTTTTGGAGCAATGTCGCTAGAAGGACATTCCATGGATCCGACCCCTAGCGGATGGCGA  
 AATTCTCTCGTTGAAACACCTTCTATTGACCGTTTGATATCGTGGTGGCCCATGAGGAAGATGG  
 CAATAAGGACATCGTCAAGCGCGTGTGGAAATGCGTGGCGACACCATTGTTACGAAAATGATAAACT  
 CTACATCAATGACAAAGAACGGACGAGCCTTATCTAGCAGACTATATCAAACGCTCAAGGATGACAA  
 ACTCCAAAGCACTTACTCAGGAAGGGTTGAGGAAATAAGGAACCTTCTTTAGAAGTATCGCTCA  
 AAAAGCTCAAGCCTTCACAGTTGATGTCAACTACAACACCAACTTTAGCTTACTGTTCCAGAAGGAGA  
 ATACCTCTCTCGGAGATGACCGCTGGTTGAGCGACAGCCGCCACGTAGGTACCTTCAGCAAA  
 AGATATCACAGGGAAAGCTAAATTCCGTTATGGCAATCACCGTATCGGAACATT

## SP106 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:186)

RIFFWSNRVVEGHSMMDPLADGEIILFVVKHLPIDRFDIVVAHEEDGNKDIVKRVIGMPGDTIRYENDKL  
 YINDKETDEPYLADYIKRFKDDKLQSTYSGKGFEGNKGFFRSIAQKAQFTDVNYNTFSFTVPEGE  
 YLLLGDDRLVSSDSRHVGTFKAKDITGEAKFRLWPITRGTF

## SP107 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:187)

GGACTCTCTCAAGATGTGAAAGCAATGCTAGCGACAGCAAGCCTGCACAGGACAAGAAGGATGCAAA  
 ACAAGGAACGGAAGATAGTAGGATTGAGATAAGATGACTGAAACAAACTCAGTCCGGCAGGAGGTGAT  
 TGTGGTCAGTCTACTTGCCTCCTAGGCGTATTGCTCTGGCTGATTGCGCTAAGAAAGAGTCAGA  
 AATCCAGCAATTAAAGCACGGATTGATCAAGGTTCTAGGACAGCTAGATGCAGAAAAAGCGGATAAAA  
 AGTCCTTGCCAAAGCCAAAACCTTCTCAAGAAACCTTGATTCGTAAGAAGAAAATGGCTCAGC  
 AGAGACAGAAACTAAACTAGTAGAGGGAGCTTAAAGCAATCCTGACAAACTCAAG

## SP107 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:188)

DSLKDVKANASDSKPAQDKDAKQGTEDSKDSKMTETNSVPAGVIVVSSLALLGVIAFWLIRRKESE  
 IQQLSTELIKVLGQLDAEKADKKVLAKAQNLLQETLDFVKEENGSAETETKLVEELKAIIDLKLK

## SP108 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:189)

CAAGAAATCCTATCATCTTCCAGAACAGAGACGAGGGAAATTCAGACTCAGTTGATTGAAGA  
 ATCGCTTAGTCAGCAGACTATAATCCAGTCCTCAATGCTAAACAGAATTATCAAAGATTCGCTGA  
 GGCTCATGACAACACTCAGGCTATTCTCAGTCAGCCATCTTATTCTCAACGGTCAATCCTCGAC  
 TCGTTTGAAATGCACTCATTATGCCCTTTAGCTGGAGTAGGAGCTTATCGTATCATGATGGGTT  
 AGCCTTGACCGTCGGCGTTAGTGACTTTTGAACTATGTCAGCAATACACCAAGCCCTTAAACGA  
 TATTTCTCAGTGTAGCTGAGTTGCAAAGTGTCTGGCTTGCGTAGAGCGTATCTATGGAGTCTTAGA  
 TAGCCCTGAAGTGGCTGAAACAGGTAAGGAAGTCTTGACGACCAGTGACCAAGTTAGGGAGCTATT  
 CTTTAAACATGTCCTTTGGTACCATCCTGAAAAATTGATTAAGGACTTGTCTATCGATATTCC  
 AGCTGGTAGTAAGGTAGCCATCGTGGTCCGACAGGTGCTGGAAAATCAACTCTTATCAATCTCCTTAT  
 GCGTTTTATCCATTAGCTCGGGAGATATCTGCTGGATGGCAATCCATTATGATTATACACGAGT  
 ATCATTGAGACAGCAGTTGGTATGGTCTTCAGAAACCTGGCTCACACAAGGGACCATTGATGATAA  
 TATTGCTTTGGCAATCCTGAAGCCAGTCGAGAGCAAGTAATTGCTGCTGCCAAGCAGCTAATGCAGA  
 CTTTTCATCCAAACAGTTGCCACAGGGATACGATACCAAGTGGAAAATGCTGGAGAATCTCTCTGT  
 CGGCCAAGCTCAGCTCTGACCATAGGCCAGTCTTCTGGCTATTCAAAGATTCTTATCTAGACGA  
 GGCAACTCTTCATTGATACAGGACAGAAGTGTGGTACAGGATGCCCTTGCAAAACTCATGAAGGG  
 CGCACAAGTTCATCATGCTCACCGTTGTCACCATTCAAGGATGCCATTAAATTCTGTCTTAGT

Table 1

AGATGGTGTATTTGTTGAATATGGTAACCACATCAAGAACTCATGGATAGAAAGGGTAAGTATTACCAAAT  
GCAAAAAGCTGCAGCTTTAGTTCTGA

A

**SP108 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:190)**

KKSYHLFQKQTETRGIQTLIEESLSQQTIIQSFNAQTEFIQRLREAHNDYSGYSQSAIFYSSTVNPST  
RFVNALIYALLAGVGAYRIMMGSALTVGRLVTFLNYVQQYTKPFDISSLVLAELQSALACVERIYVLD  
SPEVAETGKEVLTTSQVKGAIASFHKVHSFGYHPEKILIKDLSIDIPAGSKVAIVGPTGAGKSTLINLLM  
RFYPISSGDILLDGQSIYDYTRVSLRQQFGMVLQETWLQGTIHNDNIAFGNPEASREQVIAAAKAANAD  
FFIQQLPQGYDTKLENAGESLSVGQAAQLLTIARVFLAIPKILILDEATSSIDTRTEVLVQDAFAKLMKG  
RTSFIIAHLSTIQQDADLILVLVDGDIVEYGNHQELMDRKGKYYQMOKAAAFSSE

**SP109 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:191)**

ACGAAATGCAGGGCAGACAGATGCCTCGCAAATTGAAAAGGGCGCAGTTAGCCAAGGGAGGAAAAGCAGT  
GAAAAAAACAGAAATTAGTAAGACGCAGACTTGCACGAAATTATCTAGCTGGAGGTTGTTCTGGGG  
AGTGGAGGAATATTCTCACGTGTTCCGGGGTGACGGATGCCGTTTCAGGCTATGCAAATGGTAGAGG  
AGAAACAACCAAGTACGAATTGATTAACCAAACAGGTATGCAGAAACCGTCATGTCACCTATGATGC  
CAAGCAAATTCTCAAGGAAATCCTGTTCACTATTCCGCAATTCAATCCAACCAACAGCAAAATAA  
ACAAGGAAATGATGTGGGGACCCAGTACCGTACTGGTGTATTACACAGATGACAAGGATTGGAAGT  
GATTAACCAAGTCTTGATGAGGTGGCTAAGAAATACGATCAACCTCTAGCAGTTGAAAAGGAAAACCTT  
GAAGAAATTGTCGCTGGCTGAGGATTACCATCAAGACTATCTCAAGAAAATCCAATGGCTACTGCCA  
TATCAATGTTAACAGGGGGCTATCCTGTCATTGATGCCAGCAAATATCCAACCAAGTGTGAGGA  
ATTGAAAAGACCCCTGTCACCTGAGGAGTATGCAGTTACCCAGGAAATCAAACAGAACGAGCTTCTC  
AAACCGTTACTGGGATAAAATTGAAATCCGGTATCTATGTGGATATAGCAACTGGGAACCTCTCTTCTC  
ATCAAAGACAAATTGAGTCTGGTTGTGGCTGGCTAGTTTACCAACCCATCAGTCCAGATGTTGT  
CACCTACAAGGAAGATAAGTCTTACAATATGACCGTATGGAAGTGGAGCCGAGTAGGAGATTCTCA  
CCTTGGGATGCTTTACGGATGGTCCACAGGAAAGGGCGCTTACGTTACTGTATCAAATGCCCTCTC  
TATCCGCTTATTCCCAAAGACCAAATGGAAGAAAAGGCTACGCTTATTACTAGATTATGTTGAT

**SP109 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:192)**

RNAGQTDAQIEKAASQGGKAVKKTEISKADLHEIYLAGGCFWGVEEYFSRVPGVTDAVSGYANGRG  
ETTKYELINQTGHAETVHVTYDAKQISSLKEILLHYFRIINPTSKNKQGNDVGTQYRTGVYTTDDKDLEV  
INQVFDEVAKKYDQPLAVEKENLKNFVVAEDYHQDYLKKNPNGYCHINVNQAAVPIDASKYPKPSDEE  
LKKTLSPEEYAVTQENQTERAFSNRYWDKFESGIYVDIATGEPLFSSKDKFESGCGWPSFTQPISPDVV  
TYKEDKSYNMTRMEVRSRVGDSHLGHVFTDGPQDKGGLRYCINSLSIRFIPKQDQMEEKGYAYLLDYVD

**SP110 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:193)**

TGTATAGTTTGTGTTCTTAATTCTGNTAAAATGAAGAAAATCTAAAGAGCATGCG  
CCTGATAAAATAGTTTAGATCATGCTTCGGTCAAACATATATTAGATAAAAACCTGAAAGAGTTGCA  
ACTATTGCTGGGGAAATCATGATGTAGCATTAGCTTAGGAATAGTTCTGTTGGATTTCAAAGCA  
AATTACGGTGTAGTGCTGATAAAGGAGTTTACCATGGACAGAAGAAAAATCAAAGAACTAAATGGT  
AAAGCTAACCTATTGACGATTGGATGGACTTAACTTGAAGCAATATCAAATTCTAAACCAAGATGTT  
ATCTTAGCAGGTTATTCTGGTATAACTAAAGAAGATTATGACACTCTATCA

**SP110 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:194)**

CIVFSACSSNSXNEENTSKEAPDKIVLDHAFTQTLDDKPERVATIAWGNHDVALALGIVPVGFSKA  
NYGVSDKGVLPWTEEKIKELNGKANLFDDLDGLNFEAISNSKPDVILAGYSGITKEDYDTLS

**SP111 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:195)**

GTGTGTCGAGCATATTCTGAAGCAAACCTATCAAATATAGAAATTATTTAGTTGATGACGGTTCTAC  
GGATAATTCTGGGGAAATTGATGCTTTATGATGCAAGATAATCGTGTGCGAGTATTGATCAAGA  
AAATAAGGGGGGGCAGCACAAGCTAAAATATGGGGATTAGTGTAGCTAAGGGAGAGTACATCACGAT  
TGTTGATTCAAGATGATATCCTAAAAGAAAATATGATTGAAACTCTTATCAGCAAGTCCAAGAAAAGGA  
TGCAGATGTTGTTAGGGAAATTACTATAATTGACGAAAGTGCACGGAAATTTTATTTATGTAAC  
AGGGCAAGATTGGCTGCGAAGAATTAGCTATACAAGAAAATTGAAACCGTCAGCAGGAGATTGGAA  
ATTCAATAGCTGGCCTTATATTGCCGACATTAAAGTGTGATTTAAAGAATTATTCAATGAAGTTCA  
CTTTCAATGGTCGCCGCTTGTGATGATGAAGCAACTATGATCGCTTTATCTTACGCTCTAAAT  
CGTCTTATAACGATAATCTCTATCTGTATAGAAGACGTTAGGAAGCATGAGAACCGAATTGAA

Table 1

TCTTTCTGGCAAGAGATATTGTTGAAGTGTCTAAGAAAATCGGATTGTGCTTGGCTGGTT  
 GGATGTCTCCGTCTCGTATTGTCATTCTTAAAGATTAAAGCAAACCTTAAAGATACCA  
 TCAATTAAACAGATACTGAGGAATATAAGATATTGTTCAAGATTAAAGTTGTTTGTGAGAAC  
 AAGAAATGGTAAAGT

**SP0111 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:196)**

CVEHILKQTYQNIEIILVDDGSTDNSGEICDAFMQDNRVRVLHQENKGGAAQAKNMGI SVAKGEYITI  
 VDSDDIVKENMIETLYQQVQEKDADVVIGNYYNDESDGNFYFYVTGQDFCVEELAIQEIMNRQAGDWK  
 FNSSAFILPTFKLIKELFNEVHF SNGRRFDDEATMHRFYLASKIVFINDNLYLYRRRSGSIMRTEFD  
 LSWARDIVEVFSKKISDCVLAGDVSVLIRFVNLLKDYKQTLLEYHQLTDTEEYKDICFRLKLFFDAEQ  
 RNGKS

**SP0112 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:197)**

GTGTTGGATAGCATTAGAATCAGACGTATCAAATTGAGTGTATTAAATCAATGATGGCTCTCC  
 AGATCATTCAAAATATGTGAAGAATTGAGAAGATTCTCGTTCAAATATTGAGAAAGC  
 AAACGGCGGTCTTCATCAGCTCGAACCTAGGTATTGAATGTTGGGGGGCGTACATTACTTTGT  
 AGACTCTGATGATTGGTTGAAACATGATGCTTAGCCGATTATATGGTGTGAAAAGGAAACGC  
 AGATATTAGTATGGCGTTATAATTCTTATGATGAAACACGCTATGTGTATATGACTTATGTTACGGA  
 TCCAGATGATTCTCTAGAAGTGTAGAGGTAAGCAATTATGGATAGGGAGGTGTCGAAGAAGTCAG  
 AAATGGGAACTGGACTGTAGCTGCTTGAAGTTATTCAAGAGAGGTTACTACAAGATTTCATTCC  
 TATAGGAAAATTGCAAGAGGAACTTACTGGACATGGAAGGTACTCTAAGAGGCTCGAGGGATAGTCTA  
 TTTGAATCGTTGTGTTACTGGTACCGTGTGGTTATCTGATACTTTATCGAATACATGGAGTGA  
 GCGTATGTATGATGAAATTGGGCTAGGGAGAAAGATAGCTATTAGCAAGTCAGACTATGACTT  
 GACCAATCATATTGATTATAAAAGATTACAAGAGTGTAGCAAAATTAGAAGAACAAATAT  
 GCAGTCACAGAGATTACAGAAGAATGAGGAAAATTGTTACTCCG

**SP0112 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:198)**

CLDSIQNQTYQNFECLLINDGSPDHSSKICEEFVEKDSRFKYEKANGLSSARNLGIECSGGAYITFV  
 DSDDWLEHDALDRLYGALKKENADISIGRNSYDETRYVYMTYVTDPPDSLEVIEGKAIMDREGVEEV  
 NGNWTVAVLKLFKRELLQDLPFPIGKIAEDTYWTWKVLLRASRIVYNRCVWYRVGLSDTL SNTWSEK  
 RMYDEIGAREEKIAILASSDYDLTNHILYKNRLQRVIAKLEEQNMQFTEIYRRMMEKLSLL?

**SP0113 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:199)**

GTGCCTAGATAGTATTATTACTCAAACATATAAAAATTGAGATTGTTGTCGTTAATGATGGTTCTAC  
 GGATGCTTCAGGTGAAATTGTAAGAATTTCAGAAATGGATCACCGAATTCTCTATATAGAACAGA  
 AAATGCTGGTCTTCTGCCCCACGAAACACCCGGCTGAATAATATGTCGGAAATTATGTCACCTTTGT  
 GGACTCGGATGATTGGATTGAGCAAGATTATGAGAAACTCTATATAAAAATAGTAGAGTATCAGGC  
 TGATATTGCACTGGTAATTATTCTTCAACGAAAGTGAAGGAATGTTCTACTTCATATATTGGG  
 AGACTCCTATTATGAGAAAGTATATGATAATGTTCTATCTTGAGAACTGTATGAAACTCAAGAAAT  
 GAAGAGTTTGCTTGATATCTGCTGGGTAAACTCTATAAGGAAGATTGTTGAGCAGTTGCGCTT  
 TGACATAGGTAATTAGGAGAAGATGGTTACCTCAATCAAAGGTATATTATTATCAGAAAAGGTAA  
 TTATTAAATAAAAGTCTTATGCTTATCGGATTAGAAAAGGTAGTTATCAAGAGTTGGACAGAAA  
 GTGGATGCACGCTTCTAGTTGATGCTATGCTGAACGTATTACGCTACTAGCTAATATGGTTATCCTCT  
 AGAGAAACACTGGCAGTTATCGTCAGATGTTGGAAGTCAGTCTCGCCAACGGTCAAGCTAGTGGTTT  
 ATCTGACACAGCAACGTATAAAAGAGTTGAAATGAAACAAAGGCTTTAAATCAGCTATCGAGACAAGA  
 GGAAAGTGAAGGAAAGCCATTGCTCTCGCAGCAAACATGGCTATGAGACCAAGTTAACGACAAT  
 CAAGCTATTGTTATCATAATCGTTGCTTCTGATTCTGATTCTAGCGATTTCAAATGAATG  
 GATTAAGCAATTAAATAAGCGCTTAGAGAAGTTGACTCAGAAATTATAATTGTCGGGTAACCTCTGA  
 GCAAATTCTATGTTATAAATCGGATATTAGTTACACAGTCTTACGCTATTCTAGCTGATTGCG  
 GCAAGAAGACAAGGCCCTACTTGGACTGTGATCTAGTTGTAACGAAAATCTGATGACTTGTG  
 TACAGACTTACAAGATTATCCTTGGCTGCTGTTAGAGATTGTTGGGGCAGAGCTATTGTCAGA  
 AATCTTAAATGCCGGTCTCTGGTAAACAATGCTTTGGAAAAAAAGAGAATATGACCCAAAATT  
 AATTGATGTAACCAATGAATGGCATGATAAGGTGATCAGGCAGATCAGAGCATCTGAATATGCTTT  
 TGAACATAATGGTGGAAATTGGACTTTGATTATAATCATATTGTCATTCAAAACAGTTGCTGATTA  
 TCAATTGCTGAGGGTCAGGATTATCCTGCTATTATCAGTCTTCTCATCGGAAACCGTGGAAAGA  
 TTTGGCGGCCAACCTATCGTGAAGTTGGTGTACTATCATGGCTGAAATGGACAGAATTGGACA  
 AAACCATCATTTACATCCATTACAAGATCTCACATCTATCCAATAAAGGAACCTTCACCTGCTAAT  
 CTATACTGCCTCAGACCATATTGAACAAATTGAGACATTGTTCAATCCTGCCTGATATTGAGTTAA

Table 1

GATAGCAGCTAGAGTAATAGTTAGTGATCGATTGGCTCAGATGACAATTATCCAAACGTGACTATATT  
 TAACGAAATTCACTATTGGTAGATGTCGATAATGAATTGGAGAACAGTCAGTACTTTAGATAT  
 TAATCATGGCGAAAAGACAGAAGAAATTCTCGATCAATTGCTAATCTGGCAAGCCTATCTTATCCTT  
 TGAAAATACTAAAACCTATGAAGTAGGTCAGGAGGCATATGCTGTTGACCAAGTTCAAGCAATGATTGA  
 AAAATTGAGAGAAAATAGCAAA

**SP113 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:200)**

CLDSIITQTYKNIEIVVVNDGSTDASGEICKEFSEMDHRIILYIEQENAGLSAARNTGLNNMSGNYVTFV  
 DSDDWIEQDYVETLYKKIVEYQADIAGVNYYSFNESEGMFYFHILGDSYYEKVYDNVSIFENLYETQEM  
 KSFALISAWGKLYKARLFQQLRFDIGKLGEDGYLNQKVYLLSEKVIYLNKSLYAIRKGSLSRVTEK  
 WMHALVDAMSERITLLANMGYPLEKHLAVYRQMLEVSLANGQASLSDTATYKEFEMKQFLNQLSRQE  
 ESEKKAIVLAANYGYVDQVLTITKSICYHNRISRFYLIHSDFPNEWIKQLNKRLEKFDSEIINCRVTSE  
 QISCYKSDISYTVFLRYFIADFVQEDKALYLDCLVVTKNLDDLFATDLDQDYPLAAVRDFGGRAYFGQE  
 IFNAGVLLVNNAFWKKENMTQKLIDVTNEWHDVKDQADQSILNMLFEHKWLELDFDYNHIVIHKQFADY  
 QLPEGQDYPAIHYLSHRKPKWDLAAQTYREVVWVYHGLEWTELGNQNHHLPLQRSHI?PIKEPFTCLI  
 YTASDHIEQIETLVQLPDIQFKIAARVIVSDRLAQMTIYPNVTIFNGIHYLVDVDNELVETSQVLLDI  
 NHGEKTEEILDQFANLGKPILSFENTKTYEVGQEAYAVDQVQAMIEKLREISK

**SP114 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:201)**

CATTCAAGCAGACCTATCAAATCTGAAATTATTCTTGTGATGATGGTCACAGATGAAAGTGG  
 TCGCTTGTGATTCAATCGCTGAACAAGATGACAGGGTGTCACTGCTCATAAAAAGAACGAAGGATT  
 GTCGCAAGCACGAAATGATGGGATGAAGCAGGCTCACGGGATTATCTGATTTTATTGACTCAGATGA  
 TTATATCCATCCAGAAATGATTCAAGAGCTTATAATGAGCAATTAGTTCAAGAAGATGGGATGTTTCAG  
 CTGTGGTGTATGAATGTCTATGCTAATGATGAAAGCCCACAGTCAGCCAATCAGGATGACTATTTGT  
 CTGTGATTCTCAAACATTCTAAAGGAATACCTCATAGGTGAAAAAAATACCTGGGACGATTGCAATAA  
 GCTAATCAAGAGACAGATTGCAACTGCCATATCCTTCTAAGGGTTGATTTACGAAGATGCCATTAA  
 CCATTTGATTTAATCAAGTTGCCAAGAAGTATGTGTTAATACTAAACCTATTACTATTTCCA  
 TAGAGGGGATAGTATTACGACCAAAACCTATGCAGAGAAGGGATTTAGCCTATATTGATATCTACAAAA  
 GTTTTATAATGAAGTTGTGAAAAAACTATCCTGACTTGAAAGAGGTGCTTTTCAGATTGGCCTATGC  
 CCACTCTTATTCTGGATAAGATGTTGCTAGATGATCAGTATAAACAGTTGAAGCCTATTCTCAGAT  
 TCATCGTTTTAAAAGGCCATGCCCTTGCTATTCTAGGAATCCAATTTCGTAAGGGGAGAAGAAT  
 TAGTGTCTTGGCCCTATTCTAAATATTCTTATATGATTCTTATTACTGAAAAATATTGAAAAATC  
 TAAAAAATTACAT

**SP114 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:202)**

IQKQTYQNLEIIIVDDGATDESGRLCDIAEQDDRVSVLHKNEGLSQARNDGMKQAHGQYLIIFIDSDD  
 YIHPEMIQSLYEQLVQEDADVSSCGVMNVYANDESPQSANQDDYFVCDSDQTFLKEYLIGEKIPGTICNK  
 LIKRQIATLASFPKGLIYEDAYYHFDLKLAKKVVNTKPYYYFHRGDSITTKPYAEKDLAYIDYQK  
 FYNEVVKNYPDLKEAFFRLAYAHFFILDKMLDDQYKQFEAYSQIHRFLKGHAFAISRNPIFRKGRR  
 SALALFINISLYRFLLKNIKSKKLH

**SP115 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:203)**

TAAGGCTGATAATCGTGTCAAATGAGAACGACGATTAATAATGAATGCCATTGTTGCTTCTCCGTT  
 GTATGGCAATGATAATGGTAACGGATTATGGTGGGGAAACACATTGAAGGGGACATGGGAAGCTATTCC  
 TGAAGATGTAAGCCATATGCAGCGATTGAACCTCATCCTGCAAAAGTCTGTAACCAACAAGTGTAT  
 TCCACCGAGATACGAAAGAATTGAGAGAATGGTATGTCAGATGTTGGAGGAAGCTCAAAGTCTAAACAT  
 TCCAGTTTCTGGTTATTATGTCGGCTGGAGAGCGTAATACAGTTCTCCAGAGTGGTTAGATGAACA  
 ATTCCAAAAGTATAGTGTGTTAAAGGTGTTAAATATTGAGAATTATGGATTACAATAACAGTT  
 AGCTCCGATAGTGTCAAATATTGGAAAGTTGTGCCAATATGGAGCGCATTATCTGGCATGATCA  
 TGAAAAATGGTTCTGGGAAACTATTATGAAATGATCCGACATTCTTGAAGCGAGTCAAAATATCATAA  
 AAATTGGTGTGGCAACTAAAAATACGCCAATAAGAGATGATGCGGGTACAGATTCTATCGTTAGTGG  
 ATTGGTTGAGTGGCTTATGTGATAACTGGGGCTCATCAACAGATACTGGAAATGGTGGGAAAACA  
 TTATACAAACACATTGAAACTGGAACAGCTAGGGATATGAGATCCTATGCATCGAACAGAACATCAAT  
 GATTGCTATGAAATGATGAATGTATATGACTGGGGAGGCACAGTTATAATTGAAATGTGCCCGTAA  
 TACATTATGACAAAATGATGTACCAACTCCAGCATTTACTAAAGGTATTATCCTTCTTAGACATGC  
 TATACAAAATCCAGCTCAAGTAAGGAAGAAGTTGTTAAATAGAACAAAAGCTGTATTTGGAAATGGAGA  
 AGGTAGGATTAGTTCATTAACGGATTATCAAGGACTTTATCGAATGATGAAACAATGCCATTATA  
 TAATAATGGGAGATATCATATTCTCTGTAATACATGAGAAAATTGATAAGGAAAAGATTCTATCTAT

Table 1

ATTCCTTAATGCAAAATTTGACTAAAATAGTGAGGAATTGCTAGTAAAGTCAACTATTTAAACTC  
 GCTTTATCCAAAACCTTATGAAGGAGATGGGTATGCTCAGCGTGTAGGTAATTCTGGTATATTATAA  
 TAGTAATGCTAATATCAATAAAATCAGCAAGTAATGTTGCCATGTATACTAATAACAAAGTCGTT  
 ATCGTTAGATTGACGCCACATACCTACGCTGTTAACAGAAAATCCAATAATTACATAATTATTATT  
 GAATAATTACAGGACAGATAAAGACAGCTATGTCAGGAAATTGATGCATCAAAAGTTG  
 GAAGAAAGAAGAATTAGAGTTAGCGAATGGATAAGCAAAATTATTCCATCAATCCTGTAGATAATGA  
 CTTTAGGACAACACACTTACATTAAAGGGCATACTGGTCATAAACCTCAGATAAAATATAAGTGGCGA  
 TAAAATCATTATACAGAAAATTGGGATGAGAATACCCATGTTTACCAATTACGGTTAATCA  
 TAATGGAATGGTAGAGATGTCATAAATACTGAGGGGACAGGTCCAGTCTCTTCCAACACCAGATAA  
 ATTTAATGATGGTAATTGAAATATAGCATATGCAAACAAACACAAAGTTCTGTAGATTACAATGG  
 AGACCTTAATAGAGCTGTGGATGGTACAGAAATGGAATTAACTCTGGTTCGGTAACACACACTAG  
 GGCAGATAATCCCTTGGGGAGTCGATTGAAAAAAATGGATAAAGTTGGCTTAAATTAA  
 TAATCGCACAGATGCTGAGACTCAACGTCTATCTAATT

**SP115 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 204)**

KADNRVQMRRTTINNESPLLLSPLYGNNDNGNGLWWGNTLKGAEWAIPEDVKPYAAIELHPAKVKPPTSCI  
 PRDTKELREWYVKMLEEAQSLNIPVFLVIMSAGERNTVPPPEWLDEQFQKYSVLKGVLNIEVYIYNQNL  
 APHSAKYLEVCAKYGAIFIWHDHEKWFWEIMNDPTFFEASQK'YHKNLVLATKNTPIRDDAGTDSIVSG  
 FWLGLCDNWGSSTDWKWWEKH/TNTFETGRARDMRSYASEPESMIAMEMMNVYGGTVYNECAAY  
 TFMTNDVPTPAFTKGIIPFWRHAIQNAPSKKEVVNRKAVFWNGEGRISLNGFYQGLYSNDETMPLY  
 NNGRYHILPVIHEKIDKEKISSIFPNAKILTKNSEELSSKVNLNSLYPKLYEGDGYAQRVGNWSIYN  
 SNANINKNQVMLPMYTNNTKSLSDLTPHTYAVVKENPNNLHILLNNYRTDKTAMWALSGNFDASKW  
 KKEELELANWISKNYSINPVNDNFRTTTLKGHTGHKPQINISGDKNHYTYTENWDENTHVVITTVNH  
 NGMVEMSINTEGTG?VSFPTPDKFNDGNLNIAKPTTQSSVDYNGDPNRADVGNRNGNFNSGSVTHTR  
 ADNPSSWEVDLKKMDKVGVLKIYNRTDAETQRLSNF

**SP117 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 205)**

CTGTGGCAATCAGTCAGCTGCTTCCAAACAGTCAGCTTCAGGAACGATTGAGGTGATTTCACGAGAAA  
 TGGCTCTGGACACGGGGTGCCTTCACAGAAATCACAGGGATTCTCAAAAAAGACGGTGTATAAAAAT  
 TGACAAACACTGCCAAACAGCTGTGATTCAAAATAGTACAGAAGGTGTTCTCAGCAGTTCAAGGGAA  
 TGCTAATGCTATCGGCTACATCTCCTGGATCTTAACGAAATCTGTCAGGCTTGTAGAGATTGATGG  
 TGTCAAGGCTAGTCGAGACACAGTTAGATGGTAATACCCCTCTCAACGTCCTTCAACATTGTTG  
 GTCTCTAAATCTTCAAGCTAGGTCAAGATTTTATCAGCTTATCCACTCCAAACAAGGTCAACAAGT  
 GGTACAGATAATAATTATTGAAGCTAAACCGAACACCGGAATATACAAGCCAACACTTATCAGG  
 CAAGTGTCTGTGTAGGTTCCACTTCAGTATCTCTTAATGAAAAATTAGCAGAAGCTTATAAAA  
 AGAAAATCCAGAAGTTACGATTGATATTACCTCTATGGTCTTCAGCAGGTATTACCGCTGTTAAGGA  
 GAAAACCGCTGATATTGGTATGGTTCTAGGGATTAACTCTGAAGAAGGTAAAGAGTCTACCCATGA  
 TGCTATTGCTTACGGTATTGCTGTTGGTCATAATGACAATAAGGCAAGCCAAGTCAGTATGGC  
 TGAACCTGCAGACGTTTGTGGCAAATTAAACCACCTGGGACAAGATTAA

**SP117 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 206)**

CGNQSAASKQSASGTIEVISRENGSGTRGAFTEITGILKKDGDKIDNTAKTAVIQNSTEGVLSAVQGN  
 ANAIGYISLGLSLTKSVKALEIDGVKASRDTVLGEYPLQRPFNIVWSSNLSKLGQDFISFIHSKQGQQV  
 VTDNKFIEAKTETTEYTSQHLSGKLSVVGSTSSSLMEKLAEAYKKENPEVTIDITSNGSSAGITAVKE  
 KTADIGMVSRELTPEEGKSLTHDAIALDGIAVVNNNDNKASQVSMELADVFSKLTTWDKIK

**SP118 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 207)**

TTGTCAACAAACATGCTACTTCTGAGGGACGAATCAAAGGCAAAGCAGTTCAGCGAAAGTTCCATG  
 GAAAGCTTCATACACCAACCTAAACAAACCAACAGGTAAAGTACAGAAGAGGTCAAATCTCTTATCAGCTCA  
 CTTGGATCCAAATAGTGTGATGCTTTTTAATCTCGTTATGACTATAATACCAATTGTCGGCTCAAC  
 TGGCTTATCAGGAGATTCACCTCTTACTCACACCGAATACGATGTTGAGAAAATCAGTCATCTCTG  
 GAATCAAAGAAGGGCGATTGGGACCAACTGCCGTATCAATAGTTATTGCTTTGAAAATTC  
 AGTCACCATTCACAGCTGAAAAGAATGACCGAGTTGCTTTCTAGATAATGATGCAGTTGATAAAGG  
 AAAGGTCTTGATTCAAGATAAGGAAGAGTTGATATTCTATTTCAGAGAGTCCAACTGAGTCAC  
 TACAGATGTCAGGTTACCGCTGAAAAGATGGAAGCATTCTCTCACAATTCAATTCAATGAAAGC  
 TCGAATGCTGTCGTAGTCTTGCACGACAATTGGATGGCAGTATGTTGTTAGGCCACGTTGGGGT  
 CTTAGTACCTGCTGATGACGGTTCTTATTGTAGAGAAATTGACTTTCGAAGAGCCCTACCAAGCGAT

Table 1

TAAATTTGCTAGTAAGGAAGATTGCTACAAGTATTGGCACCAAGTATGCGGATTATACAGGCGAGGG  
ACTGGCTAAGCCTTTATCATGGATAATGATAAGTGGGTTAAACTT

**SP118 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:208)**

CQQQHATSEGTNQRQSSSAKVPWKASYTNLNNQVSTEEVKSLSAHDPNSVDAFFNLVNDYNTIVGST  
GLSGDFTSFTHTEYDVEKISHLWNQKKDFVGTNCRINSYCLLNSVTIPKLEKNDQLFLDNDAIKG  
KVFDSQDKEEFDILFSRVPTESTTDVKVHAEKMEAFFSQFQFNEKARMLSVLHDNLDGEYLFVGHGVGV  
LVPADDGFLFVEKLTFEELYQAIKFASKEDCYKYLGTKYADYTGEGLAKPFIMDNDKWKVL

**SP119 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:209)**

TTGTTCAGGCAAGTCCGTGACTAGTGAAACACCAACGAAAGATGAAATGAGACGGAGCAGACAGCTAG  
TAAAACAAGCGCAGCTAAAGGAAAGAGGTGGCTGATTTGAATTGATGGGAGTAGATGGCAAGACCTA  
CCGTTTATCTGATTACAAGGGCAAGAAAGTCTATCTAAATTCTGGGTTCTTGGTGTCCATCTGTCT  
GGCTAGTCTTCCAGATAACGGATGAGATTGCTAAAGAAGCTGGTGTGACTATGTGGTCTTGACAGTAGT  
GTCACCAGGACATAACGGAGAGCAATCTGAAGCGACTTTAAGAATTGGTATAAGGGATTGGATTATAA  
AAATCTCCAGTCTAGTTGACCCATCAGGAAACTTTGGAAACTTATGGTGTCCGTTACCCAAC  
CCAAGCCTTATAGACAAAGAAGGCAAGCTGGTCAAAACACATCCAGGATTGATGGAAAAGATGCAAT  
TTGCAAACTTGAAGGAATTAGCC

**SP119 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:210)**

CSGKSVTSEHQTKEDEMKTEQTSKTSAAKGKEVADFLMGVDGKTYRLSDYKGKKVYLKFWSWCSCIL  
ASLPDTDEIAKEAGDDYVVLTVVSPGHKGEQSEADFKNWYKGLDYKNLPVLVDPSCKLLETYGVRSYPT  
QAFIDKEGKLVKTHPGFMEKDAILQTLKELA

**SP120 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:211)**

CTCGAAATTGAAAAGGCCGAGTTAGCCAAGGAGGAAACAGCTGAAAAAAACAGAAATTAGTAAAGA  
CGCAGACTTGCACGAAATTATCTAGCTGGAGGTGTTCTGGGAGTGGAGGAATTCTCACGTGT  
TCCCAGGGTGACGGATGCCGTTTCAGGTATGCAATGGTAGAGGGAGAAACAACCAAGTACGAATTGAT  
TAACCAAACAGGTATGCAAGAAACCGTCCATGTACCTATGATGCCAACAAATTCTCAAGGAAAT  
CCTGCTCACTATTTCGCATTATCAATCCAACCAGCAAAATAACAAGGAAATGATGTGGGACCCA  
GTACCGTACTGGTGTATTACACAGATGACAAGGATTGGAAGTGTATTAAACCAAGTCTTGATGAGGT  
GGCTAAAGAAATACGATCAACCTCTAGCAGTTGAAAGGAAACTTGAAGAATTGGTGTGGCTGAGGA  
TTACCATCAAGACTATCTCAAGAAAATCCAATGGTACTGCCATATCAATGTTAATCAGGCCGCTA  
TCCTGTCATTGATGCCAGCAAATATCCAACCAAGTGTGAGGAATTGAAAAGACCCGTACCTGA  
GGAGTATGCACTTACCCAGGAAATCAAACAGAACGAGCTTCTCAAACCGTTACTGGATAAATTGA  
ATCCGGTATCTATGTGGATATAGCAACTGGGAAACCTCTCTTTCATCAAAGACAAATTGAGTCTGG  
TTGTGGCTGGCCTAGTTTACCCAACCCATCAGTCCAGATGTTGTCACCTACAAGGAAGATAAGTCTA  
CAATATGACCGGTATGGAAGTGGCAGGAGTGGAGATTCTCACCTGGCATGTTACGGATGG  
TCCACAGGACAAGGGCGCTACGTTACTGTATCAATAGCCTCTATCCGTTATTCCCAAAGACCA  
AATGGAAGAAAAGGTACGCTTATTAC

**SP120 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:212)**

SQIEKAASQGGKAVKKTEISKADLHEIYLAGGCFWGVEEYFSRVPGVTDASGYANGRGETTKYELI  
NQTGHAETVHTYDAKQISLKEILLHYFRIINPTSKNKQGNDVGTQYRTGVYYTDDKLEVINQVFDEV  
AKKYDQPLAVEKENLKNFVVAEDYHQDYLKKNPNGYCHINVNQAAYPVIDASKYPKPSDEELKKTLSPE  
EYAVTQENQTERAFSNRYWDKFESGIVYDIATGEPLFSSDKFESGCGWPSFTQPISPDVVTYKEDKSY  
NMTRMEVRSRVGDSHLGHVFTDGPQDKGGLRYCINSLSIRFIPKDQMEKGTLIY

**SP121 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:213)**

TTGTCAGTCAGGTTCTAATGGTTCTCAGTCTGCTGTGGATGCTATCAAACAAAAGGGAAATTAGTTGT  
GGCAACCAAGTCCTGACTATGCACCCCTTGTAAATTCAATCATTGGTGTGAAAGAACCCAGGTAGTCGG  
TGCAGACATCGACATGGCTCAGGCTATCGCTGATGAACTTGGGTTAAGTTGAAATCTCAAGCATGAG  
TTTGACAATGTTGACCAGTCTTCAACTGGTAAGGCTGACCTAGCAGTTGCAGGAATTAGTGTAC  
TGACGAGAGAAAAGAAGTCTTGATTTCAATCCACTATGAAAACAAGATTAGTTCTGGTTCG  
TAAGGCTGATGTGGAAAATACAAGGATTTAACTAGCCTAGAAAGTGTCAATATTGCAGCCAAAAGG  
GACTGTTCCAGAATCAATGGTCAAGGAACAATTGCCAAAAGTCAATTAACTTCCCTAACTAATATGGG  
TGAAGCAGTCAATGAATTGCAAGGCTGGAAAATAGATGCTGTTCATATGGATGAGCCTGTCACCTAG

Table 1

TTATGCTGCTAAAACGCTGGCTTAGCTGTCGCAACTGTCAGCTTGAAGATGAAGGACGGCAGGCCAA  
TGCC

**SP121 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:214)**

CQSGSNGSQSAVDAIKQKGKLVVATSPDYAPFEGFQSLVDGKNQVVGADIDMAQAIADELGVKLEISSMS  
FDNVLTSLOTGKADLAVAGISATDERKEVFDFSIPIYYENKISFLVRKADVEKYKDLTSLESANIAAQKG  
TVPESMVKEQLPKVQLTSLTNMGEAVNELQAGKIDAVHMDEPVALSYAAKNAGLAVATVSLKMKDGAN  
A

**SP122 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:215)**

GGAAACTTCACAGGATTTAAAGAGAAGAAAACAGCAGTCATTAAGGAAAAAGAAGTTGTTAGTAAAAAA  
TCCTGTGATAGACAATAACACTAGCAATGAAGAAGCAAAATCAAAGAAGAAAATCCAATAATCCCA  
AGGAGATTATACGGACTCATTGTGAATAAAACACAGAAAATCCCAAAAAGAAGATAAAGTTGTC  
TATTGCTGAATTAAAGATAAAGAATCTGGAGAAAAGCAATCAAGGAACATCCAGTCTTAAGAATAC  
AAAAGTTTATATACCTATGATAGAATTTTAACCGTAGTGCCTAGAAAACAACCTCCAGATAACTTGG  
CAAATAAACAAATAGAAGGTATTCATCGGTTGAAAGGGCACAAAAGTCAACCCATGATGAATCA  
TGCCAGAAAGGAAATTGGAGTTGAGGAAGCTATTGATTACCTAAAGTCTATCAATGCTCCGTTGGAA  
AAATTGATGCTGAGGTATGGTCATTCAAATATCGATACTGGAACAGATTAGACATAAGGCTAT  
GAGAATCGATGATGATGCCAACGCTCAATGAGATTAAAAGAAGACTTAAAGGCACGTGATAAAAAAA  
TTATTGGTTGAGTGATAAAATCCCTCATCGGTTCAATTATTATAATGGTGGAAAATCACTGTAGAAAA  
ATATGATGATGGAAGGGATTATTTGACCCACATGGGATGCATATTGCAAGGGATTCTGCTGGAAATGA  
TACTGAACAAGACATCAAAACTTAAACGGCATAGATGAAATTGCACCTAATGCACAAATTCTCTTA  
CAAATGATTCTGACGCAGGATCTGGTTGCGGGTGTGAAACAATGTTTCAATGCTATTGAGATT  
TATCAAACACAACGTTGATGTTGTTCGGTATCATCTGGTTTACAGGAACAGGTCTTGAGGTGAGAA  
ATATTGGCAAGCTATTGGCATTAAAGAAAAGCAGGCATTCCAATGGTGTGCTACGGGTAACATG  
GACTTCTGCTTCAGTTCTCATGGGATTAGCAAATAATCATCTGAAAATGACCGACACTGGAAA  
TGTAAACACGAACTGCAGCACATGAAGATGCGATAGCGGTCGCTCTGCTAAAAACAAACAGTTGAGTT  
TGATAAAAGTTAACATAGGTGGAGAAAGTTTAAATACAGAAAATAGGGGCTTTTCGATAAGAGTAA  
AATCACAACAAATGAAGATGGAACAAAAGCTCTAGTAAATTAAAATTGTATATAGGCAAGGGCA  
AGACCAAGATTGATAGGTTGGATCTAGGGCAAAATTGCAAGTAATGGATAGAATTATAACAAAGGA  
TTTAAAAAAATGCTTTAAAAAGCTATGGATAAGGGTGCACGCCATTATGGTGTAAATACTGAAA  
TTACTACAATAGAGATAATTGGACAGAGCTCCAGCTATGGGATATGAAGCGGATGAAGGTACTAAAAG  
TCAAGTGTGTTCAATTTCAGGAGATGATGGTGTAAAGCTATGGAACATGATTAATCTGATAAAAAAAC  
TGAAGTCAAAGAAAATAATAAGAAGATTAAAGATAAATTGGAGCAAACTATCCAATTGATATGGA  
AAGTTTAAATTCCAACAAACCGAATGTAGGTGACGAAAAGAGATTGACTTTAAGTTGACCTGACAC  
AGACAAAGAACTCTATAAAGAAGATATCATCGTCCAGCAGGATCTACATCTGGGGCCAAGAATAGA  
TTTACTTTAAAACCGATGTTTCAGCACCTGGTAAAATATTAAATCCACGCTTAATGTTATTATGG  
CAAATCAACTTATGGCTATATGTCAGGAACACTAGTATGGCAGCTCCAATCGTGGCAGCTCTACTGTTT  
GATTAGACCGAAATTAAAGGAATGCTTGAAGACCTGTATTGAAAATCTTAAGGGAGATGACAAAAT  
AGATCTTACAAGTCTTACAAAATTGCCCTACAAAATACTGCGCAGCTATGATGGATGCAACTCTTG  
GAAAGAAAAAAAGTCATAACTTGCATCACCTAGACAAACAGGGAGCAGGCCATAATTATGTCAGGCAATGC  
TTTGAGAAATGAAGTTGAGCAACTTCAAAAACACTGATTCTAAAGGTTGGTAAACTCATATGGTTC  
CATTTCTCTTAAAGAAAATAAGGTGATAAAAATACTTACAATCAAGCTCACAATACATCAAACAG  
ACCTTGTACTTTAAAGTTGAGCATCAGCGATAACTACAGATTCTCTAACTGACAGATTAAAACCTG  
TGAAACATATAAAGATGAAAATCTCCAGATGGTAAAGCAAAATTGTTCCAGAAATTCAACCCAGAAAAAGT  
CAAAGGGAGCAAAATCATCATTGAGCATGATACTTCACTATAAGGGCAAAATTCTAGCTTTGATTGAA  
TGCGGTTATAAATGTTGGAGAGGCCAAAACAAAATAAATTGTTAGAATCATTTATTGAGTC  
AGTGGAAAGCGATGGAAGGCTCTAAACTCCAGCGGGAGAAAATAAATTCCAACCTCTTGTGATGCC  
TCTAATGGGATTGCTGGGAAATTGGAACACGAACCAATCCTTGATAAAATGGGCTGGAGAAGGGTC  
AAGATCAAACACTGGGAGGTATGATGATGGTAAACCGAAAATCCAGGAACCTTAAATAAGGG  
AATTGGTGGAGAACATGGTATAGATAAATTAAATCCAGCAGGAGTTACAAAATAGAAAAGATAAAA  
TACAACATCCCTGGATCAAATCCAGAATTATTGCTTCAATAACGAAGGGATCAACGCTCATTGATC  
AAAGTGGTTCTAAGATTGCTAACATTATCCTTAAAGTCAAATGGAATCCTCAAGATGCTCAACTTGA  
AAGAGGATTAACACCTCTCCACTTGTATTAAGAAGTGCAGAAGAAGGATTGATT

**SP122 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:216)**

ETSQDFKEKKTAVIKEKEVVKPVIDNNTSNEEAKIKEENSNKSQGDYTDASFVNKNTEPKKEDKVY  
IAEFKDKESEGEKAIELSSLKNTKVLYTYDRIFNGSAIETTPDNLDKIKQIEGISVERAQKVQPMMNH

Table 1

ARKEIGVEEAIDYLKSINAPFGKNFDGRGMVISNIDTGTDRHKAMRIDDDAKASMRFKKEDLKGTDKN  
 YWLSDKIPHAFNYYNGGKITVEKYDDGRDYFDPHGMHIAGILAGNDTEQDIKNFNGIDGIAPNAQIFSY  
 KMYSDAGSGFAGDETMFHAIEDSIKHNDVVSVSSGFTGTVLGEKYWQAIRALKAGIPMVVATGNYA  
 TSASSSSWDLVANNHLKMTDTGNVTRTAAHEDAIAVASAKNQTVFDFKVNIGGESFKYRNIGAFFDKSK  
 ITTNEDGKAPSCLKFVYIGKGQDQDLIGLDLRGKIAVMDRIFTKDLNAFKKAMDKGARAIMVVNTVN  
 YYNRDNWTELPAWYEADEGTKSQVFSISGDDGVKLWNMINPDKKTEVKRNNKEDFKDKLEQYYPIDME  
 SFNSNPKPNVGDEKEIDFKFAPDTDKELYKEDIIIVPAGSTSWGPRIDLLLKPDVSAPGKNIKSTLNVING  
 KSTYGYMSGTSMATPIVAASTVLIRPKLKEMLERPVLKLNKGDDKIDLTSLTKIALQNTARPMMDATSW  
 KEKSQYFASPRQQGAGLINVANALRNEVVATFKNTDSKGLVNSYGSISLKEIKGDKKYFTIKLHNTSNR  
 PLTFKVSASAITTDSLDRKLDETYKDEKSPDGKQIVPEIHPKVKGANITFEHDTFTIGANSSFDLN  
 AVINVGEAKNKNKFVESFIHFESVEAMEALNSSGKKINFQPSLSMPLMGFAGNWHEPILDKWAEEGS  
 RSKTLGGYDDDGKPKIPGTLNKGIGGEHGIDKFNPAGVIQRKDNTTSLDQNPELFANNEGINAPSS  
 SGSKIANIYPLDSNGNPQDAQLERGLTPSPLVLSAEEGLI

**SP123 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 217)**

TGTGGTCGAAGTTGAGACTCTCAATCAATAACAAATCAGGAGCAAGCTAGGACAGAAAACCAAGTAGT  
 AGAGACAGAGGAAGCTCCAAAAGAAGAACCTAAAACAGAAGAAAGTCCAAAGGAAGAACCAAATC  
 GGAGGTAAAACCTACTGACGACACCCCTCTAAAGTAGAAGAGGGAAAGAAGATTCAAGCAGAACCGC  
 TCCAGTTGAAGAAGTAGGTGAGAAGTTGAGTCAAAACAGAGGAAAAGTAGCAGTTAACCCAGAAAG  
 TCAACCATCAGACAAACAGCTGAGGAATCAAAGTTGAACAAGCAGGTGAACCAGTCGCCAAGAGA  
 AGACGAAAAGGCCACCAGTCGAGCCAGAAAGCAACCAGAAAGCTCCTGAAGAAGAGAAGGCTGTAGAGGA  
 AACACCGAAACAAGAAGACTCAACTCCAGATAACCAAGGCTGAAGAAACTGTAGAACCAAAAGAGGAGAC  
 TGTAAATCAATCTATTGAACAACCAAAGTTGAACACGCCCTGCTGTAGAAAAACAAACAGAACCAACAGA  
 GGAACCAAAGTTGAACAAGCAGGTGAACCAGTCGCCAAGAGAACAGGACCAACGGCACCAACGGCACC  
 AGTTGAGCCAGAAAAGCAACCAGAAGTTCTGAAGAAGAGAAGGCTGTAGAGGAAACACCGAAACCGA  
 AGATAAAATAAGGGTATTGGTACTAAAGAACCAAGTTGATAAAAGTAGTTAAATAATCAAATTGATAA  
 AGCTAGTTCTACTGATTATTCTACAGCAAGTTACAATGCTCTGGACCTGTTAGAAAC  
 TGCAAAAGGTCTATGCTCAGAGCTGTAAACAGCCTGAGGTAATAGCGAGACAAATAACTTAA  
 AACGGCTATTGACGCTCTAACGTTGATAAAACTGAATTAAACAATACGATTGAGATGCAAAACAAA  
 GGTAAAAGAACATTACAGTGTAGAACAGTTGGAAAACCTCCAAACTGAAGTTACAAAGGCTGAAAAGT  
 TGCAGCTAATACAGATGCTAAACAAAGTAGTAAACGAAGCTGTTGAAAATTAACAGTCAACTATTGA  
 AAAATTGGTTGAATTATCTGAAAAGCCAATATTAAACATTGACTAGTACCGATAAGAAAATATTGAAAG  
 TGAAGCTGTTGCTAAGTACTCTAGAAAATCAAACAAAACAAAATCAAATCAATCACAGCTGAATT  
 GAAAAAAGGAGAACAGTTATTAAACTGTAGTCCTACAGATGACAAGGTAAACACAGAAACTATAAG  
 CGCTGCATTAAGAACCTAGAGTACTACAAAGAACACCCCTATCTACAACATATGATTACGACAGAGG  
 TAACGGTGAAGAAACTGAAACTCTAGAAAATCAAATATTCAATTAGATCTTAAAAAGTTGAGCTTAA  
 AAATATTAAACGTACAGATTAAATCAAACGAAAATGGAAAAGAAACTATGAATCACTGATAACAAAC  
 TATTCTGATGATAAGAGCAATTATTAAACTCTAAATAATCAGAAAACACTACATTACTAGC  
 TGTTAAAATATAGAACGTTACGGTTAACGGAACACCTGTATATAAAGTTACAGCAATCGCAGACAA  
 TTTAGTCTCTAGAACTGCTGATAATAAATTGAAAGAAGAA

**SP123 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 218)**

VVEVETPQSITNQEQRARTENQVVEEAPKEEAPKTEESPKEEPKSEVKPTDDTLPKVEEGKEDSAEPA  
 PVEEVGGEVESKPEEKVAVKPESQPSDKPAEESKVEQAGEPVAPREDEKAPVEPEKQPEAPEEEKAVEE  
 TPKQEESTPDTKAETVEPKKEETVNVQNSIEQPKVETPAVEKQTEPEEPKVEQAGEPVAPREDEQAPTAP  
 VEPEKQPEVPEEEKAVEETPKPEDKIKIGTKEPVDKSELNNQIDKASSVSPDYSTASYNALGPVLET  
 AKGVYASEPVKQPEVNSETNKLKTAIDALNVDKTELNNNTIADAKTKVKEHYSDRSWQNLQTEVTKAEKV  
 AANTDAKQSEVNEAVEKLTATIEKLVELSEKPLTLSTDKKILEREAVAKYTLENQNKTKIKSITAEL  
 KKGEDEVINTVLTDDKVTETISAAFKNLEYYKEYTLSTTMIYDRGNGEETETLENQNIQLDLKKVELK  
 NIKRTDLIKYENGKETNESLITIPDDKSNNYLLKITSNNQKTTLLAVKNIEETTVNGTPVYKVTIAIDN  
 LVSRTADNKFEE

**SP124 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 219)**

AACACCTGTATAATAAGTTACAGCAATCGCAGACAATTTAGTCTCTAGAACTGCTGATAATAAATTG  
 AGAAGAACACGTTCACTATATTGAAAACCTAAAGTCCAGGAAGATAATGTATATTATAATTCAAAGA  
 ATTAGTGGAACTATTCAAAACGATCCTTCAAAGAATATCGTCTGGACAATCAATGAGCGCTAGAAA  
 TGTTGTTCTAATGGAAAATCATATATCACTAAAGAATTCAACAGGAAAACCTTTAAGTTCTGAAGGAAA  
 ACAATTGCTATTACTGAATTGGAACATCCATTATTAATGTGATAACAAACGCAACGATAAAATAATGT

Table 1

GAATTTGAAAATGTAGAGATAGAACGTTCTGGTCAAGATAATATTGCATCATTAGCCAATACATATGAA  
 AGGTTCTTCAGTTATTACAAATGTCAAAATTACAGGCACACTTCAGGTCGAATAATGTTGCTGGATT  
 TGTAATAATATGAATGATGGAACCTCGTATTGAAAATGTTGCTTCTTGGCAAACACTACACTCTACAAG  
 TGGAAAATGGCTCTACAGGGGAATTGCAGGTACAAACTATAGAGGAATTGTTAGAAAAGCATATGT  
 TGATGCTACTATTACAGGAAACAAACAGCGCCAGCTTGTAGTCCTAAAGTAGATTATGGATTAAC  
 TCTAGACCACATCTTATTGGTACAAAAGCTCTACTGAGTCGGTTGTAAAAGGTAAATAGATGTTTC  
 AAATCCAGTAGAAGTGGAGCAATAGCAAGTAAGACTTGGCCTGTAGGTACGGTAAGTAATTCTGTCAG  
 CTATGCTAAGATTATCCGTGGAGAGGAGTTATTCCGCTCTAACGACGTTGATGATTCTGATTATGCTAG  
 TGCTCATATAAAAGATTATATGCGTAGAGGGATATTGTCAGGTAAATAGATCATTAGGAATCTAA  
 AACATTACTAAATTAACAAAGCTGATGCTAAAGTTACTACTTCAATATTACTGCTGATAA  
 ATTAGAAAAGTGAATCTATCTCCTCTGCAAAACTTAATGAAGAAAAGCCTATTCTAGTATTCAAGATTA  
 TAACGCTGAATATAACCAAGCCTATAAAAATCTGAAAATTAAATACCAATTCTACAATAAAAGATTATAT  
 TGTATATCAAGGTAAATAAAATAAAGAACACCATCTAAATACTAAAGAAGTCTTCTGTTACCGC  
 GATGAACAACAATGAGTTATCACAAACCTAGATGAAGCTAATAAAATTATTGTTACTATGCGGACGG  
 TACAAAAGATTACTTTAACTTGTCTCTAGCAGTGAAGGTTAAGTAATGTTAAAGAATAACTATAAC  
 TGACTTAGAATTAAATATACACCTAATATCGTTAAAAAGATAACACTACTCTTGTAAATGATATAAA  
 ATCTATTTAGAATCAGTAGAGCTCAGTCTAAACGATGTATCAGCATCTAAATCGATTAGGTGACTA  
 TAGAGTTAATGCAATCAAAGATTATTTAGAAGAAAGCTTCACAGATGTTAAAGAAAACCTAACAAA  
 CCTAATCACAAAATTAGTCAAAACGAAGAACATCAACTAAATGATTCTCAGCTGCTCGTCAAATGAT  
 TCGTATAAGTCGAGAAAAACAAAGCAGTTTATTACTAGGTTAACTTACCTAAATCGTTACTATGG  
 AGTTAAATTGGTGTGTTAATATTAAGAATTATGCTATTCAACCAGATTCTATGGTAAAAAGT  
 TAGCGTATTAGACAGATTAAAGTAAATCGGTTCTAAAGAGAACACATTAAAGGTTACGTACATTGCA  
 CGCATTCCGGTCAAGTA

**SP124 amino acid (SEQ ID NO:220)**

TPVYKVTAIADNLVSRTADNKFEEEYVHYIEKPKVHEDNVYNNFKELVEAIQNDPSKEYRLGQSMSARN  
 VVPNGKSYITKEFTGKLLSSEGKQFAITELEHPLFNVITNATINNVNFENVEIERSQDNIASLANTMK  
 GSSVITNVKITGTLGRNNVAGFVNNMDGTRIENVAFFGKLHSTSGNGSHTGGIAGTNYRGIVRKAYV  
 DATITGNKTRASLLVPKVDYGLTLDFLHIGTKALLTESVVKGKIDVSNPVEVGIAASKTWPVGTVSNSVS  
 YAKIIRGEELFGSNDVDDSDYASAHIKDLYAVEGYSSGNRSFRKSFTKLTKEQADAKVTTFNITADK  
 LESDLSPLAKLNEEKAYSSIQDYNNAEYNQAYKNLEKIPYFNKDYIVYQGNKLNKEHHLNTKEVLSVTA  
 MNNNEFTITNLDEANKIIVHYADGTDYFNLSSSSSEGLSNVKEYTITDLGIKYTPNIVQKDNTTLVNDIK  
 SILESVELQSQTMYQHNLRLGDYRVNAIKDLYLEESFTDVKENLTNLITKLVQNEEHQLNDSPAARQMI  
 RDKVEKNAALLLGLTYLNRYYGVFGDVNIKELMLFPDFYGEKVSVLDRLIEIGSKENNIKGSRTFD  
 AFGQV

**SP125 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO:221)**

ATTAGACAGATTAATTGAAAATCGGTTCTAAAGAGAACACATTAAAGGTTACGTACATTGACCGATT  
 CGGTCAAGTATTGCTAAATATACTAAATCAGGTAAATTAGATGCTATTCTTAAATTATAATAGACAATT  
 GTTCACAAATATAGACAATATGAACGATTGGTTATTGATGCTACAGAACGACATGTCTACATCCAGA  
 ACGCGCTTCTGAGGTCGAAGAAATTAAAAATTCTAAACATCGTCATTGATAATTAAACGAAGTC  
 CCTTAGAAAATACTACTCCACTACTGAATTAGATAAGCACATCTTATTAAATTCAAAATTATAAA  
 TGCAATTGCTTGGTAGTGCAGAGCATTAGGTTAAACATCATTAGAAGATATTAAAGATATCGTTAA  
 CAAAGCTGCAGATGGTTATAGAAACTATTATGATTCTGGTATCGCTAGCGCTGATAACGTTAAACA  
 ACGACTACTAAGAGATGCTTTATTCTTATTGGGAAGGTTATAACGCTCTGGTGGATGGGTTGAAAA  
 ATATGGCGCTATAATACCGACAAAGTATATACTCCTCTTAGAGAAATTCTTGGTCTATGGATAAGTA  
 TTATAATTATAATGGAACAGGAGCTTATGCTGTATATATCCTAACTCTGATGATATTAGAACTGATGT  
 AAAATATGTCATTAGAAATGGTGGTAATACGGTATTCTAGTTACACACATGAAACACACACGT  
 CAACGACCGTGCATTACTAGGTGGTTGGACACCGTGAAGGTAACGCTGAGCATATGCTCA  
 GGGTATGCTACAAACTCCTTTACTGGTAGTGGATTGATGAGTTGGTCTTGTGTTAGGTTATTATGGT  
 ATTTAAACGCAAAATGATGGAATCAGTGGTATTACAGATCCTAAACACGAGAAGA  
 TATTAATAGATATGAAGGTTATAATGACACTTTAATCTTGTGATGAAATTGAGGCTGAATCTGT  
 GATTTCACAAAATAAGATTAAATAGTCATGGTTCAAAAAAAATAGATAGAGAACACCGTGA  
 CAATAAATTAAATCAATGGGATAAAATTGCAAATCTAAGTCAGAACAGAGAAAAATGAATTAAATATTCA  
 ATCTGTTAATGATTAGTTGATCAACAAATTAAATGACTAATCGCAATCCAGGTAATGGTATCTATAAAACC  
 CGAAGCAATTAGCTATAACGATCAATCACCTTATGAGGTGTTAGAATGATGACCGGTATCTACCGGAGG  
 TAATACTAGTAAAGGTGCTCTGGAGCTGTTCAACATAATGCTTTAGATTATGGGTTACTA  
 CGGATACGAAAATGGTTCTAGTTATGCTCAATAAACACAAATCTAAAACAGATGGTGA

Table 1

GTCTGTTCTAAGTGATGAATATATTATCAAGAAAAATATCTAACAAATACATTAAATACTATTGAAGAATT  
TAAAAAAAGCTTACTTCAAAGAAGTTAAAGATAAAAGCAACGAAAGGATTAACAACATTGAGTAAATGG  
TTCTTCGTTTCATCATACTGATGTTACTGACATTGTTAAAGAAGCTGTTAAAAAGATGCCGAAAC  
TCTTAAACAAGAAGCAAACGTAATAAAACAGTATCTATGAATAATACAGTTAAATTAAAAGAAGCTGT  
TTATAAGAAAATTCTTCACAAACAAATAGCTTAAACTTCATCTTAAA

**SP125 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 222)**

LDRLIEIGSKENNIKGSRTFDAFGQVLAKYTKSGNLDALNVRQLFTNIDNMNDWFIDATEDHVYIAE  
RASEVEEIKNSKHKRAFDNLKRSHLRNTILPLLNIDKAHLYLISNYNAIAFGSAERLGKKSLEDIKDIVN  
KAADGYRNYYDFWYRLASDNVKQRLLRDAVPIPIWEGYNAPGGWVEKYGRYNTDKVYTPLREFFGPMKY  
YNYNGTGYAAIYPNSDDIRTDVKYVHLEMVGEYGI SVYTHE TTHVNDRAIYLGGF GHREGTDAEAYAQ  
GMLQTPTVGTSGFDEFGSGLGINMVFKRKNNDGNQWYITDPKTLKTREDINRYMKGYNDTLTLLDEIAESV  
ISQQNKDLNSAWFKKIDREYRDNNKLNQWDKIRNLQEEKNELNIQSVDLVDQQLMTNRNPGNGIYKP  
EAISYNDQSPYVGVRMMTGIYGGNTSKGAPGAVSFKHNAFRLWGYYGYENGFLGYASNKYKQQSKTDGE  
SVLSDEYI IKKISNNTFNTIEEFKKAYFKEVKDKATKGLTTFVN GSSVSSYDDLLTLFKEAVKKDAET  
LKQEANGNKT VSMNNTVKLKEAVYKLLQQTNSFKTSIFK

**SP126 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 223)**

TAAGACAGATGAACGGAGCAAGGTGTTGACTTTCCATTCCCTACTATACTGCAAAAATAAACTCAT  
TGTCAAAAATCTGACTTACTTATCAGTCTGAAACGACTTGGCCAGAAAAAGGTTGGAGCGCA  
GAAAGGTTGATTCAAGAGACGATGGCAAAGATTGCTACAAAATTCTCCCTCGTATCTGCCTAA  
AAATGGGAATTAAATCACAGATTAAATCAGGACAAGTGGATGCCGTTATCTTGAAGAACCTGTTTC  
CAAGGGATTGTGAAAATAATCCTGATTAGCAATCGCAGACCTCAATTGGAAAAAGAGCAAGATGA  
TTCCTACGCGGTAGCCATgAAAAAAGATAGCAAGAAATTGAAGAGGCAGTCGATAAAACCATTCAAAA  
GTTGAAGGAGTCTGGGAATTAGACAAACTCATTGAGGAAGCCTTA

**SP126 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 224)**

KTDERSKVFDFSIPIYYTAKNKLIVKKSDLTTYQSVNDLAQKVKVGAQKGSIQETMAKDLLQNSSLVSLPK  
NGNLITDLKSGQVDAVIFEEPVSKGVENNPDLAIADLNFEKEQDDSYAVAMKKDSKKLKRQFDKTIQK  
LKESEGEDKLIEEAL

**SP127 nucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 225)**

CTGTGAGAATCAAGCTACACCCAAAGAGACTAGCGCTCAAAAGACAATCGCTTGTACAGCTGGCGA  
CGTGCACCATTGACTACGAAGACAAGGGCAATCTGACAGGCTTGATATCGAAGTTAAAGGCAGT  
AGATGAAAACACTCAGCGACTACGAGATTCAATTCCAAAGAACCGCCTGGGAGAGCATCTTCCAGGACT  
TGATTCTGGTCACTATCAGGCTGGCCAATAACTTGAGTTACACAAAAGAGCGTGTGAAAAATACCT  
TTACTCGCTTCCAATTCCAAACAATCCCTCGTCTTGTCAAGCAACAAGAAAATCCTTGACTTCTCT  
TGACCAAGATCGCTGGTAAACACAAGAGGATACCGGAACTTCTAACGCTCAATTCAATAACTG  
GAATCAGAAAACACTGATAATCCCGCTACAATTAACTTCTGGTGAGGATATTGGTAAACGAATCCT  
AGACCTTGCTAACCGAGAGTTGATTTCTAGTTTGACAAGGTATCCGTTCAAAAGATTATCAAGGA  
CCGTGGTTAGACCTCTCAGTCGTTGATTTCACCTTCTGCAGATAGCCCCAGCAATTATATCATTTC  
AAGCGACCAAAAAGAGTTAAAGAGCAATTGATAAAGCGCTCAAAGAACTCTATCAAGACGGAACCCT  
TGAAAAACTCAGCAATACCTATCTAGGTGGTTTACCTCCAGATCAATCTCAGTTACAA

**SP127 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 226)**

CENQATPKETSQAQKTIIVLATAGDVPPFDYEDKGNLTFDIEVLKAVDEKLSDYEQFQRTAWESTIFPGL  
DSGHYQAAANNLSTYTKERAEKYLYSLPISNNPLVLSVNKNPLTSLDQIAGKTTQEDTGT SNAQFINNW  
NQKHTDNPATINFSGEDIGKRIILDANGEFDLVDKVSQKIIKDRGLDLSVVDLPSADSPSNYIIFS  
SDQKEFKEQFDKALKELYQDGTLEKLSNTYLGGSYLPDQSQLQ

Table 2  
*S. pneumoniae* Antigenic Epitopes

**SP001**

Lys-1 to Ile-10; Leu-13 to Lys-32; Arg-41 to Ile-51; Ser-85 to Glu-97; Ala-159 to His-168; Val-309 to Thr-318; Val-341 to Asn-352; Asn-415 to Met-430; Phe-454 to Asn-464; Ser-573 to Gly-591; Asn-597 to Thr-641; and Asn-644 to Ala-664.

**SP004**

Thr-9 to Thr-24; Ile-29 to Ala-48; Thr-49 to Val-56; Val-286 to Val-312; Pro-316 to Glu-344; Val-345 to Ile-367; Gln-368 to Val-399; Ser-400 to Glu-431; Asn-436 to Ala-457; Ile-467 to Ala-498; and Thr-499 to Glu-540.

**SP006**

Glu-1 to Lys-13; Pro-24 to Gly-36; Val-104 to Thr-112; Ala-118 to Asn-130; Trp-137 to Ala-146; Ser-151 to Ile-159; Ile-181 to Leu-188; and Pro-194 to Tyr-202.

**SP007**

Gly-1 to Asn-7; Tyr-24 to Gln-34; His-47 to Phe-55; Ser-60 to Ala-67; Ala-122 to Leu-129; Leu-221 to Lys-230; Val-236 to Phe-256; and Asp-271 to Gly-283; and Leu-291 to Asp-297.

**SP008**

Leu-4 to Lys-17; Gln-24 to Leu-32; Asp-60 to Ser-66; Ser-70 to Asp-76; Ala-276 to Lys-283; Asn-304 to Lys-311; and Thr-429 to Pro-437.

**SP009**

Thr-4 to Glu-11; Leu-50 to Asp-60; Ile-102 to Trp-123; and Ser-138 to Ile-157.

**SP010**

Phe-34 to Gly-41; Asp-44 to Lys-50; Leu-172 to Val-186; Leu-191 to Val-198; Ser-202 to Ile-209; and Val-213 to Leu-221.

**SP011**

Asn-2 to Thr-10; Asp-87 to Ala-102; Tyr-125 to Glu-132; Thr-181 to Tyr-189; Arg-217 to Thr-232; Asn-257 to Lys-264; Pro-271 to Ser-278; Tyr-317 to Ala-325; Glu-327 to Pro-337; and Thr-374 to Val-381.

**SP012**

Gly-1 to Lys-19; Phe-34 to Tyr-41; Leu-109 to Lys-126; and Leu-231 to Glu-247.

**SP013**

Ala-1 to Lys-12; Ile-42 to Pro-53; Leu-138 to Lys-146; Ile-205 to Lys-217; Ser-235 to Ile-251; and Ser-261 to Tyr-272.

**SP014**

Gly-1 to Val-16; Leu-35 to Leu-44; Asp-73 to Asp-81; Ile-83 to Asp-92; Glu-145 to Ile-153; Phe-188 to Asn-196; Ser-208 to Phe-215; Ile-224 to Leu-231; and Asn-235 to Ala-243.

**SP015**

Ser-1 to Pro-16; Asn-78 to Glu-88; Ala-100 to Val-108; Ala-122 to Thr-129; Thr-131 to Ser-137; Leu-201 to Ser-220; and Gly-242 to Val-251.

**Table 2**  
***S. pneumoniae* Antigenic Epitopes**

**SP016**

Gly-1 to Glu-20; Thr-30 to Val-38; Gln-94 to Asn-105; Lys-173 to Pro-182; Gly-189 to Arg-197; Ser-207 to Val-224; Pro-288 to Leu-298; Ala-327 to Ala-342; and Ser-391 to Ala-402.

**SP017**

Ser-1 to Thr-12; Ala-36 to Tyr-45; Gln-48 to Ile-54; Lys-59 to Lys-76; Tyr-113 to Leu-138; and Phe-212 to Asp-219.

**SP019**

Val-97 to Glu-117; Asp-163 to Leu-169; Thr-182 to Thr-191; and Lys-241 to Ser-250.

**SP020**

Asn-18 to Lys-25; Thr-47 to Glu-60; Trp-75 to Val-84; Gly-102 to Val-110; Pro-122 to Ala-131; and Glu-250 to Pro-258.

**SP021**

Ser1 to Asp-8; Val-44 to Asp-54; Ala-117 to Val-125; Thr-165 to Thr-173; and Glu-180 to Pro-189.

**SP022**

Phe-5 to Lys-13; Thr-20 to Ser-36; Glu-59 to Lys-81; Tyr-85 to Gly-93; Trp-94 to Trp-101; and Thr-195 to Trp-208.

**SP023**

Gln-45 to Glu-59; Asp-69 to Pro-85; Lys-111 to Asn-121; Pro-218 to Ala-228; and Glu-250 to Asn-281.

**SP025**

Gln-14 to Thr-20; Gly-27 to Phe-33; Gly-63 to Glu-71; and Ile-93 to Phe-102.

**SP028**

Asp-171 to Pro-179; Tyr-340 to Glu-350; Pro-455 to Tyr-463; and Asp-474 to Pro-480.

**SP030**

Leu-22 to Leu-37; Trp-81 to Ala-90; Phe-101 to Ala-106; Thr-124 to Tyr-130; and Asn-138 to Glu-144.

**SP031**

Asp-8 to Val-16; Gly-27 to Thr-35; Gly-178 to Asp-195; Thr-200 to Asp-209; Trp-218 to Leu-224; and Lys-226 to Asp-241.

**SP032**

Ser-9 to Asp-28; Phe-31 to Val-40; Gly-42 to Arg-50; Ile-52 to Leu-60; Asp-174 to Phe-186; Leu-324 to Met-333; and Thr-340 to Asn-347.

**SP033**

Gln-2 to Ile-13; Phe-46 to Ile-53; and Asp-104 to Thr-121.

**SP034**

Glu-36 to Gly-43; Ala-188 to Asp-196; Trp-313 to Gly-320; and Leu-323 to Leu-329.

Table 2  
*S. pneumoniae* Antigenic Epitopes

**SP035**

Arg-19 to Asp-36; Asp-47 to Val-57; Asn-134 to Thr-143; Asp-187 to Arg-196; and Glu-222 to Ser-230.

**SP036**

Arg-10 to Arg-17; Lys-29 to Ser-39; Ser-140 to Ala-153; Arg-158 to Tyr-169; Asp-175 to Ala-183; Gly-216 to Asn-236; Ala-261 to Leu-270; Arg-282 to Phe-291; and Thr-297 to Ala-305; Pro-342 to Gln-362; Phe-455 to Asp-463; His-497 to Thr-511; Ala-521 to Gly-529; Ile-537 to Val-546; Ile-556 to Ala-568; Pro-581 to Ser-595; Glu-670 to Ala-685; Ser-696 to Ala-705 and Leu-782 to Ser-791.

**SP038**

Glu-61 to Pro-69; Phe-107 to Ala-115; Leu-130 to Tyr-141; Ala-229 to Glu-237; Ser-282 to Asn-287; Ala-330 to Glu-338; and Tyr-387 to Glu-393.

**SP039**

Ser-28 to Asp-35; Pro-88 to Pro-96; Leu-125 to Arg-135; Phe-149 to Leu-157; Gln-246 to Val-254; Ala-357 to Thr-362; Gly-402 to Lys-411; and Leu-440 to Pro-448.

**SP040**

Thr-21 to Ile-30; His-54 to Gln-68; Arg-103 to Leu-117; and Thr-127 to Leu-136.

**SP041**

Gly-36 to Asp-49; Leu-121 to Val-128; and Ala-186 to Ile-196.

**SP042**

Gly-11 to Arg-19; Ile-23 to Lys-31; His-145 to Asn-151; Gln-159 to Asp-166; Ile-175 to Asp-181; Gly-213 to Tyr-225; Ile-283 to Val-291; Pro-329 to Glu-364; Arg-372 to Ser-386; Thr-421 to Phe-430; Leu-445 to Val-453; Ile-486 to Ala-497; Asp-524 to Ala-535; His-662 to Gly-674; and His-679 to Gln-702.

**SP043**

Lys-2 to Asp-12; Val-58 to Asn-68; Ser-87 to Asp-95; and Asp-102 to Lys-117.

**SP044**

Gln-3 to Lys-11; Asp-37 to Tyr-52; Glu-171 to Leu-191; His-234 to Asn-247; and Asn-283 to Ala-291.

**SP045**

Tyr-52 to Ile-63; Asp-212 to Gln-227; Ser-315 to Thr-332; Leu-345 to Phe-354; Asp-362 to Val-370; Thr-518 to Asn-539; Ala-545 to Lys-559; and Val-601 to Pro-610.

**SP046**

Gln-9 to Ala-18; Glu-179 to Lys-186; Lys-264 to Glu-271; Gly-304 to Glu-17; Ser-503 to Asn-511; Asn-546 to Thr-553; and Asn-584 to Asp-591.

**SP048**

**Table 2**  
***S. pneumoniae* Antigenic Epitopes**

Tyr-4 to Asp-25; Lys-33 to Val-70; Asp-151 to Thr-170; Asp-222 to Val-257; Thr-290 to Phe-301; and Gly-357 to Val-367.

**SP049**

Ala-23 to Arg-37; Tyr-85 to Gln-95; Glu-106 to Ile-118; Arg-131 to ILE-144; Gly-150 to Ser-162; and Ala-209 to Asp-218.

**SP050**

Asp-95 to Glu-113; Gly-220 to Gly-228; Asn-284 to Glu-295; Thr-298 to Val-315.

**SP051**

Lys-16 to Glu-50; Lys-57 to Asn-104; Ser-158 to Trp-173; Asp-265 to Pro-279; Val-368 to Tyr-386; Glu-420 to Ile-454; Pro-476 to Ile-516; Phe-561 to Gly-581; Thr-606 to Gly-664; and Glu-676 to Val-696.

**SP052**

Asn-41 to Tyr-60; Phe-80 to Glu-103; Ala-117 to Val-139; Ile-142 to Leu-155; Val-190 to Lys-212; Glu-276 to Phe-283; Arg-290 to Ser-299; Leu-328 to Val-351; Gly-358 to Thr-388; Glu-472 to Ala-483; Val-533 to Asn-561; Asp-595 to Val-606; Glu-609 to Val-620; Glu-672 to Ser-691.

**SP053**

Ala-62 to Val-101; Thr-147 to Leu-174; Lys-204 to Val-216; Gln-228 to Val-262; Ser-277 to Gly-297; Thr-341 to Gly-368; Thr-385 to Ala-409; Thr-414 to Ser-453; Asn-461 to Leu-490; Glu-576 to Thr-625; Gly-630 to Arg-639; and Asp-720 to Leu-740.

**SP054**

Glu-7 to Val-28; and Tyr-33 to Glu-44.

**SP055**

Pro-3 to Val-18; Thr-21 to Lys-53; Val-84 to Lys-99; Ile-162 to Val-172; and Val-204 to Ser-241.

**SP056**

Val-34 to Tyr-41; Leu-47 to Glu-55; and Pro-57 to Gln-66.

**SP057**

Asp-1 to Val-25; Pro-29 to Ile-80; Asn-96 to Val-145; and Pro-150 to Glu-172.

**SP058**

Ala-64 to Thr-70; Leu-82 to His-138; and Val-228 to Asn-236.

**SP059**

Val-10 to Thr-24; Ser-76 to Pro-102; Ser-109 to Ile-119; Ser-124 to Val-130; Thr-186 to Ile-194; and Asn-234 to Ser-243.

**SP060**

Leu-70 to Arg-76; and Val-79 to Ile-88.

**SP062**

Glu-14 to Lys-28; Ser-32 to Lys-46; and Glu-66 to Thr-74.

**Table 2**  
***S. pneumoniae* Antigenic Epitopes**

**SP063**

Ile-10 to Val-25; Val-30 to Thr-40; Asp-44 to Pro-54; Asn-57 to Val-63; Pro-71 to Val-100; and Thr-105 to Thr-116.

**SP064**

Pro-12 to Leu-32; Val-40 to Leu-68; Asp-95 to Ala-125; Ser-164 to Glu-184; Ser-314 to Glu-346; Asn-382 to Val-393; Leu-463 to Gln-498; Asn-534 to Lys-548; and Lys-557 to Gly-605.

**SP065**

Asn-2 to Ile-12; Ala-39 to Thr-61; and His-135 to Ala-155.

**SP067**

Gly-1 to Thr-13; Asp-203 to Asn-218; and Gly-240 to Asp-253.

**SP068**

Ser-2 to Ser-12; Val-17 to Gln-26; and Lys-54 to Cys-67.

**SP069**

Ser-32 to Thr-41; Pro-66 to Glu-80; Thr-110 to Val-122; and Val-147 to Thr-180.

**SP070**

Lys-6 to Tyr-16; Gln-19 to Ile-27; Arg-50 to Ala-58; Leu-112 to Val-128; Ile-151 to Asn-167; Leu-305 to Phe-321.

**SP071**

Gln-92 to Asn-158; Gln-171 to Gln-188; Val-204 to Val-240; Thr-247 to Ala-273; Glu-279 to Thr-338; Pro-345 to Glu-368; Asn-483 to Lys-539; Val-552 to Ala-568; Glu-575 to Ser-591; Ser-621 to Gly-640; Gln-742 to Gly-758.

**SP072**

Val-68 to Tyr-81; Tyr-86 to Val-121; Leu-127 to Gly-140; Gly-144 to Ala-155; Gln-168 to Val-185; Asp-210 to Try-241; Glu-246 to Thr-269; Lys-275 to Tyr-295; Gly-303 to Pro-320; Arg-327 to Ile-335; Thr-338 to Thr-364; Tyr-478 to Phe-495; and Tyr-499 to Arg-521.

**SP073**

Glu-37 to Val-45; Glu-55 to Val-68; Thr-104 to Thr-119; Ile-127 to Tyr-135; Asn-220 to Ile-232; Thr-237 to Ala-250; Ser-253 to Ala-263; Glu-284 to Ile-297; and Met-438 to Asn-455.

**SP074**

Gly-2 to Ala-12; Gly-96 to Ile-110; and Thr-220 to Phe-239.

**SP075**

Phe-33 to Tyr-42; Gln-93 to Gly-102; and Val-196 to Asp-211.

**SP076**

Ser-64 to Leu-76; and Phe-81 to Ala-101.

**SP077**

Asp-1 to Glu-12; Tyr-26 to Val-36; and Val-51 to Try-62.

**Table 2**  
***S. pneumoniae* Antigenic Epitopes**

**SPO78**

Ala-193 to Ile-208; Tyr-266 to Asn-275; Glu-356 to Leu-369; Ala-411 to Gly-422; Ser-437 to Pro-464; Thr-492 to Glu-534; and Glu-571 to Gln-508.

**SPO79**

Gly-11 to Leu-20; Lys-39 to Leu-48; Leu-72 to Val-85; Asn-147 to Ser-158; Ile-178 to Asp-187; Tyr-189 to Gln-201; and Leu-203 to Ala-216

**SPO80**

Ser-2 to Glu-12; Gln-42 to Ala-51; Ala-116 to Ser-127; Phe-131 to Asp-143; and Ile-159 to Ile-171.

**SPO81**

Gln-2 to Leu-9; Gln-49 to Cys-57; Ile-108 to Val-131; Gly-134 to Leu-145; and Trp-154 to Cys-162.

**SPO82**

Ile-101 to Ser-187; Gly-191 to Asn-221; Arg-225 to Arg-236; Tyr-239 to Leu-255; and Gly-259 to Arg-268.

**SPO83**

Ser-28 to Asp-70.

**SPO84**

Leu-42 to Gln-66; Thr-69 to Lys-81; Glu-83 to Arg-92; and Gly-98 to Asn-110.

**SPO85**

Gln-2 to Val-22; and Ser-45 to Glu-51.

**SPO86**

Leu-18 to Gln-65; and Lys-72 to Val-83.

**SPO87**

Ser-45 to Leu-53; and Thr-55 to Gln-63

**SPO88**

Pro-8 to Ile-16; Leu-25 to Trp-33; Tyr-35 to Gln-43; Leu-51 to Val-59; Val-59 to Arg-67; Thr-55 to Tyr-63; Asn-85 to Gly-93; Thr-107 to Leu-115; Leu-115 to Trp-123; Ala-121 to Thr-129; Tyr-153 to Ala-161; His-176 to Gly-184; Tyr-194 to Ala-202; Ala-217 to Gly-225; and Asn-85 to Gly-93.

**SPO89**

Trp-43 to Ala-51; Gln-68 to Phe-76; Val-93 to Gln-101; Phe-106 to Phe-114; Lys-117 to Lys-125; Trp-148 to Phe-156; Glu-168 to Gln-176; Ile-193 to Tyr-201; Lys-203 to Lys-211; Glu-212 to Gln-220; Ile-237 to Tyr-245; Lys-247 to Lys-255; Glu-256 to Gln-264; Met-275 to Gly-283; Lys-286 to Gly-294; Trp-292 to Glu-300; Asp-289 to Thr-297; Tyr-315 to Ser-323; Asp-334 to Lys-342; Pro-371 to Arg-379; Arg-485 to Asn-493; Lys-527 to Arg-535; Phe-537 to Met-545; and Tyr-549 to Glu-557.

**SPO90**

**Table 2**  
***S. pneumoniae* Antigenic Epitopes**

Phe-2 to Gln-10; Gln-13 to Lys-21; Tyr-19 to Glu-27; Tyr-39 to Met-47; Pro-65 to Leu-73; Tyr-121 to His-129; Lys-147 to Ile-155; Gly-161 to Lys-169; Gly-218 to Trp-226; Asp-230 to Thr-238; Tyr-249 to Ala-257; and Ala-272 to Gly-280.

**SP091**

Ser-19 to Ser-27; Asn-25 to Thr-33; Val-51 to Gln-59; Asn-75 to Asn-83; Ile-103 to Trp-111; Tyr-113 to Ala-121; Leu-175 to Asn-183; Glu-185 to Trp-193; Ala-203 to Tyr-211; Val-250 to Phe-258; Asn-260 to Thr-268; Ser-278 to Asp-286; Tyr-305 to Leu-313; Asn-316 to Gly-324; Asn-374 to Asp-382; Asn-441 to Gly-449; and Ser-454 to Gln-462.

**SP092**

Arg-95 to Glu-103; Ala-216 to Val-224; Leu-338 to Glu-346; Pro-350 to Ala-358; Pro-359 to Ala-367; Pro-368 to Ala-376; Pro-377 to Ala-385; Pro-386 to Ala-394; Pro-395 to Ala-403; Pro-350 to Ala-358; Gln-414 to Lys-422; Pro-421 to Asn-429; Trp-465 to Tyr-473; Phe-487 to Tyr-495; Asn-517 to Gly-525; Trp-586 to Tyr-594; Phe-608 to Tyr-616; and Asp-630 to Gly-638.

**SP093**

Gln-30 to Ile-38; Gln-52 to Val-50; Ala-108 to His-116; Tyr-133 to Glu-141; Tyr-192 to Ala-200; and Phe-207 to Ser-215.

**SP094**

Ala-87 to Val-95; Leu-110 to Cys-118; Gln-133 to Leu-141; Ser-185 to Leu-193; Ile-195 to Gly-203; Asp-206 to Gln-214; Ser-211 to Gly-219; Ile-241 to Thr-249.

**SP095**

Arg-1 to Gln-9; Phe-7 to Asn-15; Thr-21 to Asn-30; Leu-46 to Phe-54; and Ser-72 to Met-80.

**SP096**

Gly-29 to Ile-37; Glu-52 to Ser-60; and Leu-64 to Gly-72.

**SP097**

Ala-11 to Thr-19; Glu-53 to Glu-61; Ser-91 to Lys-99; Thr-123 to Gln-131; and Gly-209 to Lys-217.

**SP098**

Thr-3 to Ser-11; Gly-38 to Phe-46; Tyr-175 to Asn-183; Met-187 to Cys-195; Gln-197 to Leu-205; Tyr-307 to Gln-315; Gly-318 to Tyr-326; Asn-348 to Val-356; Lys-377 to Pro-385; and Leu-415 to Val-423.

**SP099**

Arg-19 to Gly-27; Asp-76 to Ser-84; Val-90 to Lys-98; Phe-165 to Val-173; Leu-237 to Pro-245.

**SP100**

His-111 to Gln-119; Ser-141 to His-149; Asp-154 to Ser-162; Gln-158 to Gln-166; Asp-154 to Gln-166; Lys-180 to Gln-188; and Ser-206 to Gln-214.

**SP101**

**Table 2**  
***S. pneumoniae* Antigenic Epitopes**

Glu-23 to Glu-31; Glu-40 to Val-48; Gln-50 to Ser-58; Thr-61 to Ile-69; Leu-82 to Ile-90; Ala-108 to Leu-116; Gln-121 to Pro-129; and Leu-130 to Thr-138.

**SP102**

Asp-32 to His-40; Arg-48 to Lys-56; and Asp-102 to Thr-110.

**SP103**

Arg-5 to Gln-13; Gln-22 to Leu-30; Arg-151 to Gln-159; Arg-167 to Gln-175; Pro-189 to Glu-197; Gly-207 to Leu-215; Ser-219 to Gln-227; Ser-233 to Ser-241; Pro-255 to Asp-264; Lys-272 to Gly-280; Ser-318 to Val-326; Thr-341 to Asp-351; Asn-356 to Thr-364; Val-370 to Tyr-378; Ile-379 to Gln-387; and Met-435 to Tyr-443.

**SP105**

Asn-28 to Pro-36; Thr-77 to Phe-85; Arg-88 to Val-96; Gly-107 to Phe-115; Asp-169 to Asp-177; His-248 to Ser-256; and Ser-274 to Ala-282.

**SP106**

Val-10 to Thr-18; Ile-62 to Tyr-70; Ile-71 to Pro-79; Lys-86 to Gln-94; Lys-100 to Thr-108; Phe-132 to Leu-140; and Asp-145 to Arg-153.

**SP107**

Asp-33 to Val-41; and Arg-63 to Gln-71.

**SP108**

Lys-9 to Gln-17; Leu-44 to Ser-52; Ser-63 to Phe-71; Tyr-109 to Ser-117; Ile-183 to Ile-191; Pro-194 to Leu-202; Gly-257 to Gln-265; Ala-323 to Thr-331; and Leu-381 to Tyr-389.

**SP109**

Asn-2 to Gln-10; Ala-65 to Lys-73; Leu-76 to Glu-84; Thr-111 to Asp-119; Gln-116 to Tyr-124; Tyr-130 to Val-138; Asp-173 to Gly-181; Asp-196 to Ser-204; Asn-231 to Ser-239; Phe-252 to Ser-260; Phe-270 to Tyr-278; Val-291 to His-299; Asp-306 to Leu-314; and Pro-327 to Gly-335.

**SP110**

Ser-8 to Glu-16; Ile-37 to Val-45; Ala-107 to Val-115; and Gly-122 to Thr-130.

**SP111**

Asp-19 to Glu-28; Leu-43 to Ala-51; Asn-102 to Phe-110; Gln-133 to Ser-141; Phe-162 to Asp-170; Tyr-194 to Met-202; and Asp-273 to Ser-281.

Table 2  
*S. pneumoniae* Antigenic Epitopes

**SP112**

Asp-3 to Gln-11; Gly-21 to Ile-29; Ala-46 to Arg-54; Arg-98 to Arg-106; Thr-114 to Val-122; Gln-133 to Asn-141; and Leu-223 to Thr-231.

**SP113**

Asn-19 to Gly-27; Arg-54 to Ser-62; Val-69 to Gln-77; Ser-117 to Asn-125; Gly-164 to Leu-172; Tyr-193 to Ser-201; Cys-303 to Phe-311; His-315 to Ile-323; Arg-341 to Cys-349; Ile-347 to Ser-355; Arg-403 to Phe-411; Gln-484 to Pro-492; Ser-499 to Leu-507; Ile-541 to Thr-549

Asn-622 to Ile-630; and Glu-645 to Gly-653.

**SP114**

Gly-17 to Leu-25; His-40 to Gln-48; Arg-49 to Arg-57; Ile-65 to Pro-73;

Asn-101 to Asp-111; Gly-128 to Cys-136; Phe-183 to Thr-191; and Pro-268 to Ile-276.

**SP115**

Met-8 to Ser-16; Tyr-24 to Leu-32; Cys-68 to Leu-76; Ser-100 to Pro-108; Thr-193 to Thr-201; Gly-238 to Pro-250; Thr-280 to Phe-288; Pro-303 to Asn-312; Trp-319 to Leu-328; Leu-335 to Leu-344; Lys-395 to Ala-403; Asn-416 to Gln-424; Tyr-430 to Ser-438; Val-448 to Leu-456; Leu-460 to Thr-468; Pro-502 to Thr-510; Lys-515 to Ile-524; Gln-523 to His-532; Tyr-535 to Thr-543; Ser-559 to Pro-567; Thr-572 to Asn-580;

Val-594 to Arg-602; Arg-603 to Asn-611; Thr-620 to Trp-628; and Tyr-644 to Arg-653.

**SP117**

Ala-6 to Gly-14; Ile-19 to Thr-27; Thr-99 to Leu-107; Ser-117 to Asp-125; His-131 to Val-139; Ile-193 to Gly-201; and Val-241 to Gln-249.

**SP118**

Ser-8 to Trp-23; His-46 to Ala-54; Asn-93 to Gly-101; Val-100 to Ser-108; Arg-155 to Asp-163; and His-192 to Leu-200.

**SP119**

Tyr-46 to Lys-54; Ser-93 to Ser-101; Trp-108 to Asn-116; Val-121 to Glu-129; and Tyr-131 to Gln-139.

**SP120**

Ala-57 to Lys-65; Leu-68 to Glu-76; Thr-103 to Tyr-116; Tyr-122 to Val-130; His-163 to Gly-173; Asp-188 to Ser-196; Ser-222 to Ser-231; Phe-244 to Ser-252; Pro-262 to Tyr-270; Val-283 to His-291; and Asp-298 to Leu-306.

**SP121**

Ser-3 to Ala-11; Asp-13 to Leu-21; Ser-36 to Val-44; and Gln-136 to Met-144.

**SP122**

Asn-28 to Lys-36; Glu-39 to Thr-50; Val-54 to Lys-62; Asn-106 to Leu-114; Phe-159 to Gly-167; Asn-172 to Arg-180; Glu-199 to Asn-207;

**Table 2**  
***S. pneumoniae* Antigenic Epitopes**

Lys-230 to His-241; Asn-252 to Gly-263; Met-278 to Ala-287; Thr-346 to Asp-354; Lys-362 to Thr-370; Asp-392 to Asn-405; Asp-411 to Ala-424; Gly-434 to Gly-443; Tyr-484 to Glu-492; Ile-511 to Leu-519; Asn-524 to Asp-538; Glu-552 to Ile-567; Val-605 to Lys-613; Phe-697 to Ala-705; Phe-722 to Leu-730; Leu-753 to Leu-761; Asp-787 to Gln-795; Leu-858 to Asn-866; Ala-892 to Thr-901; Gly-903 to Ile-913; Ile-921 to Asn-931; Asn-938 to Pro-951; Gly-960 to Lys-970; Leu-977 to Asp-985; and Leu-988 to Pro-996.

**SP123**

Val-4 to Asn-12; Glu-47 to Leu-55; Lys-89 to Glu-100; Ser-165 to Thr-173; Lys-234 to Val-242; Ser-258 to Ser-266; Glu-284 to Asn-292; Tyr-327 to Leu-335; Tyr-457 to Thr-465; Tyr-493 to Glu-501; Thr-506 to Tyr-514; Lys-517 to Thr-525; Asn-532 to Gly-540; and Arg-556 to Glu-564.

**SP124**

rg-16 to Glu-24; Gln-52 to Arg-60; Asn-69 to Tyr-77; Glu-121 to Asn-129; Ala-134 to Val-142; Thr-151 to Ala-159; Asn-164 to Glu-172; His-181 to His-189; Thr-210 to Ala-218; Ser-244 to Val-252; Phe-287 to Tyr-297; Ser-312 to Thr-323; His-433 to Tyr-441; Ser-445 to Asn-453; Asn-469 to Thr-477; Asn-501 to Asn-509; Gln-536 to Ala-547; and Gln-608 to Asp-621.

**SP125**

Ser-9 to Asp-21; Ala-28 to Leu-36; Asn-49 to Phe-57; Val-137 to Arg-145; Asn-155 to Leu-163; Glu-183 to Asp-191; Gly-202 to Tyr-210; Pro-221 to Asp-229; Phe-263 to Ala-271; Phe-300 to Gln-308; Asp-313 to Glu-321; Asn-324 to Asp-332; Ile-346 to Asn-354; Asp-362 to Lys-370; Met-402 to Gly-410; Gly-437 to Gly-445; Ser-471 to Glu-483; Gly-529 to Asp-537; Gln-555 to Val-563; and Leu-579 to Lys-587.

**SP126**

Leu-22 to Thr-30; Val-65 to Leu-73; and Thr-75 to Asp-83.

**SP127**

Glu-2 to Ala-12; Asp-28 to Thr-36; Val-105 to Thr-113; Lys-121 to Thr-129; Trp-138 to Pro-146; Ser-152 to Ile-160; Lys-180 to Asp-188; Leu-194 to Asn-202; and Gly-228 to Thr-236.

Table 3  
*S. pneumoniae* ORF Cloning Primers

Primer	Name	SEQ ID	Sequence	RE
SP001A	NO: 227		GAATCTACGACAATAAAATC	Bam HI
SP001B	NO: 228		CTGAGTCGACTGGTTGTGCTGGTTGAG	Sal I
SP004A	NO: 229		GTCAGGATCCAAATTACAATACGGACTATG	Bam HI
SP004B	NO: 230		CAGTGTGACTAACTCTAGTCGGAAC	Sal I
SP006A	NO: 231		GAATCTTGAGAACATCAAGCTACACCCAAAGAG	Bam HI
SP006B	NO: 232		AGTCAAGCTTTGTAACTGAGATTGATCTGG	Hind III
SP007A	NO: 233		GAATCTTGTAACCGCTCTTCGTAACGCAGC	Bam HI
SP007B	NO: 234		AGTCAAGCTTTTCAGGAACCTTTACGCTTCC	Hind III
SP008A	NO: 235		AGTCAGATCTTGTGGAAATTGACAGTAACAGCAAAAAAGCTGC	Bgl II
SP008B	NO: 236		ACTGAAGCTTTTGTGTTTCAAGAACATTATCG	Hind III
SP009A	NO: 237		GAATCTTGTCAGGAACCTGTTCTAAAGAC	Bam HI
SP009B	NO: 238		AGTCAAGCTTCACAAATTCTGTTGGTAAGCC	Hind III
SP010A	NO: 239		GAATCTTAGCTCAGGTGGAAACGCTGGTCATCC	Bam HI
SP010B	NO: 240		AGTCAAGCTTATCAACTTTCCACCTTCACAAACC	Hind III
SP011A	NO: 241		GTCAAGATCTCTCAACTATGGTAATCTGGGATGG	Bgl II
SP011B	NO: 242		AGTCCTGCAGATCCACATCCGTTCATGGGTTAAAGAAGG	Pst I
SP012A	NO: 243		GAATCTTGGAACATTCTAGCGAAACTAGTGG	Bam HI
SP012B	NO: 244		GTCACTGCAGCTGTCCTCTTTACTTCTTGGTTGC	Pst I
SP013A	NO: 245		GAATCTTGCTAGCGGAAAAAGATAACAACCTCTGG	Bam HI
SP013B	NO: 246		CTGAAAGCTTTTGCCAATCCTCAGCAATCTTGT	Hind III
SP014A	NO: 247		GAATAGATCTGGCTAAAAATACAGCTTCAAGTCC	Bgl II
SP014B	NO: 248		AGTCCTGCAGGTTTGTGTTGCTGGTATTGGTCG	Pst I
SP015A	NO: 249		GAATGGATCTTAGTACAAACTCAAGCACTAGTCAGACAGAG	Bam HI
SP015B	NO: 250		CAGTCTGCAGTTCAAAGCTTTGTATGTCTTC	Pst I
SP016A	NO: 251		GAATGGATCTGGCAATTCTGGCGGAAGTAAAGATGC	Bam HI
SP016B	NO: 252		AGTCAAGCTTGTTCATAGCTTTTGATTGGTCG	Hind III
SP017A	NO: 253		GAATGGATCTTCACAAAGAAAAACAAAAATGAAGATGG	Bam HI
SP017B	NO: 254		AGTCAAGCTTATCGACGTAGTCTCCGCCTTC	Hind III
SP019A	NO: 255		GAATGGATCCGAAAGGCTGTGGTCAAATAATCTTACC	Bam HI
SP019B	NO: 256		AGTCAAGCTTAGAGTTAACATGGTGTGCCAATAGG	Hind III
SP020A	NO: 257		GAATGGATCCAAACTCAGAAAAGAAAGCAGACAATGC	Bam HI
SP020B	NO: 258		AGTCAAGCTTCCAAACTGGTTGATCCAACCATCTG	Hind III
SP021A	NO: 259		GAATGGATCTTCGAAAGGGTCAGAAGGTGCAGACC	Bam HI
SP021B	NO: 260		AGTCAAGCTTCTGTAGGTTGGTGTGCCAGTTGC	Hind III
SP022A	NO: 261		CTGAGGATCCGGGATGGCAGCTTTAAAATC	Bam HI
SP022B	NO: 262		CAGTAAGCTTGTACCCATTCAACCATTAC	Hind III
SP023A	NO: 263		CAGTGGATCCAGACGAGAAAAATTAAAG	Bam HI
SP023B	NO: 264		TCAGAAGCTTGTACCCATTCAACCATT	Hind III
SP025A	NO: 265		GAATGGATCCCTGTGGTGGAGAAAGAAACTAAAAAG	Bam HI
SP025B	NO: 266		CTGAGTCGACAATATTCTGTAGGAATGCTTCGAATTG	Sal I
SP028A	NO: 267		CTGAGGATCCGACTTTAACATAAAACTATTGAAGAG	Bam HI
SP028B	NO: 268		GTCACTGCAGGTTGTACCTCCAAAAATCACGG	Pst I
SP030A	NO: 269		GAATGGATCCCTTACAGGTAAACAACTACAAGTCGG	Bam HI
SP030B	NO: 270		CAGTAAGCTTTCGAAGTTGGCTCAGAATTG	Hind III
SP031A	NO: 271		GAATGGATCCCCAGGCTGATACAAGTATCGCA	Bam HI
SP031B	NO: 272		CAGTAAGCTTATCTGCACTGGTAGATGG	Hind III
SP032A	NO: 273		GAATGGATCCGTCTGTATCATTGAAAACAAAGAAC	Bam HI
SP032B	NO: 274		CAGTCTGCAGTTTACTGTTGCTGTGCTTGT	Pst I
SP033A	NO: 275		ACTGAGATCTGGTCAAAAGGAAAGTCAGACAGGAAAGG	Bgl II
SP033B	NO: 276		CAGTAAGCTTATTCTGAGCTTTTGATAAAGGTTGCGCA	Hind III
SP034A	NO: 277		ACTGGGATCCGAAAGGATAGATATTTAGCATTTGAGAC	Bam HI
SP034B	NO: 278		AGTCAAGCTTCCATGGTATCAAAGGCAAGACTTGG	Hind III
SP035A	NO: 279		GTCAGGATCCGGTAGTTAAAGTGGTATTAAACGG	Bam HI
SP035B	NO: 280		AGTCAAGCTTGCACATTGCGAAGTATTCCAAGAG	Hind III
SP036A	NO: 281		AGTCGGATCTTCTACGAGTTGGACTGTATCAAGC	Bam HI

Table 3  
*S. pneumoniae* ORF Cloning Primers

Primer	Name	SEQ ID	Sequence	RE
SP036B	NO : 282		AGTCAGCTGTTATTTTCTTACTTACAGATGAAGG	Hind III
SP038A	NO : 283		AGTCGGATCCTACTGAGATGCATCATATACTAGGAGC	Bam HI
SP038B	NO : 284		TCAGCTCGAGTTCTTGACATCTCATCATAGTCGC	Xba I
SP039A	NO : 285		GACTGGATCCGGTTTGAGAAAGTATTCGAGGGG	Bam HI
SP039B	NO : 286		CAGTAAGCTGGATTTTCATGGATGCAATTCTTGG	Hind III
SP040A	NO : 287		GACTGGATCCGACAACATTACTATCCATACAGTAGTCAGC	Bam HI
SP040B	NO : 288		GACTAAGCTGGCATAAGGTTGCAATTCTGGATTAATTGG	Hind III
SP041A	NO : 289		GACTGGATCCGGCTAAGGAAAGACTGGATG	Bam HI
SP041B	NO : 290		GACTAAGCTTTCATTTAAATTGACTATGCGCCCG	Hind III
SP042A	NO : 291		GACTGGATCCTGTTCTATGAACCTGGTCGTACC	Bam HI
SP042B	NO : 292		CATGAAGCTTATCCTGGATTCTCAAGTAAATCT	Hind III
SP043A	NO : 293		GACTGGATCCTTATAAGGGTGAATTAGAAAAAGG	Bam HI
SP043B	NO : 294		GACTAAGCTTCTTATTAGGATTGTTAGTAGTTG	Hind III
SP044A	NO : 295		GACTGGATCCGAAATGTTCAAGGCTAAGAAAGTTCAGG	Bam HI
SP044B	NO : 296		GACTAAGCTTCCCTGATGGAGCAAAGTAATACC	Hind III
SP045A	NO : 297		GACTGGATCCCTGGGTGTAACCCATATCCAGCTCCTTC	Bam HI
SP045B	NO : 298		GACTGTCGACTTCAGCTGTTATCTGGGTTGC	Sal I
SP046A	NO : 299		GACTGGATCCTAGTGTAGGTTACTTGGCAAGGAAAACAG	Bam HI
SP046B	NO : 300		ACTGCTGCAGATCTTGCACCTAGCTCTCATG	Pst I
SP048A	NO : 301		GTCAGGATCCTGGGATTCAATATGTCAGAGATGATACTAG	Bam HI
SP048B	NO : 302		CTAGAAGCTTACGCACCCATTCACTTACATTATCATG	Hind III
SP049A	NO : 303		GTCAGGATCCGGATAATAGAGAAGCATTAAAACC	Bam HI
SP049B	NO : 304		AGTCAAGCTTGACAAAATCTGAAACCTCTGGTC	Hind III
SP050A	NO : 305		GTCAGGATCCAGATTTGTCGAGGAGTGTCAACC	Bam HI
SP050B	NO : 306		AGTCAAGCTTCCCTTTTACCCCTACGAACTCAGG	Hind III
SP051A	NO : 307		GACTGGATCCATCTGTAGTTATGCGGATGAAACACTTATTAC	Bam HI
SP051B	NO : 308		GACTGTCGACGCTTGGTAGAGATAGAACTCATG	Sal I
SP052A	NO : 309		GACTGGATCCTTACTTGGTATCGTAGATACTGGCCGC	Bam HI
SP052B	NO : 310		AGTCAAGCTTGTAAATTGCGTACCTTCTAAGCGACC	Hind III
SP053A	NO : 311		GACTGGATCCAGCTAAGGGTGCATGGGATGCGATTG	Bam HI
SP053B	NO : 312		GACTGTCGACCTGGGCTTATTAGTTGACTAGC	Sal I
SP054A	NO : 313		CAGTGGATCCCTATCACTATCTAAATAAGAGA	Bam HI
SP054B	NO : 314		ACTGAAGCTTCTGTCCTGGAGGCA	Hind III
SP055A	NO : 315		CAGTGGATCCTGAGACTCCTCAATCAAATAACAAA	Bam HI
SP055B	NO : 316		ACGTAAGCTTAAATCAGTAGGAGAAACTGAACT	Hind III
SP056A	NO : 317		CAGTGGATCCGGATGCTCAAGAAACTGCGG	Bam HI
SP056B	NO : 318		GACTAAGCTTGTGCTCTCATTCTGCTTCC	Hind III
SP057A	NO : 319		CAGTGGATCCCACAAAGGTGAGACTGAG	Bam HI
SP057B	NO : 320		ACGTAAGCTTATTCTTAATTCAAGTGTCTCTG	Hind III
SP058A	NO : 321		GACTGGATCCAATCAATTGGTAGCACAAGATCC	Bam HI
SP058B	NO : 322		CAGTGTGACATTAGGAGCCACTGGTCTC	Sal I
SP059A	NO : 323		CAGTGGATCCCCAACAGTCAGCTTCAGGAAC	Bam HI
SP059B	NO : 324		GACTCTGCAGTTAATCTGTCCCAGGTGG	Pst I
SP060A	NO : 325		GACTGGATCCATTGCGATGATGCGGATGAAAAG	Bam HI
SP060B	NO : 326		GACTAAGCTTCAATTGTCTTGGGTATTCGCA	Hind III
SP062A	NO : 327		CAGTGGATCCGGAGAGTCGATCAAAGTAG	Bam HI
SP062B	NO : 328		GTCACTGCAGTGCTCGTCTCGAGGTT	Pst I
SP063A	NO : 329		CAGTGGATCCATGGACAAACAGGAAACTGGGAC	Bam HI
SP063B	NO : 330		CAGTAAGCTTATTAGCTCTGACCTGTGTTG	Hind III
SP064A	NO : 331		GACTGGATCCCAGGGCTCAATCCAACCCCAGGTCAAGTC	Bam HI
SP064B	NO : 332		GACTCTGCAGCAGTCTGACATCATCGTATC	Pst I
SP065A	NO : 333		GACTGGATCCTCCAATCAAAACAGGGCAGATGG	Bam HI
SP065B	NO : 334		GACTAAGCTTGAGTCCCCTAGTCCAAGGC	Hind III
SP067A	NO : 335		AGTCGGATCCTATCACAGGATCGAACGGTAAGACAACC	Bam HI
SP067B	NO : 336		ACTGGTCGACTCTTTAACTCCGCTACTGTGTC	Sal I

Table 3  
*S. pneumoniae* ORF Cloning Primers

Primer	Sequence	RE	
Name	SEQ ID		
SP068A	NO:337	CAGTGGATCCAAGATTCACTCGAAGATGGTTGGGAAGTCC	Bam HI
SP068B	NO:338	GATCGTCGACCCGCTCCCACATGCTCAACCTT	Sal I
SP069A	NO:339	TGACGGATCCATCGCTAGCTAGTGAATGCAAGAAAG	Bam HI
SP069B	NO:340	TGACAAGCTTATTCTGTTTGAACTAGTTGCTTCTGT	Hind III
SP070A	NO:341	GAATGGATCCCGACCAAGATGGGGACAAGGTTCAAGGG	Bam HI
SP070B	NO:342	TGACAAGCTTAACCTGTAACGAACAGTTCAATCTG	Hind III
SP071A	NO:343	GACTAGATCTTTAACCCAACGTGTTGACTTTCC	Bgl II
SP071B	NO:344	TGACAAGCTTGTAGGTGTTACATTGACCGTC	Hind III
SP072A	NO:345	ACTGAGATCTTTAACCCAACGTGTTGACTTT	Bgl II
SP072B	NO:346	GAATTAAGCTTCTACGATAACGATCATTCTTCTTAC	Hind III
SP073A	NO:347	GAATGTCGACTCGTAGATATTAAAGCTAAAGTGAAGCG	Sal I
SP073B	NO:348	AGTCAAGCTTGTAGGTGTTACATTGCAAGTC	Hind III
SP074A	NO:349	GAATGGATCCCTTGGTTTGAAAGGAAGTAAG	Bam HI
SP074B	NO:350	TGACCTGCAGACGATTTGAAAAATGGAGGTGTATC	Pst I
SP075A	NO:351	CAGTGGATCCCTACTACCTCTCGAGAGAAAG	Bam HI
SP075B	NO:352	ACTGAAGCTTTCGCTTTACTCGTTGACA	Hind III
SP076A	NO:353	CAGTGGATCCTAAGGTCAAAAGTCAGACCGCTAAGAAAGTGC	Bam HI
SP076B	NO:354	CAGTAAGCTTGTAGGGTATCCAATACTGGTTGTTGATG	Hind III
SP077A	NO:355	TGACAGATCTTGACGGGCTCAGGATCAGACTCAGG	Bgl II
SP077B	NO:356	TGACAAGCTTCAAAGACATCCACCTCTGACCTTTG	Hind III
SP078A	NO:357	GAATGGATCCTAGAGGCTTGCCAAATGGTGGGAAGGG	Bam HI
SP078B	NO:358	GTCAGTCGACTTGTGTAACACTTTGAGGTTGGTACC	Sal I
SP079A	NO:359	CAGTGGATCCTCAAAAAGAGAAGGAAACTTCC	Bam HI
SP079B	NO:360	CAGTGTGCAGTTCTTCAACAAACCTTGTCTTG	Pst I
SP080A	NO:361	GAATGGATCCACGTTCTATTGAGGACCACTT	Bam HI
SP080B	NO:362	CAGTAAGCTTTCCTTCTCAGTCATTCTTCC	Hind III
SP081A	NO:363	GAATGGATCCCGCTCAAAATACCAGAGGTGTCAAG	Bam HI
SP081B	NO:364	GAATTAAGCTTAGCATGGGTGTACAGGTTGAA	Hind III
SP082A	NO:365	CTGAGGATCCAATTGTACAATTAGAAAAAGATAGC	Bam HI
SP082B	NO:366	TGACAAGCTTGTGACTAGTTCTGCAATGCC	Hind III
SP083A	NO:367	GAATGGATCCCTCTGACCAAGCAAAAGAACGACTCAATGA	Bam HI
SP083B	NO:368	TCAGCAGCTGATCATTGACTTACGATTGCTCC	Bgl II
SP084A	NO:369	GAATGGATCCCGTCCGGCTCTGTCCAGTCCACTTTTCAGCG	Bam HI
SP084B	NO:370	TCAGAAGCTTATTCTTGTCTTCTTAAATGCGTT	Hind III
SP085A	NO:371	GAATGGATCCGGGACAAATTCAAAAAATAGGCAAGAGG	Bam HI
SP085B	NO:372	GTCAAAGCTTGGCTCTTGATTGCCAACACTG	Hind III
SP086A	NO:373	GAATGGATCCTCGCTACCAGCAACAAAGCGACCAAAAGG	Bam HI
SP086B	NO:374	GAATTAAGCTTACTTTCTTTCCACACGA	Hind III
SP087A	NO:375	CAGTGGATCCGAACCGACAAGTCGCCACTATCAAGACT	Bam HI
SP087B	NO:376	CTGAAAGCTTGAATTCTCTTCTTCTCAGGCT	Hind III
SP088A	NO:377	TCGAGGATCCGGTTGTGGCTGGCAATATATCCCGT	Bam HI
SP088B	NO:378	CAGTAAGCTTCCGAACCCATTGCCATTATAGTTGAC	Hind III
SP089A	NO:379	AGTCGGATCCGGCAAATCAGAATGGGTAGAAC	Bam HI
SP089B	NO:380	TGACCTGCAGCTCTCATGATTTCATCATCAC	Pst I
SP090A	NO:381	GAATGGATCCATTGAGATGATTCTGAAGGATGG	Bam HI
SP090B	NO:382	TCAGCTGCAGCTTAACCCATTGCCATTAGTTAAG	Pst I
SP091A	NO:383	GAATGGATCCTGTGCTGCAAATGAAACTGAAGTAGC	Bam HI
SP091B	NO:384	GAATTAAGCTTACCAACGCTGACATCTACCGC	Hind III
SP092A	NO:385	AGTCAGATCTTACGTCTAGCCTACTTTGTAAGAGC	Bgl II
SP092B	NO:386	GAATTAAGCTTACCCATTGCCATTAGGCAATGAC	Hind III
SP093A	NO:387	CAGTGGATCCTGGACAGGGTAAAGGTCAATGCTACATTG	Bam HI
SP093B	NO:388	GAATTAAGCTTCAACCAATTGAGACCTTGCACAC	Hind III
SP094A	NO:389	GTCAGGATCCGATTGCTCTTGAAGGATTGAGAGAAAC	Bam HI
SP094B	NO:390	GAATTAAGCTTGTGATCAAAGATAAGATAATATATAAAGT	Hind III
SP095A	NO:391	GAATGGATCCTAGGTCAATGGGACTTTCTACAACAAAATAGG	Bam HI

Table 3  
*S. pneumoniae* ORF Cloning Primers

Primer	Name	SEQ ID	Sequence	RE
SP095B	NO: 392		TGACAAGCTTATCTATCAGCTCATTAATCGTTTTG	Hind III
SP096A	NO: 393		CTGAGGATCCAACGTTGAGAATTATTGCGAATG	Bam HI
SP096B	NO: 394		TGACAAGCTTGTAGTCTACAAAAGTAATGTAC	Hind III
SP097A	NO: 395		GTCAGGATCCCTACTATCAATCAAGTTCTCAGCC	Bam HI
SP097B	NO: 396		TGACAAGCTTGTAGTGAGGCTTGGACCAGATTGAAAAG	Hind III
SP098A	NO: 397		GACTGGATCCGACAAAACATTAAACGTCCTGAGG	Bam HI
SP098B	NO: 398		GACTAAGCTTAGCACGAACGTGACGCTGGTCC	Hind III
SP099A	NO: 399		GACTGGATCCCTCTCAGGAGACCTTTAAAAATATC	Bam HI
SP099B	NO: 400		GACTAAGCTTGTGGCCATCTTGTACATACC	Hind III
SP100A	NO: 401		GACTGGATCCAGTAAATGCGCAATCAAATTC	Bam HI
SP100B	NO: 402		AGTCTGCAAGTATTAGCCAAATAATCTATAAAAGCT	Pst I
SP101A	NO: 403		CAGTGGATCCCTAACCGCGTTGATCAAGATGTC	Bam HI
SP101B	NO: 404		GACTAAGCTTGCAGATGTTGAAAAGAGAGTG	Hind III
SP102A	NO: 405		GACTGGATCCGTGGATGGGCTTAACATATCTCGTATTG	Bam HI
SP102B	NO: 406		AGTCAAGCTTGTCTAGTCTTCACTTCCCTTCC	Hind III
SP103A	NO: 407		GACTGTGCAACTAAACCAGCATCGTCGCAGGA	Sal I
SP103B	NO: 408		CTGACTGCAGCTTCTTGAAGAAAATAATGATTGTGG	Pst I
SP105A	NO: 409		CAGTGGATCCTGACTACCTTGAAATCCCACCT	Bam HI
SP105B	NO: 410		CAGTAAGCTTTTTTAAGGTTGAGAATGATTCAATC	Hind III
SP106A	NO: 411		CAGTGTGCACTCGTATCTTTGGAGCAATGTT	Sal I
SP106B	NO: 412		GACTAAGCTTAAATGTTCGATACGGGTGATTG	Hind III
SP107A	NO: 413		CAGTGGATCCGGACTCTCTCAAAGATGTGAAAG	Bam HI
SP107B	NO: 414		GACTAAGCTTCTGAGTTGTCAAGGATTGCTT	Hind III
SP108A	NO: 415		CAGTGGATCCAAGAAATCCTATCATCTTCCAGAAG	Bam HI
SP108B	NO: 416		GACTAAGCTTTTCAGAACTAAAAGCCGCAGCTT	Hind III
SP109A	NO: 417		GACTGGATCCACGAAATGCAGGGCAGACAG	Bam HI
SP109B	NO: 418		CAGTAAGCTTATCAACATAATCTAGTAAATAAGCGT	Hind III
SP110A	NO: 419		CAGTGGATCCTGTATAGTTTTAGCGCTGTTCTC	Bam HI
SP110B	NO: 420		GTCAAAGCTTGTATAGAGTGTCAATAATCTTCTT	Hind III
SP111A	NO: 421		GACTGGATCCGTGTGAGCATATTCTGAAG	Bam HI
SP111B	NO: 422		CAGTAAGCTTACTTTACCATTCTTGTCTGCATC	Hind III
SP112A	NO: 423		GACTGTGACGTGTTGGATAGCATTAGAATCAGACG	Sal I
SP112B	NO: 424		CAGTAAGCTTCGGAAGTAAAGACAATTTC	Hind III
SP113A	NO: 425		CAGTGGATCCGTGCCTAGATAGTATTATTACTCAAAC	Bam HI
SP113B	NO: 426		GACTAAGCTTTTGCTTATTCTCTCAATTTC	Hind III
SP114A	NO: 427		CAGTGGATCCCATTAGAAGCAGACCTATCAAATC	Bam HI
SP114B	NO: 428		ACTGAAGCTTATGTAATTAGTTAGATTTC	Hind III
SP115A	NO: 429		AGTCGGATCTAAGGCTGATAATCGTGTCAAATG	Bam HI
SP115B	NO: 430		GACTAAGCTTAAATTAGATAGACGTTGAGT	Hind III
SP117A	NO: 431		AGTCGGATCCCTGTGGCAATCAGTCAGCTGTTCC	Bam HI
SP117B	NO: 432		GACTGTGACCTTAATCTTGTCCAGGTGTTAATTG	Sal I
SP118A	NO: 433		ACTGGTCGACTTGTCAACAAACATGCTACTTCTGAG	Sal I
SP118B	NO: 434		GACTCTGCAAGTTAACCACTTATCATTATCC	Pst I
SP119A	NO: 435		ACTGGGATCCTGTTCAAGGCAAGTCCGTGACTAGTGAAC	Bam HI
SP119B	NO: 436		GACTAAGCTTGGCTAATTCTCAAAGTTGCA	Hind III
SP120A	NO: 437		AGTCGGATCCCTCGAAATTGAAAAGCCGGCAGTTAGCC	Bam HI
SP120B	NO: 438		GACTAAGCTTGTAAATAAGCGTACCTTTCTC	Hind III
SP121A	NO: 439		TCAGGGATCCTGTCAGTCAGGTTCTAATGGTTCTCAG	Bam HI
SP121B	NO: 440		AGTCAAGCTTGGCATTGGCGTCGCCGTCTC	Hind III
SP122A	NO: 441		GACTGGATCCGAAACTTCACAGGATTAAAGAGAAG	Bam HI
SP122B	NO: 442		GACTGTGACAACTCAATCCTTCTGCACTTCT	Sal I
SP123A	NO: 443		CAGTGGATCCTGTGGCTGAAGTTGAGACTCCTCAATC	Bam HI
SP123B	NO: 444		GACTAAGCTTTCTCAAATTATTATCAGC	Hind III
SP124A	NO: 445		AGTCGGATCCAACACCTGTATATAAAGTTACAGCAATCG	Bam HI
SP124B	NO: 446		GACTGTGACACTTGACCGAATGCGTCGAATGTACG	Sal I

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Table 3  
*S. pneumoniae* ORF Cloning Primers

Primer	Name	SEQ ID	Sequence	RE
SP125A	NO: 447		CTGAGGATCCATTAGACAGATTAATTGAAATCGG	Bam HI
SP125B	NO: 448		GACTGTCGACTTAAAGATTGAAGTTTAAAGCT	Sal I
SP126A	NO: 449		TGACGGATCCTAACAGACAGATGAACGGAGCAAGGTG	Bam HI
SP126B	NO: 450		CTGAAAGCTTAAAGGCTTCTCAATGAGTTGTCT	Hind III
SP127A	NO: 451		GACTGGATCCCTGTGAGAATCAAGCTACACCCA	Bam HI
SP127B	NO: 452		CTGAAAGCTTGTAACTGAGATTGATCTGGGAG	Hind III

## INDICATIONS RELATING TO A DEPOSITED MICROORGANISM

(PCT Rule 13bis)

A. The indications made below relate to the microorganism referred to in the description  
on page 9 line 12

## B. IDENTIFICATION OF DEPOSIT

Further deposits are identified on an additional sheet 

Name of depositary institution

American Type Culture Collection

Address of depositary institution (including postal code and country)

12301 Parklawn Drive  
Rockville, Maryland 20852  
United States of America

Date of deposit October 10, 1996

Accession Number

55840

## C. ADDITIONAL INDICATIONS (leave blank if not applicable)

This information is continued on an additional sheet 

In respect of those designations in which a European Patent is sought a sample of the deposited microorganism will be made available until the publication the mention of the grant of the European patent or until the date on which application has been refused or withdrawn or is deemed to be withdrawn, only by the issue of such a sample to an expert nominated by the person requesting the sample (Rule 28(4) EPC).

## D. DESIGNATED STATES FOR WHICH INDICATIONS ARE MADE (if the indications are not for all designated States)

## E. SEPARATE FURNISHING OF INDICATIONS (leave blank if not applicable)

The indications listed below will be submitted to the International Bureau later (specify the general nature of the indications e.g. "Accession Number of Deposit")

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**SINGAPORE**

The applicant hereby requests that the furnishing of a sample of a microorganism shall only be made available to an expert. The request to this effect must be filed by the applicant with the International Bureau before the completion of the technical preparations for international publication of the application.

**NORWAY**

The applicant hereby requests that, until the application has been laid open to public inspection (by the Norwegian Patent Office), or has been finally decided upon by the Norwegian Patent Office without having been laid open to public inspection, the furnishing of a sample shall only be effected to an expert in the art. The request to this effect shall be filed by the applicant with the Norwegian Patent Office not later than at the time when the application is made available to the public under Sections 22 and 33(3) of the Norwegian Patents Act. If such a request has been filed by the applicant, any request made by a third party for the furnishing of a sample shall indicate the expert to be used. That expert may be any person entered on a list of recognized experts drawn up by the Norwegian Patent Office or any person approved by the applicant in the individual case.

**AUSTRALIA**

The applicant hereby gives notice that the furnishing of a sample of a microorganism shall only be effected prior to the grant of a patent, or prior to the lapsing, refusal or withdrawal of the application, to a person who is a skilled addressee without an interest in the invention (Regulation 3.25(3) of the Australian Patents Regulations).

**FINLAND**

The applicant hereby requests that, until the application has been laid open to public inspection (by the National Board of Patents and Registration), or has been finally decided upon by the National Board of Patents and Registration without having been laid open to public inspection, the furnishing of a sample shall only be effected to an expert in the art.

**ICELAND**

The applicant hereby requests that, until the application has been laid open to public inspection (by the Icelandic Patent Office), or has been finally decided upon by the Icelandic Patent Office without having been laid open to public inspection, the furnishing of a sample shall only be effected in the art.

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## DENMARK

The applicant hereby requests that, until the application has been laid open to public inspection (by the Danish Patent Office), or has been finally decided upon by the Danish Patent Office without having been laid open to public inspection, the furnishing of a sample shall only be effected to an expert in the art. The request to this effect shall be filed by the applicant with the Danish Patent Office not later than at the time when the application is made available to the public under Sections 22 and 33(3) of the Danish Patents Act. If such a request has been filed by the applicant, any request made by a third party for the furnishing of a sample shall indicate the expert to be used. That expert may be any person entered on a list of recognized experts drawn up by the Danish Patent Office or any person approved by the applicant in the individual case.

## SWEDEN

The applicant hereby requests that, until the application has been laid open to public inspection (by the Swedish Patent Office), or has been finally decided upon by the Swedish Patent Office without having been laid open to public inspection, the furnishing of a sample shall only be effected to an expert in the art. The request to this effect shall be filed by the applicant with the International Bureau before the expiration of 16 months from the priority date (preferably on the Form PUT/RO/134 reproduced in annex Z of Volume I of the PCT Applicant's Guide). If such a request has been filed by the applicant, any request has been filed by the applicant, any request made by a third party for the furnishing of a sample shall indicate the expert to be used. That expert may be any person entered on a list of recognized experts drawn up by the Swedish Patent Office or any person approved by the applicant in the individual case.

## UNITED KINGDOM

The applicant hereby requests that the furnishing of a sample of a microorganism shall only be made available to an expert. The request to this effect must be filed by the applicant with the International Bureau before the completion of the technical preparations for the International publication of the application.

## NETHERLANDS

The applicant hereby requests that until the date of a grant of a Netherlands patent or until the date on which the application is refused or withdrawn or lapse, the microorganism shall be made available as provided in Rule 31F(1) of the Patent Rules only by the issue of a sample to an expert. The request to this effect must be furnished by the applicant with the Netherlands Industrial Property Office before the date on which the application is made available to the public under Section 22C or Section 25 of the Patents Act of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, whichever two dates occurs earlier.

**What Is Claimed Is:**

1. An isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence at least 95% identical to a sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) a nucleotide sequence encoding any of the amino acid sequences of the polypeptides shown in Table 1; or

(b) a nucleotide sequence complementary to any of the nucleotide sequences in (a).

2. An isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a polynucleotide which hybridizes under stringent hybridization conditions to a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence identical to a nucleotide sequence in (a) or (b) of claim 1 wherein said polynucleotide which hybridizes does not hybridize under stringent hybridization conditions to a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence consisting of only A residues or of only T residues.

3. An isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a polynucleotide which encodes the amino acid sequence of an epitope-bearing portion of a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence in (a) of claim 1.

4. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 3, wherein said epitope-bearing portion of a polypeptide has an amino acid sequence listed in Table 2.

5. A method for making a recombinant vector comprising inserting an isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 into a vector.

6. A recombinant vector produced by the method of claim 5.

7. A method of making a recombinant host cell comprising introducing the recombinant vector of claim 6 into a host cell.

8. A recombinant host cell produced by the method of claim 7.

9. A method of producing a polypeptide encoded by the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 comprising culturing the host cell of claim 8 under conditions favoring expressing the heterologous polypeptide.

10. A polypeptide produced according to the method of claim 9.

5 11. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence at least 70% identical to a sequence selected from the group consisting of an amino acid sequence of any of the polypeptides described in Table 1.

10 12. An isolated polypeptide antigen comprising an amino acid sequence of an *S. pneumoniae* epitope shown in Table 2.

15 13. An isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a polynucleotide with a nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide of claim 9.

14. An isolated antibody that binds specifically to a polypeptide of claim 11.

15. A hybridoma which produces an antibody according to claim 14.

20 16. A vaccine, comprising:

(1) one of more *S. pneumoniae* polypeptides selected from the group consisting of a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence identified in Table 1, or a fragment thereof; and

(2) a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent, carrier, or excipient; wherein said polypeptide is present, in an amount effective to elicit protective antibodies in an animal to a member of the *Streptococcus* genus.

25 30 17. A method of preventing or attenuating an infection caused by a member of the *Streptococcus* genus in an animal, comprising administering to said animal a polypeptide of claim 11, wherein said polypeptide is administered in an amount effective to prevent or attenuate said infection.

35 18. A method of detecting *Streptococcus* nucleic acids in a biological sample obtained from an animal involving assaying for one or more nucleic acid sequences encoding *Streptococcus* polypeptides in a sample comprising:

(a) contacting the sample with one or more of the above-described nucleic acid probes, under conditions such that hybridization occurs, and

(b) detecting hybridization of said one or more probes to the one or more *Streptococcus* nucleic acid sequences present in the biological sample.

19. A method of detecting *Streptococcus* nucleic acids in a biological sample obtained from an animal, comprising:

5 (a) amplifying one or more *Streptococcus* nucleic acid sequences in said sample using polymerase chain reaction, and  
(b) detecting said amplified *Streptococcus* nucleic acid.

20. A kit for detecting *Streptococcus* antibodies in a biological sample obtained from an animal, comprising

10 (a) a polypeptide of claim 12 attached to a solid support; and  
(b) detecting means.

21. A method of detecting *Streptococcus* antibodies in a biological sample obtained from an animal, comprising

15 (a) contacting the sample with a polypeptide of claim 12; and  
(b) detecting antibody-antigen complexes.



## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification <sup>6</sup> : <b>C12N 15/31, 5/18, 1/21, C07K 14/315, C12Q 1/68, A61K 39/09, G01N 33/569, 33/68</b>		A3	(11) International Publication Number: <b>WO 98/18930</b>
			(43) International Publication Date: <b>7 May 1998 (07.05.98)</b>
(21) International Application Number: <b>PCT/US97/19422</b>		(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).	
(22) International Filing Date: <b>30 October 1997 (30.10.97)</b>			
(30) Priority Data: <b>60/029,960 31 October 1996 (31.10.96) US</b>			
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<p><b>(54) Title:</b> <i>STREPTOCOCCUS PNEUMONIAE ANTIGENS AND VACCINES</i></p> <p><b>(57) Abstract</b></p> <p>The present invention relates to novel vaccines for the prevention or attenuation of infection by <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>. The invention further relates to isolated nucleic acid molecules encoding antigenic polypeptides of <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>. Antigenic polypeptides are also provided, as are vectors, host cells and recombinant methods for producing the same. The invention additionally relates to diagnostic methods for detecting <i>Streptococcus</i> nucleic acids, polypeptides and antibodies in a biological sample.</p>			

**Published***With international search report.**Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.***(88) Date of publication of the international search report:****8 October 1998 (08.10.98)**

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BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MX	Mexico	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	NE	Niger	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NL	Netherlands	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NO	Norway	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NZ	New Zealand	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CM	Cameroon	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CN	China	KZ	Kazakhstan	RO	Romania		
CU	Cuba	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
CZ	Czech Republic	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DE	Germany	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
DK	Denmark	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		
EE	Estonia						

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Intern. Appl. No.  
PCT/US 97/19422

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 6 C12N15/31 C12N5/18 C12N1/21 C07K14/315 C12Q1/68  
A61K39/09 G01N33/569 G01N33/68

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)  
IPC 6 C12N C07K C12Q A61K G01N

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages.	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 95 06732 A (UNIV ROCKEFELLER ;MASURE H ROBERT (US); PEARCE BARBARA J (US); TUO) 9 March 1995 SEQ ID nos. 3 and 4 see claims 1-52 ---	1-21
X	C. MARTIN ET AL.: "Relateness of penicillin-binding protein 1a genes from different clones of penicillin-resistant <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> isolated in South Africa and Spain" EMBO J., vol. 11, no. 11, November 1992, OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS,GB;, pages 3831-3836, XP002060148 see the whole document ---	1-15

Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

Patent family members are listed in annex.

### Special categories of cited documents:

- "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- "&" document member of the same patent family

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Date of the actual completion of the international search

6 May 1998

Date of mailing of the international search report

18. 08. 1998

### Name and mailing address of the ISA

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HORNIG H.

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internat'l Application No  
PCT/US 97/19422

## C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 96 16082 A (ASTRA AB ;BALGANESH TANJORE SOUNDARARAJA (IN); TOWN CHRISTINE MARY) 30 May 1996 SEQ ID nos. 5 and 6 see claims 1-26 ---	1-15
A	WO 95 31548 A (UAB RESEARCH FOUNDATION ;YOTHER JANET (US); DILLARD JOSEPH P (US)) 23 November 1995 see the whole document ---	1-21
A	WO 95 14712 A (RES CORP TECHNOLOGIES INC) 1 June 1995 see the whole document ---	1-21
A	WO 96 05859 A (AMERICAN CYANAMID CO) 29 February 1996 see abstract ---	1-21
A	WO 93 10238 A (US HEALTH) 27 May 1993 see the whole document ---	1-21
A	EP 0 687 688 A (UNIV OVIEDO ;UNIV LEICESTER (GB)) 20 December 1995 see abstract ---	1-21
A	EP 0 622 081 A (UAB RESEARCH FOUNDATION) 2 November 1994 see the whole document ---	1-21
A	B.J. PEARCE ET AL.: "Genetic identification of exported proteins in <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> " MOLECULAR MICROBIOL., vol. 9, no. 5, 1993, BLACKWELL, OXFORD, GB, pages 1037-1050, XP002060149 see the whole document -----	1-21

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US 97/19422

### Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1.  Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:

Remark: Although claim 17 is directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.

2.  Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:

3.  Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

### Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

see continuation-sheet

1.  As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2.  As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3.  As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4.  No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

1-21 partially (subject 1. on continuation-sheet)

Remark on Protest

The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.

No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

1. Claims: (1-21) partially

An isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence at least 95% identical to a sequence from the group consisting of: (a) a nucleotide sequence SEQ ID no.1 encoding the the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide SEQ ID no.2 shown in Table 1; or (b) a nucleotide sequence complementary to said nucleotide sequence in (a); an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a polynucleotide which hybridizes under stringent conditions to a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence identical to a nucleotide sequence in (a) or (b), wherein said polynucleotide which hybridizes does not hybridize under stringent hybridization conditions to a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence consisting of only A or of only T residues; an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising a polynucleotide which encodes the amino acid sequence or an epitope-bearing portion of a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID no.2 in (a); said epitope-bearing portion of a said polypeptide has an amino acid sequence listed in Table 2; a method of making a vector using said isolated nucleic acid molecule; said recombinant vector; a method of making a recombinant host cell using said vector; said recombinant host cell; a method of producing said polypeptide; said polypeptide; an isolated antibody that binds to said polypeptide; a hybridoma which produces said antibody; a vaccine comprising said polypeptide selected from SEQ ID no.2 in Table 1, or a fragment thereof; a method of preventing or attenuating an infection caused by a member of Streptococcus genus in animal using said polypeptide; a method for detecting Streptococcus nucleic acid sequences using the above-described nucleic acid probe; a kit for detecting Streptococcus antibodies in a biological sample using said polypeptide sequence;

2-113. Claims: (1-21) partially

-Idem as subject 1 but limited to the sequences having SEQ ID nos. 3 to 226. (Invention 2 is limited to SEQ ID nos. 3 and 4; Invention 3 is limited to SEQ ID nos. 5 and 6; .... Invention 113 is limited to SEQ ID nos. 225 and 226).

For the sake of conciseness, the first group is explicitly defined, the other groups are defined by analogy hereto.

**INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT**

Information on patent family members

Internat'l Application No

PCT/US 97/19422

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 9506732 A	09-03-95	AU 7680994 A CA 2170726 A EP 0721506 A FI 960977 A JP 9504686 T NO 960839 A	22-03-95 09-03-95 17-07-96 30-04-96 13-05-97 19-04-96
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EP 0622081 A	02-11-94	AU 682018 B AU 5769694 A CA 2116261 A	18-09-97 27-10-94 21-10-94

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

Internat'l Application No

PCT/US 97/19422

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
EP 0622081 A		FI 941695 A JP 7126291 A NO 941420 A US 5679768 A ZA 9401584 A	21-10-94 16-05-95 21-10-94 21-10-97 12-10-94